CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES NINETEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 4339

BY REPRESENTATIVES SALCEDA, SUANSING (M.A.), VILLAFUERTE (L.R.), VILLAFUERTE (M.L.), HORIBATA, ENCISO, COLADA, TY, HARESCO, LAGON (S.). BRIONES, RECTO. DIONISIO. SUANSING (H.), LUISTRO, DAGOOC, MARIÑO, PALMA, AMATONG, ORDANES, CAGAS, VERGARA, ATAYDE, BASCUG, BARZAGA, TEVES (J.), RODRIGUEZ (R.), SUAN, DELOS SANTOS, REYES, TAMBUNTING, FUENTEBELLA, QUIMBO, KHO (R.), ZAMORA (M.C.), PADIERNOS, MAGSINO, ROBES, ALVAREZ (J.), GUTIERREZ, YAP (ERIC), SINGSON-MEEHAN, SALO, SORIANO, GORRICETA, RILLO, PUMAREN, CUARESMA, SALIMBANGON, TARRIELA, CUA, CAOAGDAN, NOEL, DEFENSOR, LACSON-NOEL, DALIPE, MARCOS, PRIMICIAS-AGABAS, BOLILIA, ACIDRE, GONZALEZ (S.), BARONDA, SUAREZ, ALBANO, NOLASCO, GARIN, GONZALES (N.), ABANTE, VELOSO-TUAZON, OAMINAL, COJUANGCO (J.), GOMEZ, BONGALON, DY (F.), ORTEGA, ADIONG, ADVINCULA, KHONGHUN, PANALIGAN, SANTOS, TEODORO, NOGRALES (M.I.), REVILLA (B.), TOLENTINO, ZAMORA (Y.M.), DOMINGO, GULLAS, DIONISIO, ARBISON, VARGAS, ROQUE, ZAMORA (A.M.), ESCUDERO, TAN (K.M.), ACHARON, FORTES, SAULOG, YU (J.V.), LIBANAN, DAZA, HERRERA, DE JESUS, HATAMAN, TAN (S.J.), ONGCHUAN, ABALOS, TAN (R.M.), BORDADO, ROMUALDO, TAN-TAMBUT, DALIPE AND ROMUALDEZ (F.M.), PER COMMITTEE REPORT No. 27

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 6, 22, 24, 25, 27, 28, 32, 34, 37, 38, 39, 42, 51, 52, 54, 56, 57, 73, 108, 109, 112, 121, 122, 123, 127, 149, 174, 176, 179, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 190, 195, 198, 199, 204, 222, 237, 237-A, 255, 256, 257, 258, 261, 263, 264, 266, 275; INSERTING NEW SECTION 270-A; AND REPEALING SECTIONS 175, 177, 178, 180, 188, 192, AND 193; ALL UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8424, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1997, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SEC. 1. Declaration of Policy. – The financial sector plays a significant role in the long-term growth of the national economy. A key policy consideration is to allow the capital market to develop as efficiently as possible, with the least intervention. The optimal taxation of capital markets, and the products and transactions that come with them, is an essential element in developing the capital market. Towards this end, the State recognizes the necessity of a simpler, fairer, more efficient, and more regionally competitive tax system for passive income and financial intermediation to encourage savings, develop, as well as deepen the capital markets.

In the same vein, the State recognizes tax administration as a driver of economic growth, and the equitable taxation of similar products an essential aspect of the progressivity of taxation. By making tax compliance easier and more equitable, progressivity is ensured, the tax effort is improved, discretion is eliminated, and thus trust in the taxation system is built and enhanced. Accordingly, the State adopts the following policies:

- (a) The State shall promote and develop a tax system that provides neutrality in the tax treatment across financial institutions and financial instruments.
- (b) The State shall endeavor to simplify an otherwise complex tax system for easy compliance.
- (c) The State shall ensure that the taxation of passive income and financial transactions is equitable across all stakeholders and discourages arbitrage opportunities.
- (d) The State shall promote capital market development and tax competitiveness within the context of globalization, increased capital mobility, and financial inclusion.
- (e) The State shall endeavor to reform tax administration to improve its efficiency and effectiveness and encourage proper and easy compliance by adopting international best practices in taxation, modernizing processes, and correcting revenue eroding provisions in the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended.
- SEC. 2. Section 6 of the NIRC, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:
- "SEC. 6. Power of the Commissioner to Make Assessments and Prescribe Additional Requirements for Tax Administration and Enforcement. –

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"(A) x x x

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"x x x

"(F) Authority of the Commissioner to Inquire into AND RECEIVE INFORMATION ON [Bank Deposit Accounts] FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS [and Other Related Information] Held by Financial Institutions. — Notwithstanding any contrary provision of Republic Act No. 1405, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'BANK SECRECY LAW', Republic Act No. 6426, otherwise known as the 'Foreign Currency Deposit Act of the Philippines', and other general or special laws, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to inquire into AND RECEIVE INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS INCLUDING [the] bank deposits [and other related information] held by financial institutions of:

"(1) x x x

"x x x

"(3) A specific taxpayer or taxpayers, UPON AN OBLIGATION TO EXCHANGE TAX INFORMATION WITH A FOREIGN TAX AUTHORITY, WHETHER ON REQUEST OR AUTOMATIC, [subject of a request for the supply of tax information from a foreign tax authority] pursuant to an international convention or agreement on tax matters to which the Philippines is a signatory or a party of: *Provided*, That the information obtained from [the banks and other] financial institutions may be used by the Bureau of Internal Revenue for tax assessment, verification, audit and enforcement purposes.

"[In case of request from a foreign tax authority for tax information held by banks and financial institutions, the] THE exchange of information WITH A FOREIGN TAX AUTHORITY, WHETHER DONE AUTOMATICALLY OR ON THE BASIS OF A REQUEST, shall be done in a secure manner to ensure confidentiality thereof under such rules and regulations [as may be] promulgated by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation of the Commissioner.

"IN CASE THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION IS UPON REQUEST FROM A FOREIGN TAX AUTHORITY, the Commissioner shall provide the tax information obtained from [banks and] financial institutions pursuant to a convention or agreement [upon request of the foreign tax authority when such requesting foreign tax authority has provided] AND UPON PROVISION BY SUCH FOREIGN TAX AUTHORITY OF the following information to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:

1 "(a) x x x; 2 "(b) x x x; 3 "(c) x x x; 4 "(d) x x x; 5 "(e) x x x; 6 "(f) x x x; 7 "(g) x x x.

"The Commissioner shall forward the information as promptly as possible to the requesting foreign tax authority. To ensure a prompt response, the Commissioner shall confirm receipt of a request in writing to the requesting tax authority and shall notify the latter of deficiencies in the request, if any, within sixty (60) days from the receipt of the request.

"If the Commissioner is unable to obtain and provide the information within ninety (90) days from the receipt of the request, due to obstacles encountered in furnishing the information or when the [bank or] financial institution refuses to furnish the information, [he] THE COMMISSIONER shall immediately inform the requesting tax authority of the same, explaining the nature of the obstacles encountered or the reasons of refusal.

"IN CASE OF AUTOMATIC EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION, EVERY REPORTING FINANCIAL INSTITUTION SHALL IDENTIFY REPORTABLE FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS, ESTABLISH, MAINTAIN AND DOCUMENT THE PROCEDURES IT UTILIZED TO IDENTIFY THE SAME, KEEP RECORDS OF THE STEPS UNDERTAKEN AND ANY EVIDENCE RELIED UPON FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF THE DUE DILIGENCE PROCEDURES, PURSUANT TO THE RULES AND REGULATIONS PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER, AND IN LINE WITH THE 'COMMON REPORTING STANDARD' AND ITS COMMENTARY PUBLISHED BY THE ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT ON 15 JULY 2014, AS AMENDED.

"ALL RECORDS REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION OR ITS RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL BE RETAINED AND SAFELY STORED BY REPORTING FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS FOR TEN (10) YEARS FROM THE END OF THE YEAR FOLLOWING THE CALENDAR YEAR TO WHICH THE RECORDS RELATE.

1	FOR THIS PURPOSE, AUTOMATIC EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION
2	SHALL REFER TO THE SYSTEMATIC AND PERIODIC TRANSMISSION OF
3	INFORMATION CONCERNING VARIOUS CATEGORIES OF INCOME OF
4	NONRESIDENT TAXPAYERS TO THEIR COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE.
5	"The term 'foreign tax authority', as used herein, shall refer to the [tax]
6	COMPETENT authority [or tax administration] of the requesting State under the
7	tax treaty or convention to which the Philippines is a signatory or a party of.
8	"(4) ANY TAXPAYER UPON ORDER OF ANY COMPETENT COURT IN
9	CASES INVOLVING OFFENSES COVERED UNDER SECTION 254 OF THIS ACT,
10	AS AMENDED, SUBJECT TO RULES AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY THE
11	SECRETARY OF FINANCE UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE
12	COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.
13	"x x x."
14	SEC. 3. Section 22 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
15	hereby further amended to read as follows:
16	"SEC. 22. Definitions. – When used in this Title:
17	"(A) x x x
18	"xxx
19	"(E) The term 'non-resident citizen' means:
20	"(1) x x x
21	"x x x
22	"(3) A citizen of the Philippines who works and derives income from
23	abroad and whose employment thereat requires [him to be] BEING physically
24	present abroad [most of the time] FOR ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE (183)
25	DAYS OR MORE during the taxable year.
26	"(4) A citizen who has been previously considered as A nonresident citizen
27	and who arrives in the Philippines at any time during the taxable year to reside
28	permanently in the Philippines shall likewise be treated as a nonresident citizen
29	for [the taxable] SUCH year [in which he arrives] OF ARRIVAL in the Philippines
30	with respect to [his] income derived from sources abroad [until the date of his
31	arrival in the Philippines].
32	[(5)] A [The] taxpayer shall submit proof to the Commissioner to show
33	[his] THE intention of leaving the Philippines to reside permanently abroad or

to return to and reside in the Philippines, as the case may be for purposes of this Section.

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 "(L) The term 'shares of stock' shall [include] REFER TO shares of stock of a corporation, warrants and/or options [to purchase shares of stock], WHETHER TO BUY OR SELL SECURITIES, AND FUTURES CONTRACTS, LISTED AND TRADED IN AN EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE, as well as units of participation in a partnership (except general professional partnerships), joint stock companies, joint accounts, COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES, joint ventures taxable as corporations, associations, and recreation or amusement clubs (such as golf, polo or similar clubs), and mutual fund certificates.

"(M) The term 'shareholder' shall [include] REFER TO holders of a share/s of stock, warrant/s and/or option/s [to purchase shares of stock of a corporation], WHETHER TO BUY OR SELL SECURITIES AND FUTURES CONTRACTS, LISTED AND TRADED IN AN EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE, as well as a holder of a unit of participation in a partnership (except general professional partnerships), in a joint stock company, a joint account, A COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME, a taxable joint venture, a member of an association, recreation or amusement club [(]such as golf, polo, or similar clubs[)], and a holder of a mutual fund certificate, a member in an association, joint-stock company, or insurance company.

"x x x

"(T) The term 'securities' [means shares of stock in a corporation and rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares. The term includes bonds, debentures, notes or certificates, or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation, including those issued by a government or political subdivision thereof, with interest coupons or in registered form.] SHALL REFER TO SHARES, PARTICIPATION OR INTERESTS IN A CORPORATION OR IN A COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISE OR PROFIT-MAKING VENTURE EVIDENCED BY A CERTIFICATE, CONTRACT, INSTRUMENTS, WHETHER WRITTEN OR ELECTRONIC IN CHARACTER. THESE INCLUDE:

"(1) SHARES OF STOCK, BONDS, DEBENTURES, NOTES, EVIDENCES OF

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- "(2) INVESTMENT CONTRACTS, CERTIFICATES OF INTEREST, OR PARTICIPATION IN A PROFIT-SHARING AGREEMENT SUCH AS COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES, OR CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT FOR A FUTURE SUBSCRIPTION;
- 6 "(3) FRA
 - "(3) FRACTIONAL UNDIVIDED INTERESTS IN OIL, GAS, OR OTHER MINERAL RIGHTS;
 - "(4) CERTIFICATES OF ASSIGNMENTS, CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, TRUST CERTIFICATES, VOTING TRUST CERTIFICATES, OR SIMILAR INSTRUMENTS;
 - "(5) PROPRIETARY OR NON-PROPRIETARY MEMBERSHIP CERTIFICATES IN CORPORATIONS; AND
 - "(6) OTHER INSTRUMENTS AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

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- "(V) The term ['bank'] 'BANKS' [means every banking institution, as defined in Section 2 of Republic Act No. 337, as amended, otherwise known as the 'General Banking Act.' A bank may either be, a commercial bank, a thrift bank, a development bank, a rural bank or specialized government bank] SHALL REFER TO ENTITIES ENGAGED IN THE LENDING OF FUNDS OBTAINED IN THE FORM OF DEPOSITS AS DEFINED AND CLASSIFIED IN SECTION 3 OF REPUBLIC ACT No. 8791, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'GENERAL BANKING LAW OF 2000.'
- "(W) The term 'non-bank financial intermediary' [means a financial intermediary, as defined in Section 2(D)(c) of Republic Act No. 337, as amended, otherwise known as the 'General Banking Act,' authorized by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) to perform quasi-banking activities SHALL REFER TO PERSONS OR ENTITIES ENGAGED IN THE BORROWING OF FUNDS, FOR THE BORROWER'S OWN ACCOUNT, THROUGH THE ISSUANCE, ENDORSEMENT, OR ACCEPTANCE OF DEBT INSTRUMENTS OF ANY KIND OTHER THAN DEPOSITS, OR THROUGH THE ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION, CERTIFICATES **OF** ASSIGNMENT. OR **SIMILAR** INSTRUMENTS WITH RECOURSE, TRUST CERTIFICATES, REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS FROM TWENTY (20) OR MORE LENDERS AT ANY

GIVEN TIME, FOR PURPOSES OF RELENDING OR PURCHASING OF RECEIVABLES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS, BUT DOES NOT INCLUDE COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND OTHER NON-FINANCIAL COMPANIES WHICH BORROW FUNDS THROUGH ANY OF THESE MEANS FOR THE LIMITED PURPOSE OF FINANCING THEIR OWN NEEDS OR THE NEEDS OF THEIR AGENTS OR DEALERS.

"(X) THE TERM 'QUASI-BANK' SHALL REFER TO A NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTION AUTHORIZED BY THE BANGKO SENTRAL NG PILIPINAS TO ENGAGE IN QUASI-BANKING FUNCTIONS AND TO BORROW FUNDS FROM TWENTY (20) OR MORE OR MORE LENDERS THROUGH THE ISSUANCE, ENDORSEMENT OR ASSIGNMENT WITH RECOURSE OR ACCEPTANCE OF DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTES FOR PURPOSES OF RELENDING OR PURCHASING OF RECEIVABLES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS.

"[(X)] (Y) The term 'quasi-banking activities' [means] SHALL REFER TO borrowing OF funds from twenty (20) or more [personal] INDIVIDUALS or corporate lenders at any [one time] GIVEN TIME through the issuance, endorsement, or acceptance of debt instruments of any kind other than deposits for the borrower's own account, or through the issuance of certificates of assignment or similar instruments, with recourse, or of repurchase agreements for purposes of relending or purchasing receivables and other similar obligations: *Provided, however*, That commercial, industrial, and other non-financial companies[,] which borrow funds through any of these means for the limited purpose of financing their own needs or the needs of their agents or dealers, shall not be considered as ENTITIES performing quasi-banking functions.

"[(Y)] (Z) The term 'deposit substitutes' shall [mean] REFER TO an alternative form of obtaining funds from the public [(the term 'public' means borrowing from twenty (20) or more individual or corporate lenders at any one time)] other than deposits, through the issuance, endorsement, or acceptance of debt instruments for the borrower's own account, for the purpose of relending or purchasing of receivables and other obligations[, or financing their own needs or the needs of their agent or dealer.]: PROVIDED, THAT THE TERM 'PUBLIC' SHALL MEAN TWENTY (20) OR MORE INDIVIDUAL OR COPRORATE LENDERS AT ANY ONE TIME. These instruments may include, but need not be limited to

bankers' acceptances, promissory notes, repurchase agreements, [including] EXCLUDING reverse repurchase agreements entered into by and between the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) and any authorized agent bank, certificates of assignment or participation and similar instruments with recourse[.]: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT DEBT INSTRUMENTS ISSUED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND ANY OF ITS AGENCIES AND INSTRUMENTALITIES, INCLUDING GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, SHALL BE DEEMED ISSUED TO THE PUBLIC AND CONSIDERED DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTES: PROVIDED, FURTHERMORE, THAT IF THE INTENTION IS FOR THE DEBT INSTRUMENTS TO BE HELD BY TWENTY (20) OR MORE HOLDERS DURING THE TERM OF THE DEBT INSTRUMENT OR IF THE TENOR AND DENOMINATION ARE SUCH THAT THEY CAN BE HELD BY TWENTY (20) OR MORE LENDERS. THEN THE INSTRUMENT SHALL BE CONSIDERED DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTES: Provided, however, That debt instruments issued for interbank call loans with maturity of not more than five (5) days to cover deficiency in reserves against deposit liabilities, including those between or among banks and quasi-banks, shall not be considered as deposit substitute debt instruments.

"[(Z)] (AA) The term 'ordinary income' xxx

"[(AA)] (BB) The term 'rank and file employees' xxx

"[(BB)](CC) The term 'mutual fund company' xxx

"[(CC)] (DD) The term 'trade, business or profession' xxx

"[(DD)] (EE) The term 'regional or area headquarters' xxx

"[(EE)] (FF) The term 'regional operating headquarters' xxx

"[(FF)] (GG) The term 'long-term deposit or investment certificate' xxx

"[(GG)] (HH) The term 'statutory minimum wage' xxx

"[(HH)] (II) The term 'minimum wage earner' xxx

"[(II)] (JJ) The term 'offshore gaming licensee' xxx

"[(JJ)] (KK) The term 'offshore gaming licensee-gaming agent' xxx

"(LL) THE TERM 'COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES' OR 'CIS' SHALL REFER TO ANY ARRANGEMENT WHEREBY FUNDS ARE SOLICITED FROM THE INVESTING PUBLIC AND POOLED TOGETHER FOR THE PURPOSE OF INVESTING, RE-INVESTING, OR TRADING IN SECURITIES OR OTHER ASSETS OR DIFFERENT CLASSES THEREOF AS ALLOWED UNDER THE LAW, WHICH MAY EITHER HAVE A CORPORATE STRUCTURE, SUCH AS AN

INVESTMENT COMPANY, OR A CONTRACTUAL STRUCTURE, SUCH AS A UNIT INVESTMENT TRUST FUND OR SIMILAR SCHEME HELD BY A TRUST CORPORATION OR A SEPARATE ACCOUNT FUND ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO A VARIABLE UNIT LINKED LIFE INSURANCE POLICY ISSUED BY AN INSURANCE COMPANY, AND SUCH OTHER FORMS OF COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE IN CONSULTATION WITH APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES SUCH AS THE BANGKO SENTRAL NG PILIPINAS, THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AND THE INSURANCE COMMISSION. A CIS MAY EITHER BE OPEN-ENDED OR CLOSED-ENDED, DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

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"'OPEN-ENDED CIS' SHALL REFER TO A CIS WHERE SECURITIES ARE OFFERED AND ARE ALWAYS REDEEMABLE BY THE CIS: AND

"'CLOSED-ENDED CIS' SHALL REFER TO A CIS WHERE A FIXED NUMBER OF SECURITIES ARE OFFERED IN AN INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING AND THEREAFTER MAY BE TRADED IN AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE AS DETERMINED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, BUT MAY NOT BE REDEEMED BY THE CIS. A CLOSED-ENDED CIS SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO INCREASE ITS NUMBER OF SECURITIES.

"(MM) THE TERM 'ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE' SHALL REFER TO AN EXCHANGE, AN OVER-THE-COUNTER MARKET, OR AN ALTERNATIVE TRADING SYSTEM RECOGNIZED AS SUCH BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS AN EXCHANGE UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8799, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'SECURITIES REGULATION CODE', AS AMENDED, AND GOVERNED BY, AMONG OTHERS, TRANSPARENT AND BINDING RULES AND MARKET CONVENTIONS ON MEMBERSHIP, TRADING, PRICE TRANSPARENCY, TRADE REPORTING, MARKET MONITORING AND ORDERLY CONDUCT OF THE MARKET WHICH ARE ENFORCEABLE ON THE MEMBERS AND PARTICIPANTS.

"(NN) THE TERM 'HEALTH INSURANCE PRODUCTS' SHALL REFER TO THOSE THAT ARE BEING OFFERED AND SOLD BY INSURANCE COMPANIES, EITHER LIFE OR NON-LIFE, WHEREIN THERE IS A LIST OF COVERED

ILLNESSES OF WHICH THE COMPANIES ASSUME RISKS AND INDEMNIFY LOSSES BROUGHT BY THE SAID COVERED ILLNESSES.

"(OO) THE TERM 'HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PRODUCTS' SHALL REFER TO PRE-AGREED OR DESIGNATED HEALTH CARE SERVICES TO THE ENROLLED MEMBERS FOR A FIXED PREPAID FEE FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME THROUGH THE USE OF SELECTED NETWORK OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS. HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION (HMO) PRODUCTS PROVIDE A WIDE ARRAY OF MEDICAL, SURGICAL AND HOSPITAL SERVICES THAT INCLUDE PREVENTIVE CARE AND WELLNESS PROGRAMS AND GENERALLY HAVE NO CASH-OUT TRANSACTIONS."

SEC. 4. Section 24 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 24. Income Tax Rates. -

"(A) Rates of Income Tax on Individual Citizen and Individual Resident
Alien of the Philippines. —

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"(B) [Rate]RATES of Tax on Certain Passive Income: -

"(1) Interests[, Royalties, Prizes, and Other Winnings.]. - A final tax at the rate of twenty percent (20%) is hereby imposed upon the amount of interest [from any currency bank deposit, and yield or any other monetary benefit from deposit substitutes, and from trust funds and similar arrangements; royalties, except on books, as well as other literary works and musical compositions, which shall be imposed a final tax of ten percent (10%); prizes (except prizes amounting to Ten thousand pesos (P10,000) or less which shall be subject to tax under Subsection (A) of Section 24; and other winnings (except winnings amounting to Ten thousand pesos (P10,000) or less from Philippine Charity Sweepstakes and Lotto which shall be exempt), derived from sources within the Philippines: | YIELD, OR ANY OTHER MONETARY BENEFIT EARNED OR RECEIVED FROM ANY CURRENCY BANK DEPOSIT, **DEPOSIT** SUBSTITUTE, **TRUST** FUND. AND SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS.

[Provided, however, That interest income received by an individual taxpayer (except a non-resident individual) from a depository bank under the expanded foreign currency deposit system shall be subject to a final income tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) of such interest income: Provided, further,

That interest income from long-term deposit or investment in the form of savings, common or individual trust funds, deposit substitutes, investment management accounts and other investments evidenced by certificates in such form prescribed by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this Subsection: *Provided*, *finally*, That should the holder of the certificate pre-terminate the deposit or investment before the fifth (5th) year, a final tax shall be imposed on the entire income and shall be deducted and withheld by the depository bank from the proceeds of the long-term deposit or investment certificate based on the remaining maturity thereof:]

[Four (4) years to less than five (5) years -5%;

[Three (3) years to less than four (4) years -12%; and]

[Less than three (3) years - 20%.]

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"(2) Cash and/or Property Dividends. - A final tax at the rate of [ten percent (10%)] FIFTEEN PERCENT (15%) shall be imposed upon the cash and/or property dividends actually or constructively received by an individual from a domestic corporation or from a joint stock company, insurance or mutual fund companies, AND ENTITIES ENGAGED IN COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES, [and regional operating headquarters of multinational companies], or on the share of an individual in the distributable net income after tax of a partnership, [(]except a general professional partnership[)] of which [he] THE INDIVIDUAL is a partner, or on the share of an individual in the net income after tax of an association, a joint account, or a joint venture or consortium taxable as a corporation of which [he] THE INDIVIDUAL is a member or co-venturer: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE APPLICABLE TAX RATE ON DIVIDENDS SHALL APPLY ONLY ON INCOME EARNED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2023. INCOME FORMING PART OF RETAINED EARNINGS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022, EVEN IF DECLARED OR DISTRIBUTED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2023, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO TEN PERCENT (10%) TAX.

"[(C)](3) Capital Gains from THE Sale, EXCHANGE, BARTER, OR DISPOSITION of Shares of Stock not Traded in the Stock Exchange OR ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE. — [The provisions of Section 39(B) notwithstanding, a] A final tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) is hereby

imposed upon the net capital gains realized during the taxable year from the sale, barter, exchange or other disposition of shares of stock in a domestic corporation, except shares sold, or disposed of through A LOCAL [the] stock exchange[.] OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE.

"[(D)](4) Capital Gains from Sale of Real Property. -

"[(1)] (a) In General. — [The provisions of Section 39(B) notwithstanding, a] A final tax of six percent (6%) based on the gross selling price or current fair market value as determined in accordance with Section 6(E) of this Code, whichever is higher, is hereby imposed upon capital gains presumed to have been realized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of real property located in the Philippines, classified as capital assets, including pacto de retro sales and other forms of conditional sales, by individuals, including estates and trusts: Provided, That the tax liability, if any, on gains from sales or other dispositions of real property to the government or any of its political subdivisions or agencies or to government-owned or controlled corporations shall be determined either under Section 24(A) or under this Subsection, at the option of the taxpayer.

[(2)] **(b)** *Exception*. – xxx

"(5) ROYALTIES, PRIZES, AND OTHER WINNINGS. – A FINAL TAX IS HEREBY IMPOSED ON ROYALTIES EARNED AS PASSIVE INCOME, PRIZES, AND OTHER WINNINGS, ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

EFFECTIVITY	TAX RATE ON ROYALTIES, PRIZES, AND OTHER WINNINGS
JANUARY 1, 2023	NINETEEN PERCENT (19%)
JANUARY 1, 2024	EIGHTEEN PERCENT (18%)
JANUARY 1, 2025	SEVENTEEN PERCENT (17%)
JANUARY 1, 2026	SIXTEEN PERCENT (16%)
JANUARY 1, 2027	FIFTEEN PERCENT (15%)

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"PROVIDED, THAT ROYALTIES FROM BOOKS, AS WELL AS OTHER LITERARY WORKS AND MUSICAL COMPOSITIONS, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINAL TAX OF TEN PERCENT (10%) OF SUCH ROYALTIES: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT PRIZES AMOUNTING TO TEN THOUSAND PESOS (P10,000)

OR LESS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION 24(A): PROVIDED, FURTHERMORE, THAT PHILIPPINE CHARITY SWEEPSTAKES AND LOTTO WINNINGS NOT EXCEEDING TEN THOUSAND PESOS (P10,000) SHALL BE EXEMPT: PROVIDED, FINALLY, THAT PHILIPPINE CHARITY SWEEPSTAKES AND LOTTO WINNINGS EXCEEDING TEN THOUSAND PESOS (P10,000) SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINAL TAX OF TEN PERCENT (10%) OF SUCH WINNINGS."

SEC. 5. Section 25 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 25. Tax on Nonresident Alien Individual. -

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"(A) Nonresident Alien Engaged in Trade or Business Within the Philippines. – [(1) In General. –]A nonresident alien individual engaged in trade or business in the Philippines shall be subject to [an] income tax UNDER SECTION 24 OF THIS CODE[, in the same manner as an individual citizen and a resident alien individual,] on taxable income received from all sources within the Philippines. A nonresident alien individual who shall come to the Philippines and stay therein for an aggregate period of more than [one hundred eighty (180)] ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE (183) days during any calendar year shall be deemed a 'nonresident alien doing business in the Philippines'[.], Section 22(G) of this Code notwithstanding.

[(2) Cash and/or Property Dividends from a Domestic Corporation or Joint Stock Company, or Insurance or Mutual Fund Company or Regional Operating Headquarter or Multinational Company, or Share in the Distributable Net Income of a Partnership (Except a General Professional Partnership), Joint Account, Joint Venture Taxable as a Corporation or Association, Interests, Royalties, Prizes, and Other Winnings. — Cash and/or property dividends from a domestic corporation, or from a joint stock company, or from an insurance or mutual fund company or from a regional operating headquarter of multinational company, or the share of a nonresident alien individual in the distributable net income after tax of a partnership (except a general professional partnership) of which he is a partner, or the share of a nonresident alien individual in the net income after tax of an association, a joint account, or a joint venture taxable as a corporation of which he is a member or a co-venturer; interests; royalties (in any form); and prizes (except prizes amounting to Ten thousand pesos (P10,000) or less which shall be subject to tax

under Subsection (B)(1) of Section 24); and other winnings (except winnings amounting to Ten thousand pesos (P10,000) or less from Philippine Charity Sweepstakes Office (PCSO) games which shall be exempt); shall be subject to an income tax of twenty percent (20%) on the total amount thereof: Provided, however. That royalties on books as well as other literary works, and royalties on musical compositions shall be subject to a final tax of ten percent (10%) on the total amount thereof: Provided, further, That cinematographic films and similar works shall be subject to the tax provided under Section 28 of this Code: Provided, furthermore, That interest income from long-term deposit or investment in the form of savings, common or individual trust funds, deposit substitutes, investment management accounts and other investments evidenced by certificates in such form prescribed by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) shall be exempt from the tax imposed under this Subsection: Provided, finally, That should the holder of the certificate pre-terminate the deposit or investment before the fifth (5th) year, a final tax shall be imposed on the entire income and shall be deducted and withheld by the depository bank from the proceeds of the long-term deposit or investment certificate based on the remaining maturity thereof:

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33 34 [Four (4) years to less than five (5) years – 5%;] [Three (3) years to less than four (4) years – 12%; and] [Less than three (3) years – 20%.]

- [(3) Capital Gains. Capital gains realized from sale, barter or exchange of shares of stock in domestic corporations not traded through the local stock exchange, and real properties shall be subject to the tax prescribed under Subsections (C) and (D) of Section 24.]
- "(B) Nonresident Alien Individual Not Engaged in Trade or Business Within the Philippines. There shall be levied, collected and paid for each taxable year upon the entire income received from all sources within the Philippines by every nonresident alien individual not engaged in trade or business within the Philippines SUCH as [interest, cash and/or property dividends,] rents, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensation, remuneration, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodic or casual gains, profits, and income, [and capital gains,]a FINAL tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of such income. Capital gains realized by a

1 nonresident alien individual not engaged in trade or business in the Philippines from the sale of [shares of stock in any domestic corporation and] real property 2 shall be subject to the income tax prescribed under Subsection[s (C) and (D)] 3 **(B) (4)** of Section 24. 5 "INTEREST, DIVIDENDS AND CAPITAL GAINS ON SALE, BARTER EXCHANGE OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF SHARES OF STOCK, SHALL BE 6 SUBJECT TO THE APPLICABLE TAXES PRESCRIBED UNDER SECTION 24(B), 7 OR TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE APPLICABLE TAX TREATY." 8 "x x x" 9

SEC. 6. Section 27 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 27. Rates of Income Tax on Domestic Corporations. -

"(A) In General. - x x x

"x x x"

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"(D) Rates of Tax on Certain Passive Incomes. -

- [(1) Interest from Deposits and Yield or any other Monetary Benefit from Deposit Substitutes and from Trust Funds and Similar Arrangements, and Royalties. - A final tax at the rate of twenty percent (20%) is hereby imposed upon the amount of interest on currency bank deposit and yield or any other monetary benefit from deposit substitutes and from trust funds and similar arrangements received by domestic corporations, and royalties, derived from sources within the Philippines: Provided, however, That interest income derived by a domestic corporation from a depository bank under the expanded foreign currency deposit system shall be subject to a final income tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) of such interest income.]
- (2) Capital Gains from the Sale of Shares of Stock Not Traded in the Stock Exchange. – A final tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) shall be imposed on net capital gains realized during the taxable year from the sale, exchange or other disposition of shares of stock in a domestic corporation except shares sold or disposed of through the stock exchange.]
- [(3) Tax on Income Derived under the Expanded Foreign Currency Deposit System. - Income derived by a depository bank under the expanded foreign currency deposit system from foreign currency transactions with nonresidents, offshore banking units in the Philippines, local commercial banks

including branches of foreign banks that may be authorized by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) to transact business with foreign currency deposit system shall be exempt from all taxes, except net income from such transactions as may be specified by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation by the Monetary Board to be subject to the regular income tax payable by banks: *Provided, however*, That interest income from foreign currency loans granted by such depository banks under said expanded system to residents other than offshore banking units in the Philippines or other depository banks under the expanded system, shall be subject to a final tax at the rate of ten percent (10%).]

[Any income of nonresidents, whether individuals or corporations, from transactions with depository banks under the expanded system shall be exempt from income tax.]

"(1) INTERESTS. – A FINAL TAX OF TWENTY PERCENT (20%) IS HEREBY IMPOSED UPON THE AMOUNT OF INTEREST, YIELD, OR OTHER MONETARY BENEFIT EARNED OR RECEIVED FROM ANY CURRENCY BANK DEPOSIT, DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTE, TRUST FUND, AND SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS.

"[(4)](2) Intercorporate Dividends. $-x \times x$

"(3) CAPITAL GAINS FROM THE SALE, EXCHANGE, BARTER OR DISPOSITION OF SHARES OF STOCK NOT TRADED IN THE STOCK EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE. — A FINAL TAX AT THE RATE OF FIFTEEN PERCENT (15%) IS HEREBY IMPOSED UPON THE NET CAPITAL GAINS REALIZED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR FROM THE SALE, BARTER, EXCHANGE, OR OTHER MODES OF DISPOSITION OF SHARES OF STOCK OF A DOMESTIC CORPORATION, EXCEPT SHARES SOLD, OR DISPOSED OF THROUGH A LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE.

"[(5)](4) Capital Gains Realized from the Sale, Exchange or Disposition of Lands and/or Buildings. — A final tax of six percent (6%) is hereby imposed on the gain presumed to have been realized on the sale, exchange or disposition of lands and/or buildings which are not actually used in the business of a corporation and are treated as capital assets, based on the gross selling price or fair market

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"INTEREST, INTERCORPORATE DIVIDENDS, CAPITAL GAINS ON SALE, BARTER, EXCHANGE, OR OTHER DISPOSITION OF SHARES OF STOCK NOT TRADED IN THE STOCK EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKET PLACE, AND ROYALTIES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE APPLICABLE TAXES PRESCRIBED UNDER SECTION 27(D) OF THIS CODE.

- "(2) Minimum Corporate Income Tax on Resident Foreign Corporations. $x \times x$
 - "(3) International Carrier. x x x
- "(4) Tax on Branch Profits Remittances. Any profit remitted by a branch to its head office shall be subject to a tax of fifteen percent (15%) which shall be based on the total profits applied or earmarked for remittance without any deduction for the tax component thereof [(except those activities which are registered with the Philippine Economic Zone Authority)]. The tax shall be collected and paid in the same manner as provided in Sections 57 and 58 of this Code: Provided, That interests, dividends, rents, royalties, including remuneration for technical services, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, emoluments or other fixed or determinable annual, periodic or casual gains, profits, income and capital gains received by a foreign corporation during each taxable year from all sources within the Philippines shall not be treated as branch profits unless the same are effectively connected with the conduct of its trade or business in the Philippines.
- "(5) Regional or Area Headquarters and Regional Operating Headquarters of Multinational Companies. - x x x
- [(6) Tax on Certain Incomes Received by a Resident Foreign Corporation. -1
- [(a) Interest from Deposits and Yield or any other Monetary Benefit from Deposit Substitutes, Trust Funds and Similar Arrangements and Royalties. -Interest from any currency bank deposit and yield or any other monetary benefit from deposit substitutes and from trust funds and similar arrangements and royalties derived from sources within the Philippines shall be subject to a final income tax at the rate of twenty percent (20%) of such interest: Provided, however, That interest income derived by a resident foreign corporation from a depository

bank under the expanded foreign currency deposit system shall be subject to a final income tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) of such interest income.]

[(b) Income Derived under the Expanded Foreign Currency Deposit System. – Income derived by a depository bank under the expanded foreign currency deposit system from foreign currency transactions with nonresidents, offshore banking units in the Philippines, local commercial banks including branches of foreign banks that may be authorized by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) to transact business with foreign currency deposit system units, and other depository banks under the expanded foreign currency deposit system shall be exempt from all taxes, except net income from such transactions as may be specified by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation by the Monetary Board to be subject to the regular income tax payable by banks: Provided, however, That interest income from foreign currency loans granted by such depository banks under said expanded system to residents other than offshore banking units in the Philippines or other depository banks under the expanded system shall be subject to a final tax at the rate of ten percent (10%).]

[Any income of nonresidents, whether individuals or corporations, from transactions with depository banks under the expanded system shall be exempt from income tax.]

- [(c) Capital Gains from Sale of Shares of Stock Not Traded in the Stock Exchange. A final tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) is hereby imposed upon the net capital gains realized during the taxable year from the sale, barter, exchange or other disposition of shares of stock in a domestic corporation except shares sold or disposed of through the stock exchange.]
- [(d) Intercorporate Dividends. Dividends received by a resident foreign corporation from a domestic corporation liable to tax under this Code shall not be subject to tax under this Title.]
 - "[(7)](6) Offshore Gaming Licensees. x x x
 - "(B) Tax on Nonresident Foreign Corporation. -
- "(1) In General. Except as otherwise provided in this Code, a foreign corporation not engaged in trade or business in the Philippines, effective January 1, 2021, shall pay a tax equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the gross income received during each taxable year from all sources within the Philippines, such as [interests, dividends,] rents, [royalties,] salaries, premiums, [(]except reinsurance

premiums[)], annuities, emoluments or other fixed or determinable annual, periodic or casual gains, profits and income, and capital gains, except capital gains subject to tax under subparagraph 5(A)[(c)].

"X X X

- "(5) Tax on Certain Incomes Received by a Nonresident Foreign Corporation. [(a) Interest on Foreign Loans. A final withholding tax at the rate of twenty percent (20%) is hereby imposed on the amount of interest on foreign loans contracted on or after August 1, 1986;]
- "(A) INTERESTS AND CAPITAL GAINS ON SALE, BARTER, EXCHANGE, OR OTHER FORMS OF DISPOSITION OF SHARES OF STOCK NOT TRADED IN THE STOCK EXCHANGE OR AN ORGANIZED MARKET PLACE, AND ON ROYALTIES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE APPLICABLE TAXES UNDER SECTION 27(D) OF THIS CODE, OR TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE APPLICABLE TAX TREATY.
- "(b) Intercorporate Dividends. A final withholding tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) is hereby imposed on the amount of cash and/or property dividends received from a domestic corporation, which shall be collected and paid as provided in Section 57(A) of this Code, subject to the condition that the country in which the nonresident foreign corporation is domiciled, shall allow a credit against the tax due from the nonresident foreign corporation taxes deemed to have been paid in the Philippines equivalent to fifteen percent (15%), which represents the difference between the regular income tax and the fifteen percent (15%) tax on dividends as provided in this subparagraph: Provided, That effective July 1, 2020, the credit against the tax due shall be equivalent to the difference between the regular income tax rate provided in Section 28(B)(1) of this Code and the fifteen percent (15%) tax on dividends;
- [(c) Capital Gains from Sale of Shares of Stock not Traded in the Stock Exchange. A final tax at the rate of fifteen percent (15%) is hereby imposed upon the net capital gains realized during the taxable year from the sale, barter, exchange or other disposition of shares of stock in a domestic corporation, except shares sold, or disposed of through the stock exchange.]"
- **SEC. 8.** Section 32 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

1	"SEC. 32. Gross Income. – x x x
2	"(B) Exclusions from Gross Income The following items shall not be
3	included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this Title:
4	"x x x
5	"(7) Miscellaneous Items. –
6	"x x x
7	[(g) Gains from the Sale of Bonds, Debentures or other Certificate of
8	Indebtedness Gains realized from the same or exchange or retirement of bonds,
9	debentures or other certificate of indebtedness with a maturity of more than five
10	(5) years.]
11	"(G) INTEREST INCOME, AND GAINS FROM THE SALE, TRANSFER, OR
12	DISPOSITION OF PROJECT SPECIFIC BONDS THAT ARE ISSUED BY THE
13	REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES OR ANY OF ITS INSTRUMENTALITIES TO
14	FINANCE CAPITAL EXPENDITURES OR PROGRAMS COVERED BY THE
15	PHILIPPINE DEVELOPMENT PLAN OR ITS EQUIVALENT AND OTHER
16	GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS CONSIDERED TO BE OF HIGH-LEVEL PRIORITY OF
17	THE COUNTRY, AS DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE.
18	"(h) Gains from Redemption of Shares OR UNITS OF PARTICIPATION in
19	[Mutual Fund.] COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES Gains realized by the
20	investor upon redemption of shares of stock [in a mutual fund company] OR
21	UNITS OF PARTICIPATION IN A COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME as defined
22	[in] UNDER Section 22 [BB] (LL) of this Code: PROVIDED, THAT, PRIOR TO
23	SUCH REDEMPTION, FINAL TAXES ON SUCH GAINS HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY
24	WITHHELD AT THE LEVEL OF THE COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME.
25	"X X X."
26	SEC. 9. Section 34 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
27	hereby further amended to read as follows:
28	"SEC. 34. Deductions from Gross Income Except for taxpayers earning
29	compensation income arising from personal services rendered under an
30	employer-employee relationship where no deductions shall be allowed under this
31	Section, in computing taxable income subject to income tax under Sections

2 following deductions from gross income: 3 "(A) Expenses. - x x x"(1) Ordinary and Necessary Trade, Business or Professional Expenses. 4 5 "(a) In General. - x x x 6 "X X X 7 "(B) Interest. -8 "(1) In General. $- \times \times \times$ 9 "(2) Exceptions. - x x x10 11 "(a) If within the taxable year an individual taxpayer reporting income on 12 the cash basis incurs an indebtedness on which an interest is paid in advance through discount or otherwise: Provided, That such interest shall be allowed as a 13 deduction in the year the indebtedness is paid: Provided, further, That if the 14 indebtedness is payable in periodic amortizations, the amount of interest which 15 corresponds to the amount of the principal amortized or paid during the year shall 16 be allowed as deduction in such taxable year; OR 17 18 "(b) If both the taxpayer and the person to whom the payment has been 19 made or is to be made are persons specified under Section 36(B)[; or]. [(c) If the indebtedness is incurred to finance petroleum exploration.] 20 "(3) Optional Treatment of Interest Expense RELATED TO ACQUISITION 21 OF ASSET. – At the option of the taxpayer, interest EXPENSE incurred to acquire 22 property used in trade, business or exercise of a profession THAT WILL BENEFIT 23 THE BUSINESS FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR may be allowed as a deduction 24 FROM GROSS INCOME or [treated as a capital expenditure] BE CAPITALIZED 25 26 AND THEREAFTER AMORTIZED OR DEPRECIATED AS PART OF THE COST OF 27 THE ASSET. "x x x 28 "(E) Bad Debts. -29 "(1) In General. $-x \times x$ 30 31 "(2) Securities Becoming Worthless. - If securities, as defined in Section 22(T), are ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the taxable year and 32 are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall, [in the case of a taxpayer 33

other than a bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the Philippines

24(A); 25(A); 26; 27(A), (B), and (C); and 28(A)(1), there shall be allowed the

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a substantial part of whose business is the receipt of deposits, for the purpose of this Title,] be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange OF CAPITAL ASSETS, on the last day of such taxable year[, of capital assets]. SECURITIES HELD BY A DEALER IN SECURITIES OR AN ENTITY LICENSED BY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES TO BUY AND SELL IN SECURITIES INCLUDING BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES, SHALL BE CONSIDERED ORDINARY ASSETS, AND SECURITIES HELD THAT ARE ASCERTAINED TO BE WORTHLESS SHALL BE CONSIDERED ORDINARY LOSSES THAT ARE ALLOWED AS DEDUCTION FROM TAXABLE INCOME.

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"(L) Optional Standard Deduction (OSD). - In lieu of the deductions allowed under the preceding Subsections, an individual subject to tax under Section 24, other than a nonresident alien, [may elect a standard deduction in an amount not exceeding forty percent (40%) of his gross sales or gross receipts, as the case may be. In the case of al AND A corporation CLASSIFIED AS A MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISE UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6977, AS AMENDED, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'MAGNA CARTA FOR SMALL ENTERPRISES', AND subject to tax under Sections 27(A) and 28(A)(1), [it] may elect a standard deduction in an amount not exceeding forty percent (40%) of its gross income as defined in Section 32 of this Code. Unless the taxpayer signifies in [his] THE TAX return [his] THE intention to elect the optional standard deduction, [he] THE TAXPAYER shall be considered as having availed [himself] of the deductions allowed in the preceding Subsections. Such election when made in the return shall be irrevocable for the taxable year for which the return is made: Provided, That an individual who is entitled to and claimed for the optional standard deduction shall not be required to submit with [his] THE tax return such financial statements otherwise required under this Code: [Provided, further, That a general professional partnership and the partners comprising such partnership may avail of the optional standard deduction only once, either by the general professional partnership or the partners comprising the partnership: | Provided, *[finally,]FURTHER,* That except when the Commissioner otherwise permits, the said individual shall keep such records pertaining to [his] gross sales or gross receipts, or the said corporation shall keep such records pertaining to [his] THE gross income as defined in Section 32 of this Code during the taxable year, as

may be required by the rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of 1 2 Finance, upon recommendation of the Commissioner. 3 "x x x." SEC. 10. Section 37 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 4 5 hereby amended to read as follows: 6 "SEC. 37. Special Provisions Regarding Income and Deductions of 7 Insurance Companies, Whether Domestic or Foreign. -8 "(A) Special Deduction Allowed to Insurance Companies, PRE-NEED COMPANIES, AND PENSION FUNDS. - In the case of insurance companies, 9 10 PRE-NEED COMPANIES, AND PENSION FUNDS, whether domestic or foreign doing business in the Philippines, the net additions, if any, required by law to be 11 made within the year to reserve funds and the sums other than dividends paid 12 13 within the year on policy and annuity contracts may be deducted from their gross income. Provided, however, That the released reserve be treated as income for 14 the year of release. 15 "(B) Mutual Insurance Companies. - In the case of MUTUAL LIFE, 16 mutual fire and mutual employers' liability and mutual workmen's compensation 17 18 and mutual casualty insurance companies requiring their members to make 19 premium deposits to provide for losses and expenses, said companies shall not INCLUDE [return] as income any portion of the premium deposits returned to their 20 policyholders, but shall INCLUDE [return] as taxable income all income received 21 by them from all other sources plus such portion of the premium deposits as are 22 retained by the companies for purposes other than the payment of losses and 23 24 expenses and reinsurance reserves. 25 "X X X." 26 SEC. 11. Section 38 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 27 hereby amended to read as follows:

(A) In the case of any loss claimed to have been sustained from any sale or other disposition of shares of stock or securities where it appears that within a period beginning thirty (30) days before the date of such sale or disposition and ending thirty (30) days after such date, the taxpayer has acquired (by purchase or by exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recognized by

"SEC. 38. Losses from Wash Sales of Stock or Securities. -

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law), or has entered into a [contact] CONTRACT or option so AS to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities, then no deduction for the loss shall be allowed under Section 34 unless the claim is made by a dealer in stock or securities OR BY ANY ENTITY OR FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARY DULY LICENSED BY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES TO BUY AND SELL IN SECURITIES EITHER FOR THE ENTITY'S OWN ACCOUNT OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OF OTHERS and with respect to a transaction made in the ordinary course of the business of such dealer.

"x x x."

SEC. 12. Section 39 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 39. Capital Gains and Losses. -

"(A) Definitions. – As used in this Title –

"x x x

- [(B) Percentage Taken Into Account. In the case of a taxpayer, other than a corporation, only the following percentages of the gain or loss recognized upon the sale or exchange of a capital asset shall be taken into account in computing net capital gain, net capital loss, and net income:]
- [(1) One hundred percent (100%) if the capital asset has been held for not more than twelve (12) months; and]
- [(2) Fifty percent (50%) if the capital asset has been held for more than twelve (12) months;]
- [(C)](B) Limitation on Capital Losses. Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges. If a [bank or trust company incorporated under the loss of the Philippines, a substantial part of whose business is the receipt of deposits,] DEALER IN SECURITIES OR OTHER ENTITIES OR FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES DULY LICENSED BY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES TO TRADE IN SECURITIES, sells any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any corporation [(], including one issued by a government or political subdivision thereof[)], with interest coupons or in registered form, any loss resulting from such sale shall not

1 be subject to the foregoing limitation and shall not be included in determining the 2 applicability of such limitation to other losses. 3 [(D) Net Capital Loss Carry-over. - If any taxpayer, other than a corporation, sustains in any taxable year a net capital loss, such loss (in an amount 4 not in excess of the net income for such year) shall be treated in the succeeding 5 6 taxable year as a loss from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for not 7 more than twelve (12) months.] 8 [(E)](C) Retirement of Bonds, Etc. $-x \times x$ 9 [(F) Gains or Losses from Short Sales, Etc. - For purposes of this Title -] [(1) Gains or losses from short sales of property shall be considered as gains 10 or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets; and 11 [(2) Gains or losses attributable to the failure to exercise privileges or 12 options to buy or sell property shall be considered as capital gains or losses.]" 13 SEC. 13. Section 42 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 14 15 hereby amended to read as follows: "SEC. 42. Income from Sources Within the Philippines. -16 "(A) Gross Income from Sources Within the Philippines. - The following 17 items of gross income shall be treated as gross income from sources within the 18 Philippines: 19 "(1) Interests. - Interests AND YIELD Iderived from sources within the 20 Philippines, and interests on FROM DEBT INSTRUMENTS, BANK DEPOSITS, 21 22 DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTES, TRUST FUNDS, AND SIMILAR ARRANGEMENTS SUCH 23 AS bonds, notes or other interest-bearing obligations of residents, corporate or otherwise[;], INCLUDING DEBT INSTRUMENTS OR DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED 24 25 BY THE GOVERNMENT OR ANY OF ITS AGENCIES OR INSTRUMENTALITIES; "(2) Dividends. – The amount received as dividends: 26 "(a) From a domestic corporation; and 27 "(b) From a foreign corporation, [unless less than] WITH AT LEAST fifty 28 percent (50%) of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the three-year 29 30 period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such 31 dividends (or for such part of such period as the corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the Philippines as determined under the 32

> provisions of this Section; but only in an amount which bears the same ratio to such dividends as the gross income of the corporation for such period derived

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1	from sources within the Philippines bears [to] ON its gross income from all
2	sources.
3	"x x x."
4	SEC. 14. Section 51 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
5	hereby amended to read as follows:
6	"SEC. 51. Individual Return. —
7	"(A) Requirements. – x x x
8	"(B) Where to file. $-x \times x$
9	"(C) When to File. $-x \times x$
10	"(1) x x x
11	"(2) Individuals subject to tax on capital gains:
12	"(a) From the sale or exchange of shares of stock not traded [thru]
13	THROUGH a [local] stock exchange OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE as
14	prescribed under [Section] SECTIONS 24[(C)](B) (3), AND 25(A) AND (B),
15	[shall file] a return SHALL BE FILED within thirty (30) days after each transaction
16	and a final consolidated return on or before April 15 of each year covering all
17	stock transactions of the preceding taxable year; and
18	"(b) From the sale or disposition of real property under Section 24[(D)] (B)
19	(4) shall file a return within thirty (30) days following each sale or other
20	disposition.
21	"x x x."
22	SEC. 15. Section 52 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
23	hereby amended to read as follows:
24	"SEC. 52. Corporation Returns. —
25	"(A) Requirements. $-x \times x$
26	"x x x
27	(D) Return on Capital Gains Realized from Sale of Shares of Stock not
28	Traded in the [Local] Stock Exchange OR AN ORGANIZED MARKETPLACE
29	Every corporation deriving capital gains from the sale or exchange of shares of
30	stock, not traded [thru] THROUGH a local stock exchange OR AN ORGANIZED
31	MARKETPLACE as prescribed under SECTIONS 27(D)(3), 28(A)(1) AND
32	(B)(5)(A) [Sections 24(C), 25(A)(3), 27(E)(2), 28(A)(8)(c) and 28(B)(5)(c),]
33	shall file a return within thirty (30) days after each transaction and a final
34	consolidated return of all transactions during the taxable year on or before the

fifteenth (15th) day of the fourth (4th) month following the close of the taxable 1 vear." 2 3 SEC. 16. Section 54 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows: 4 "SEC. 54. Returns of Receivers, Trustees, [in Bankruptcy] or Assignees. -5 [In cases wherein receivers] RECEIVERS, ADMINISTRATORS, trustees in A 6 TRUST OR bankruptcy, or ANY OTHER PERSON ASSIGNED OR [assignees are] 7 IN CHARGE OF operating the property or business of [a] ANOTHER PERSON OR 8 corporation, subject to the tax UNDER THIS CODE Imposed by this Title, such 9 receivers, trustees or assignees | shall BE IMPOSED WITH THE OBLIGATION TO 10 FILE [make] THE returns AND PAY THE TAXES FOR SUCH PERSON OR 11 CORPORATION IN THE SAME MANNER REQUIRED UNDER THIS CODE. lof net 12 income as and for such corporation, in the same manner and form as such 13 organization is hereinbefore required to make returns, and any ANY tax due on 14 15 the income as returned by receivers, ADMINISTRATORS, trustees or assignees 16 shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as if assessed directly against the [organizations] PERSON, ESTATE OR ORGANIZATION [of] whose 17 businesses or properties they have custody OF or control OVER." 18 SEC. 17. Section 56 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 19 hereby amended to read as follows: 20 21 "SEC. 56. Payment and Assessment of Income Tax for Individuals and Corporations. -22 "(A) Payment of Tax. -23 "x x x" 24 "(3) Payment of Capital Gains Tax. -25 The total amount of tax imposed and prescribed under [Section] 26 **SECTIONS** 24[(C)](B)(3), 24[(D)](B)(4), **25**, 27[(E)(2)](D)(3), **27**(D)(4), 27 28 28(A)[(8)(c)] and 28(B)(5)[(c)] shall be paid on the date the return prescribed 29 therefor is filed by the person liable thereto: *Provided*, That if the seller submits 30 proof of [his] THE intention to avail [himself] of the benefit of exemption of 31 capital gains under existing special laws OR TAX TREATY, no such payments shall be required: Provided, further, That in case of failure to qualify for 32

exemption under such special laws, TAX TREATY and implementing rules and

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regulations, the tax due on the gains realized from the original transaction shall 1 2 immediately become due and payable, and subject to the penalties prescribed under applicable provisions of this Code: Provided, finally, That if the seller, 3 having paid the tax, submits such proof of intent within six (6) months from the 4 registration of the document transferring the real property, [he] THE SELLER 5 6 shall be entitled to a refund of such tax upon verification of [his] compliance 7 with the requirements for such exemption. 8 "X X X." SEC. 18. Section 57 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, 9 is hereby amended to read as follows: 10 "SEC. 57. Withholding of Tax at Source. -11 "(A) Withholding of Final Tax on Certain Incomes. - Subject to rules and 12 regulations the Secretary of Finance may promulgate, upon the 13 14 recommendation of the Commissioner, requiring the filing of income tax return by certain income payees, the tax imposed or prescribed [by] UNDER Sections 15 [24(B)(1), 24(B)(2), 24(C), 24(D)(1); 25(A)(2), 25(A)(3), 25(B), 25(C), 25(D),16 25(E); 27(D)(1), 27(D)(2), 27(D)(3), 27(D)(5); 28(A)(4), 28(A)(5), 17 18 28(A)(7)(a), 28(A)(7)(b), 28(A)(7)(c), 28(B)(1), 28(B)(2), 28(B)(3), 28(B)(4), 28(B)(5)(a), 28(B)(5)(b), 28(B)(5)(c)] 24(B), 24(C), 25(B), 27(D), AND 19 28(B)(5); 33; and 282 of this Code on specified items of income SUBJECT TO 20 21 FINAL TAX shall be withheld by payor-corporation and/or person and paid in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in Section 58 22 of this Code. 23 "x x x." 24 25 SEC. 19. Section 73 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 26 hereby amended to read as follows: "SEC. 73. Distribution of Dividends or Assets by Corporations. -27 28 "(A) Definition of Dividends. - The term 'dividends' when used in this 29 Title means any distribution made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its 30 earnings or profits and payable to its shareholders, whether in money or in other property. 31 32 [Where a corporation distributes all of its assets in complete liquidation 33 or dissolution, the gain realized or loss sustained by the stockholder, whether individual

or corporate, is a taxable income or a deductible loss, as the case may be.]

"(B)	Stock	Dividend.	_	X	X	X
()	~~~~	25 1 1 1000 1000			214	-

"(C) LIQUIDATING DIVIDENDS. – LIQUIDATING DIVIDENDS ARE DIVIDENDS REPRESENTING THE REMAINING GAINS REALIZED OR LOSS SUSTAINED BY THE STOCKHOLDER IN A COMPLETE LIQUIDATION OR DISSOLUTION BY A CORPORATION AND SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS TAXABLE INCOME OR A DEDUCTIBLE LOSS, UNDER SECTIONS 24(A), 25(A), 25(B), 27(A), 28(A) AND 28(B), AS THE CASE MAY BE.

[(C)](D) Dividends Distributed are Deemed Made from Most Recently Accumulated Profits. $-x \times x$

"x x x."

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33 34 SEC. 20. Section 108 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 108. Value-added Tax on Sale of Services and Use or Lease of Properties. —

"(A) Rate and Base of Tax. $-x \times x$

"The phrase 'sale or exchange of services' means the performance of all kinds of services in the Philippines for others for a fee, remuneration or consideration, including those performed or rendered by construction and service contractors; stock, real estate, commercial, customs and immigration brokers; lessors of property, whether personal or real; warehousing services; lessors or distributors of cinematographic films; persons engaged in milling processing, manufacturing or repacking goods for others; proprietors, operators or keepers of hotels, motels, resthouses, pension houses, inns, resorts; proprietors or operators of restaurants, refreshment parlors, cafes and other eating places, including clubs and caterers; dealers in securities; [lending investors;] transportation contractors on their transport of goods or cargoes, including persons who transport goods or cargoes for hire and other domestic common carriers by land relative to their transport of goods or cargoes; common carriers by air and sea relative to their transport of passengers, goods or cargoes from one place in the Philippines to another place in the Philippines; sales of electricity by generation companies, transmission by any entity, and distribution companies, including electric cooperatives; services of franchise grantees of electric utilities, telephone and telegraph, radio and television broadcasting and all other franchise grantees except those under Section 119 of

this Code, and non-life insurance companies (except their crop insurances), 1 2 including surety, fidelity, indemnity, and bonding companies; and similar services regardless of whether or not the performance thereof calls for the 3 4 exercise or use of the physical or mental faculties. The phrase 'sale or exchange of services' shall likewise include: "X X X." 6 SEC. 21. Section 109 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 7 8 hereby further amended to read as follows: 9 "SEC. 109. Exempt Transactions. -10 (1) Subject to the provisions of Subsection (2) hereof, the following 11 transactions shall be exempt from the value-added tax: 12 "(A) x x x "x x x" 13 14 "(DD) PREMIUMS COLLECTED BY NON-LIFE REINSURANCE COMPANIES ON TRANSACTIONS WHERE THE TAX ON THE DIRECT 15 16 PREMIUM HAS ALREADY BEEN PAID BY THE DIRECT INSURER: PROVIDED, THAT THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, UPON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF 17 THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE AND INSURANCE 18 19 COMMISSIONER, SHALL PROMULGATE THE RULES ON THE REQUIRED REPORTS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE. 20 21 ANY NON-PAYMENT OF THE TAX OR MISREPRESENTATION SHALL SUBJECT THE DIRECT INSURER OR REINSURER TO PAY UNPAID TAXES AND 22 23 PENALTIES UNDER THIS CODE. "X X X." 24 25 SEC. 22. Section 112 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 26 hereby further amended to read as follows: "SEC. 112. Refunds [or Tax Credits] of Input Tax. -27 "(A) Zero-Rated or Effectively Zero-Rated Sales. - Any VAT-registered 28 29 person, whose sales are zero-rated or effectively zero-rated may, within two (2) 30 years after the close of the taxable quarter when the sales were made, apply for [the issuance of a tax credit certificate or] refund of creditable input tax due or 31 paid attributable to such sales, except transitional input tax, to the extent that 32

such input tax has not been applied against output tax: Provided, however, That

in the case of zero-rated sales under Section 106(A)(2)(a)(1), (2) and [(b) and] Section 108 (B)(1) and (2), the acceptable foreign currency exchange proceeds thereof had been duly accounted for in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP): *Provided, further*. That where the taxpayer is engaged in zero-rated or effectively zero-rated sale and also in taxable or exempt sale of goods or properties or services, and the amount of creditable input tax due or paid cannot be directly and entirely attributed to any one of the transactions, it shall be allocated proportionately on the basis of the volume of sales: *Provided, finally*, That for a person making sales that are zero-rated under Section 108(B)(6), the input taxes shall be allocated ratably between his zero-rated and non-zero-rated sales.

"(B) Cancellation of VAT Registration. - A person whose registration has been cancelled due to retirement from or cessation of business, or due to changes in or cessation of status under Section 106(C) of this Code may, within two (2) years from the date of cancellation, apply for [the issuance of a tax credit certificate for any unused input tax which may be used in payment of his other internal revenue taxes] A REFUND OF SUCH UNUSED INPUT TAXES.

"x x x."

SEC. 23. Section 121 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 121. Tax on Banks and Non-Bank Financial Intermediaries Performing Quasi-Banking Functions. — There shall be collected a tax on gross receipts derived from sources within the Philippines by all banks and non-bank financial intermediaries Performing Quasi-Banking functions at the rate of five percent (5%) on income such as interest, commissions, and discounts from lending activities as well as income from financial leasing, royalties, rentals of property, real or personal, profits from sale or exchange including gains derived from sale or transfer of real properties, net trading gains within the taxable year of foreign currency, debt securities, derivatives, and other similar financial instruments, and all other items treated as gross income under Section 32 of this CODE, except dividends and equity shares and

1	NET INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES WHICH SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ZERO
2	PERCENT (0%) TAX [in accordance with the following schedule]:
3	[(a) On interest, commissions and discounts from lending activities as
4	well as income from financial leasing, on the basis of remaining maturities of
5	instruments from which such receipts are derived:]
6	[Maturity period is five years or less
7	[Maturity period is more than five years
8	[(b) On dividends and equity shares and net income of subsidiaries 0%]
9	[(c) On royalties, rentals of property, real or personal, profits, from
10	exchange and all other items treated as gross income under Section 32 of this
11	Code7%]
12	(d) On net trading gains within the taxable year of foreign currency,
13	debt securities, derivatives, and other similar financial
14	instruments
15	"Provided, however, That in case the maturity period referred to in
16	paragraph (a) is shortened [thru] THROUGH pretermination, then the maturity
17	period shall be reckoned to end as of the date of pretermination for purposes
18	of classifying the transaction and the correct rate of tax shall be applied
19	accordingly.
20	"Provided, finally, That the generally accepted accounting principles [as
21	may be] prescribed by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas for the bank or non-bank
22	financial intermediary performing quasi-banking functions shall [likewise] be
23	the basis for the calculation of gross receipts.
24	"X X X."
25	SEC. 24. Section 122 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
26	hereby amended to read as follows:
27	"SEC. 122. Tax on Other Non-Bank Financial Intermediaries. – There
28	shall be collected a tax of five percent (5%) on the gross receipts derived by
29	other non-bank financial intermediaries doing business in the Philippines, from
30	interest, commissions, discounts AND DISCOUNTS FROM LENDING
31	ACTIVITIES, AS WELL AS INCOME FROM FINANCIAL LEASING, ROYALTIES,
32	RENTALS OF PROPERTY, REAL OR PERSONAL, PROFITS FROM SALE OR
33	EXCHANGE INCLUDING GAINS DERIVED FROM SALE OR TRANSFER OF
34	REAL PROPERTIES, NET TRADING GAINS WITHIN THE TAXABLE YEAR OF

FOREIGN CURRENCY, DEBT SECURITIES, DERIVATIVES, AND OTHER SIMILAR FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, UNDERWRITING FEES, SERVICE INCOME, AND ALL OTHER ITEMS TREATED AS GROSS INCOME UNDER SECTION 32 OF THIS CODE, EXCEPT DIVIDENDS AND EQUITY SHARES AND NET INCOME OF SUBSIDIARIES WHICH SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ZERO PERCENT (0%). [and all other items treated as gross income under this Code: Provided, That interests, commissions and discounts from lending activities, as well as income from financial leasing, shall be taxed on the basis of the remaining maturities of the instruments from which such receipts are derived, in accordance with the following schedule:]

[Provided, however, That in case the maturity period is shortened thru pretermination, then the maturity period shall be reckoned to end as of the date of pretermination for purposes of classifying the transaction and the correct rate of tax shall be applied accordingly.]

"FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE FINANCING COMPANIES, FINANCE LEASING COMPANIES, INVESTMENT HOUSES, PAWNSHOPS, FOREIGN EXCHANGE DEALERS AND MONEY BROKERS, TRUST ENTITIES, CREDIT CARD COMPANIES, LENDING INVESTORS, SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, AND OTHER FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES EXCEPT BANKS AND NON-BANKS PERFORMING QUASI-BANKING FUNCTIONS WHICH SHALL BE TAXED UNDER SECTION 121 OF THIS CODE.

"COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES SUCH AS MUTUAL FUNDS, UNIT LINKED INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS, UNIT-LINKED VARIABLE INSURANCE, AND OTHER COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO GROSS RECEIPTS TAX AND OTHER PERCENTAGE TAXES IMPOSED UNDER TITLE V AND THE VALUE-ADDED TAX IMPOSED UNDER TITLE IV OF THIS CODE. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS EXEMPTION, A CIS SHALL HAVE AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED (200) OWNERS, INVESTORS OR PARTICIPANTS, AND SHALL HAVE COMPLIED WITH THE MINIMUM PUBLIC OWNERSHIP REQUIREMENT OF THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES.

"The income of a person or company not licensed to do financial intermediation but which engages in financial intermediation services as an incident to its main business activity, and derives income therefrom, shall be subject to the tax imposed on its principal activity. To be considered incidental, the income from intermediation services shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the person or the company's total annual income. If the total income received from financial intermediation is more than fifty percent (50%), and the person or company has entered into at least six (6) transactions during the year, the total income from such financial intermediation shall be subject to tax under this subsection.

 "Provided, finally, That the generally accepted accounting principles as may be prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission for other non-bank financial intermediaries shall likewise be the basis for the calculation of gross receipts.

"Nothing in this Code shall preclude the Commissioner from imposing the same tax herein provided on persons **OR ENTITIES** performing similar [financing] **FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION** activities."

SEC. 25. Section 123 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 123. Tax on Life Insurance Premiums. — There shall be collected from every person, company or corporation, [(]except purely cooperative companies or associations[)] doing life insurance business of any sort in the Philippines, A PREMIUM TAX AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

"(A) FOR LIFE INSURANCE, a tax of two percent (2%) of the total premium collected, whether such premiums are paid in money, notes, credits or any substitute for money; but premiums refunded within six (6) months after payment on account of rejection of risk or returned for other reason to a person insured shall not be included in the taxable receipts; nor shall any tax be paid upon reinsurance by a company IF THE TAX [that] has already BEEN paid [the tax] ON THE DIRECT PREMIUM; nor upon premiums collected or received by any branch of a domestic corporation, firm or association doing business

outside the Philippines on account of any life insurance of the insured who is a nonresident, if any tax on such premium is imposed by the foreign country where the branch is established nor upon premiums collected or received on account of any reinsurance, if the insured, in case of personal insurance, resides outside the Philippines, if any tax on such premiums is imposed by the foreign country where the original insurance has been issued or perfected; nor upon that portion of the premiums collected or received by the insurance companies on variable contracts [(as defined in Section 232(2) of Presidential Decree No. 612),] AS DEFINED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10607, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE 'INSURANCE CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES', IN A CIS in excess of the amounts necessary to insure the lives of the variable contract owners[.]: PROVIDED, THAT THE CIS SHALL HAVE AT LEAST TWO HUNDRED (200) OWNERS, INVESTORS OR PARTICIPANTS, AND THAT ANY MINIMUM PUBLIC OWNERSHIP AS MAY BE REQUIRED BY APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL BE COMPLIED WITH.

"(B) PERSONS DOING BUSINESS SIMILAR OR AKIN TO LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE SUCH AS PRE-NEED COMPANIES, PENSION FUND COMPANIES, HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS AND OTHER COMPANIES SIMILAR TO LIFE INSURANCE SHALL BE SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS SUBSECTION AT THE RATE OF TWO PERCENT (2%) OF THE GROSS PREMIUM, PLAN PAYMENT, OR INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS COLLECTED WITHOUT ANY DEDUCTION FOR THE AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES TO BE EARMARKED FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE INSURED, OR PLANHOLDER.

"NOTHING IN THIS CODE SHALL PRECLUDE THE COMMISSIONER FROM IMPOSING THE SAME TAX HEREIN PROVIDED ON PERSONS PERFORMING SIMILAR INSURANCE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES.

"LIFE REINSURANCE COMPANIES SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PREMIUM TAX ON PREMIUMS COLLECTED UNDER SUBSECTION (A) HEREOF. HOWEVER, PREMIUMS COLLECTED ON TRANSACTIONS WHERE THE TAX ON THE DIRECT PREMIUM HAS ALREADY BEEN PAID BY THE DIRECT INSURER SHALL BE EXCLUDED FROM THE GROSS PREMIUM SUBJECT TO PREMIUM TAX.

"A VARIABLE INSURANCE CONTRACT WHERE AMOUNTS IN EXCESS OF INSURANCE COSTS ARE COLLECTED AS PART OF THE PREMIUM AND

WHERE UNITS OF PARTICIPATION IN A POOLED FUND ARE ISSUED TO THE INSURED REPRESENTING THEIR RESPECTIVE SHARES IN THE POOLED FUND, IS A CIS. THE AMOUNTS OF PREMIUM COLLECTED IN EXCESS OF THE INSURANCE COST IS NOT SUBJECT TO PREMIUM TAX UNDER THIS SECTION AND TO THE GROSS RECEIPTS TAX IMPOSED UNDER SECTIONS 121 AND 122, OR TO ANY PERCENTAGE TAX IMPOSED UNDER TITLE V AND TO VALUE-ADDED TAX UNDER SECTION 105, TITLE IV OF THIS CODE.

"x x x."

SEC. 26. Section 127 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 127. Tax on Sale, Barter or Exchange of Shares of Stock Listed and Traded through the Local Stock Exchange [or through Initial Public Offering]. —

"(A) Tax on Sale, Barter or Exchange of Shares of Stock Listed and Traded through the Local Stock Exchange. — There shall be levied, assessed and collected on every sale, barter, exchange, or other disposition of shares of stock OF A DOMESTIC CORPORATION listed and traded through the local stock exchange, OR LISTED AND TRADED IN BOTH A LOCAL AND FOREIGN STOCK EXCHANGE, other than the sale by a dealer in securities, IN LIEU OF CAPITAL GAINS TAX, a tax at the rate of six-tenths of one percent (6/10 of 1%) of the gross selling price or gross value in money of the shares of stock sold, bartered, exchanged or otherwise disposed which shall be paid by the seller or transferor: *Provided*, That the tax rate shall be imposed according to the Following schedule:

EFFECTIVITY	FINAL TAX RATE
JANUARY 1, 2023	FIVE-TENTH OF ONE PERCENT (5/10
	OF 1%)
JANUARY 1, 2024	FOUR-TENTH OF ONE PERCENT (4/10
	OF 1%)
JANUARY 1, 2025	THREE-TENTH OF ONE PERCENT
	(3/10 of 1%)
Tanyany 1 2026	TWO-TENTH OF ONE PERCENT (2/10
JANUARY 1, 2026	OF 1%)

EFFECTIVITY	FINAL TAX RATE
EARDIADN 1 2027	ONE-TENTH OF ONE PERCENT (1/10
JANUARY 1, 2027	OF 1%)

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"ANY GAIN REALIZED FROM THE SALE, EXCHANGE, BARTER, OR DISPOSITION OF LISTED SHARES OF STOCK BY A DEALER IN SECURITIES LICENSED BY THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCIES TO BUY AND SELL IN SECURITIES, FOR HIS OWN ACCOUNT IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF BUSINESS, SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS SUBSECTION BUT TO SECTION 27(A) AS AN ORDINARY INCOME.

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[(B) Tax on Shares of Stock Sold or Exchanged Through Initial Public Offering.] – REPEALED in REPUBLIC ACT. 11494

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[(C) Return on Capital Gains Realized from Sale of Shares of Stocks.

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[(1)](B) Return on [Capital Gains Realized from] Sale of Shares of Stock AND OTHER SECURITIES Listed and Traded in the Local Stock Exchange. - It shall be the duty of every stock broker who effected the sale subject to the tax imposed herein to collect the tax and remit the same to the Bureau of Internal Revenue within five (5) banking days from the date of collection thereof and to submit on Mondays of each week to the secretary of the stock exchange, of which he is a member, a true and complete return which shall contain a declaration of all the transactions effected through him during the preceding week and of taxes collected by him and turned over to the Bureau of Internal Revenue: PROVIDED, THAT FOR SALES OF SHARES OF STOCK OF A DOMESTIC CORPORATION LISTED AND TRADED IN BOTH A LOCAL AND FOREIGN STOCK EXCHANGE, THE COLLECTION AND REMITTANCE OF THE ABOVE TAX SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES PROMULGATED BY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, UPON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE REMITTANCE OF THE SAID TAX SHALL BE WITHIN A PERIOD NOT EXCEEDING TEN (10) DAYS.

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[(2) Return on Public Offerings of Shares of Stock. – In case of primary offering, the corporate issuer shall file the return and pay the corresponding tax within thirty (30) days from the date of listing of the shares of stock in the local

1	stock exchange. In the case of secondary offering, the provision of Subsection
2	(C)(1) of this Section shall apply as to the time and manner of the payment of
3	the tax.]
4	"(D) [Common Provisions. – any ANY gain derived from the sale, barter

- "(D) [Common Provisions. any] ANY gain derived from the sale, barter, exchange or other disposition of shares of stock under this Section shall be exempt from the tax imposed in Sections [24(C), 27(D)(2), 28(A)(8)(c), and 28(B)(5)(c)]24(B)(3), 27(D)(3), 28(A)(1) and 28(B)(5)(A) of this Code and from the regular individual or corporate income tax. Tax paid under this Section shall not be deductible for income tax purposes."
- SEC. 27. Section 130 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 12 "SEC. 130. FILING OF RETURN AND PAYMENT OF EXCISE TAX ON DOMESTIC
 13 PRODUCTS.
 - "(A) PERSONS LIABLE TO FILE A RETURN, FILING OF RETURN ON REMOVAL AND PAYMENT OF TAX:
 - "(1) PERSONS LIABLE TO FILE A RETURN. X X X
 - "(2) TIME FOR FILING OF RETURN AND PAYMENT OF THE TAX. X X X
 - "(3) PLACE FOR FILING OF THE RETURN AND PAYMENT OF THE TAX. X X X
 - "(4) EXCEPTIONS:
- 20 "(a) X X X

21 "(b) X X X

"(B) DETERMINATION OF GROSS SELLING PRICE OF GOODS SUBJECT TO AD VALOREM TAX. — UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED, THE PRICE, EXCLUDING THE VALUE-ADDED TAX, AT WHICH THE GOODS ARE SOLD AT WHOLESALE IN THE PLACE OF PRODUCTION OR IMPORTATION OR THROUGH THEIR SALES AGENTS TO THE PUBLIC SHALL CONSTITUTE THE GROSS SELLING PRICE. IF THE MANUFACTURER OR IMPORTER ALSO SELLS OR ALLOWS SUCH GOODS TO BE SOLD AT WHOLESALE IN ANOTHER ESTABLISHMENT OF WHICH HE IS THE OWNER OR IN THE PROFITS OF WHICH HE HAS AN INTEREST, THE WHOLESALE PRICE IS SUCH ESTABLISHMENT SHALL CONSTITUTE THE GROSS SELLING PRICE. SHOULD SUCH PRICE BE LESS THAN THE COST OF MANUFACTURER OR IMPORTATION PLUS EXPENSES INCURRED UNTIL THE GOODS ARE FINALLY SOLD, THEN A PROPORTIONATE MARGIN OF PROFIT NOT LESS THAN TEN PERCENT

1	(10%) OF SUCH MANUFACTURING OR IMPORTATION COST AND EXPENSES, SHALL
2	BE ADDED TO CONSTITUTE THE GROSS SELLING PRICE.
3	SEC. 28. Section 149 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
4	hereby amended to read as follows:
5	"SEC. 149. Automobiles There shall be levied, assessed and collected
6	an ad valorem tax on automobiles based on the manufacturer's or importer's
7	selling price, net of excise and value-added tax, in accordance with the
8	following schedule:
9	"x x x
10	"Provided, That hybrid vehicles shall be subject to fifty percent (50%) of
11	the applicable excise tax rates on automobiles under this Section: Provided,
12	further, That purely electric vehicles [and pick-ups] shall be exempt from excise
13	tax on automobiles.
14	"As used in this Section –
15	"(a) x x x
16	"(b) Trucks/cargo van shall mean a motor vehicle of any configuration
17	that is exclusively designed for the carriage of goods and with any number of
18	wheels and axles[: Provided, That pick-ups shall not be considered as trucks].
19	"x x x."
20	SEC. 29. Section 174 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
21	hereby amended to read as follows:
22	"SEC. 174. Stamp Tax on Original Issue of Shares of Stock On every
23	original issue, whether on organization, reorganization or for any lawful
24	purpose, of shares of stock by any association, company, or corporation,
25	INCLUDING SHARES OF STOCK OR UNITS OF PARTICIPATION IN A
26	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEME, there shall be collected a documentary
27	stamp tax of [Two pesos (P2.00) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or
28	fractional part thereof, of the par value, SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF ONE
29	PERCENT (75% OF 1%) OF THE PAR VALUE of such shares of stock: Provided,
30	That in the case of the original issue of shares of stock without par value, the
31	amount of the documentary stamp tax herein prescribed shall be based upon the
32	actual consideration for the issuance of such shares of stock: Provided, further,
33	That in the case of stock dividends, on the actual value represented by each

share[.]: PROVIDED, FINALLY, THAT IN THE CASE OF COLLECTIVE

1	INVESTMENT SCHEMES WITHOUT PAR VALUE, THE DOCUMENTARY STAMP
2	TAX SHALL BE BASED ON THE INITIAL NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT."
3	SEC. 30. Section 175 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
4	hereby repealed.
5	SEC. 31. Section 176 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
6	hereby amended to read as follows:
7	"SEC. 176. Stamp Tax on Bonds, Debentures, AND [Certificate]
8	CERTIFICATES of Stock or Indebtedness Issued in Foreign Countries. –
9	[On all] A DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX OF SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF ONE
10	PERCENT (75% OF 1%) OF THE VALUE OF THE TRANSACTION SHALL BE
11	COLLECTED FROM A PERSON SELLING OR TRANSFERING bonds, debentures,
12	certificates of stock, or certificates of indebtedness issued in any foreign
13	country[, there shall be collected from the person selling or transferring the
14	same in the Philippines, such tax as is required by law on similar instruments
15	when issued, sold or transferred in the PhilippinesJ."
16	SEC. 32. Section 177 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
17	hereby repealed.
18	SEC. 33. Section 178 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
19	hereby repealed.
20	SEC. 34. Section 179 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
21	hereby amended to read as follows:
22	"SEC. 179. Stamp Tax on All Debt Instruments On every original issue
23	of debt instruments, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax of [One
24	peso and fifty centavos (P1.50) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or
25	fractional part thereof,] SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (75% OF
26	1%) of the issue price of any such debt instruments: Provided, That for such
27	debt instruments with terms of less than one (1) year, the documentary stamp
28	tax to be collected shall be of a proportional amount in accordance with the ratio
29	of its term in number of days to three hundred sixty-five (365) days: Provided,
30	further, That only one documentary stamp tax shall be imposed on either loan
31	agreement, or promissory notes issued to secure such loan.
32	"For purposes of this Section, the term 'debt instrument' shall mean [debt]
33	instruments representing horrowing and lending transactions including but not

limited to debentures, certificates of indebtedness, due bills, bonds, loan agreements, including those signed abroad wherein the object of contract is located or used in the Philippines, instruments and securities issued by the government or any of its instrumentalities, deposit substitute debt instruments, certificates or other evidences of deposits that are either drawing interest significantly higher the regular savings deposit taking into consideration the size of the deposit and the risks involved or drawing interest and having a specific maturity date, [orders for payment of any sum of money otherwise than at sight or on demand,] promissory notes, whether negotiable or non-negotiable, except bank notes issued for circulation."

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SEC. 35. Section 180 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 36. Section 181 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 181. Stamp Tax Upon Acceptance of Bills of Exchange and Others. — Upon any acceptance or payment of any bill of exchange or order for the payment of money purporting to be drawn in a foreign country but payable in the Philippines, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax OF THIRTY PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (30% OF 1%) [Sixty centavos (P0.60) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or fractional part thereof,] of the face value of any such bill of exchange, or order, or the Philippine equivalent of such value, if expressed in foreign currency."

SEC. 37. Section 182 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 182. Stamp Tax on Foreign Bills of Exchange and Letters of Credit. — On all foreign bills of exchange and [letter]LETTERS of credit (including orders, by telegraph or otherwise, for the payment of money issued by express or steamship companies or by any person or persons) drawn in but payable out of the Philippines in a set of three (3) or more according to the custom of merchants and bankers, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax OF THIRTY PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (30% OF 1%) [Sixty centavos (P0.60) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or fractional part thereof,] of the face value of any such bill of exchange or letter of credit, or the Philippine equivalent of such face value, if expressed in foreign currency[.]: PROVIDED,

1	THAT A LETTER OF CREDIT ON WHICH THE DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX	
2	IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION IS PAID UPON OPENING SHALL NOT BE	
3	SUBJECT AGAIN TO THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION 195 UPON AVAILMENT	
4	OF THE TRUST RECEIPT LINE WHERE THE PROPERTY SUBJECT OF THE	
5	LETTER OF CREDIT IS MADE A SECURITY FOR PAYMENT."	
6	SEC. 38. Section 183 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended,	
7	is hereby amended to read as follows:	
8	"SEC. 183. Stamp Tax on Life AND HEALTH Insurance Policies, ON	
9	ANNUITIES, AND HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PRODUCTS On	
10	all policies of insurance or other instruments by whatever name the same may	
11	be called, whereby any insurance, POLICY ON ANNUITY, OR HEALTH	
12	MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATION PRODUCT shall be made or renewed upon	
13	any life or lives AND HEALTH OF PERSONS, there shall be collected a one-time	
14	documentary stamp tax at the following rates:	
15	"If the amount of insurance does not exceed P100,000 - Exempt	
16	"If the amount of insurance exceeds P100,000	
	but does not exceed P300,000 - P20.00	
	"If the amount of insurance exceeds P300,000	
17	but does not exceed P500,000 - P50.00	
18	"If the amount of insurance exceeds P500,000	
19	but does not exceed P750,000 - P100.00	
20	"If the amount of insurance exceeds P750,000	
21	but does not exceed P1,000,000 - P150.00	
22	"If the amount of insurance exceeds P1,000,000 - P200.00	
23	SEC. 39. Section 184 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is	
24	hereby amended to read as follows:	
25	"SEC. 184. Stamp Tax on Policies of Insurance Upon Property On all	
26	policies of insurance or other instruments by whatever name the same may be	
27	called, [by which insurance shall be] made or renewed upon property of any	
28	description, including rents or profits, against peril by sea or on inland waters,	
29	or by fire or lightning, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax of [Fifty	
30	centavos (P0.50) on each Four pesos (P4.00), or fractional part thereof,]	
31	TWELVE AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (12.5%) of the amount of premium	
32	charged: Provided, however, That no documentary stamp tax shall be collected	

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	DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX
EFFECTIVITY	RATE ON PROPERTY INSURANCE
	POLICIES
JANUARY 1, 2023	ELEVEN AND ONE-HALF
JANUARY 1, 2023	PERCENT (11.5%)
JANUARY 1, 2024	TEN AND ONE-HALF
	PERCENT (10.5%)
JANUARY 1, 2025	NINE AND ONE-HALF
	PERCENT (9.5%)
YANGTADA: 1, 2027	EIGHT AND ONE-HALF
JANUARY 1, 2026	PERCENT (8.5%)
TANHIADW 1 2027	SEVEN AND ONE-HALF
JANUARY 1, 2027	PERCENT (7.5%)

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SEC. 40. Section 185 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 185. Stamp Tax on Fidelity Bonds and Other Insurance Policies. – On all policies of insurance or bonds or obligations of the nature of indemnity for loss, damage or liability made or renewed by any person, association, company or corporation transacting the business of accident, fidelity, employer's liability, plate, glass, steam boiler, burglar, elevator, automatic sprinkler, or other branch of insurance (except life, marine, inland, and fire insurance), and all bonds, undertakings, or recognizances, conditioned for the performance of the duties of any office or position, for the doing or not doing of anything therein specified, and on all obligations guaranteeing the validity or legality of any bond or other obligations issued by any province, city, municipality, or other public body or organization, and on all obligations guaranteeing the title to any real estate, or guaranteeing any mercantile credits,

which may be made or renewed by any such person, company or corporation, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax of [Fifty centavos (P0.50) on each Four pesos (P4.00), or fractional part thereof,] TWELVE AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (12.5%) of the premium charged[.]: PROVIDED, THAT SUCH TAX RATE SHALL BE IMPOSED ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

	DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX RATE ON	
EFFECTIVITY	FIDELITY BONDS AND OTHER INSURANCE	
	POLICIES	
JANUARY 1, 2023	ELEVEN AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (11.5%)	
JANUARY 1, 2024	TEN AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (10.5%)	
JANUARY 1, 2025	NINE AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (9.5%)	
JANUARY 1, 2026	EIGHT AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (8.5%)	
JANUARY 1, 2027	SEVEN AND ONE-HALF PERCENT (7.5%)	

SEC. 41. Section 186 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 186. Stamp Tax on [Policies of Annuities, and] Pre-Need Plans. – [On all policies of annuities, or other instruments by whatever name the same may be called, whereby an annuity may be made, transferred or redeemed, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax of One peso (P1.00) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or fractional part thereof, of the premium or installment payment on contract price collected.] On pre-need plans, [the documentary stamp tax shall be Forty centavos (P0.40) on each Two hundred pesos (P200), or fractional part thereof, of the premium or contribution collected.] THERE SHALL BE COLLECTED A DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX OF TWENTY PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (20% OF 1%) OF THE PREMIUM OR INSTALLMENT PAYMENT ON CONTRACT PRICE, OR CONTRIBUTION CHARGED."

SEC. 42. Section 187 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 187. Stamp Tax on Indemnity Bonds. — On all bonds for indemnifying any person, firm or corporation who shall become bound or engaged as surety for the payment of any sum of money or for the due execution or performance of the duties of any office or position or to account for money

1	received by virtue thereof, and on all other bonds of any description, except
2	such as may be required in legal proceedings, or are otherwise provided for
3	herein, there shall be collected a documentary stamp tax of [Thirty centavos
4	(P0.30) on each Four pesos (P4.00), or fractional part thereof,] SEVEN AND
5	ONE-HALF PERCENT (7.5%) of the premium charged."
6	SEC. 43. Section 188 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended is
7	hereby repealed.
8	SEC. 44. Section 190 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
9	hereby amended to read as follows:
10	"SEC. 190. Stamp Tax on Jai-alai, Horse Race Tickets, Lotto or Other
11	Authorized Numbers Games On each jai-alai, horse race ticket, [lotto], or
12	other authorized numbers games, there shall be collected a documentary stamp
13	tax of Twenty [centavos (P0.20): Provided, That if the cost of the ticket exceed
14	One peso (P1.00), an additional tax of Twenty centavos (P0.20) on every One
15	peso (P1.00), or fractional part thereof, shall be collected PERCENT (20%) OF
16	THE COST OF THE TICKET: PROVIDED, THAT ON EACH PCSO LOTTERY
17	TICKET, THERE SHALL BE COLLECTED A DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX OF
18	TEN PERCENT (10%) OF THE COST OF THE TICKET."
19	SEC. 45. Section 192 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
20	hereby repealed.
21	SEC. 46. Section 193 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
22	hereby repealed.
23	SEC. 47. Section 195 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
24	hereby amended to read as follows:
25	"SEC. 195. Stamp Tax on Mortgages, Pledges and Deeds of Trust On
26	every mortgage or pledge of lands, estate, or property, real or personal, heritable
27	or movable, whatsoever, where the same shall be made as a security for the
28	payment of any definite and certain sum of money lent at the time or previously
29	due and owing or forborne to be paid, being payable, and on any conveyance of
30	land, estate, or property whatsoever, in trust or to be sold, or otherwise
31	converted into money which shall be and intended only as security, either by
32	express stipulation or otherwise, there shall be collected a documentary stamp

tax [at the following rates:] OF THIRTY PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (0.30%)

OF THE AMOUNT SECURED.

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1	(a) When the amount secured does not exceed Five thousand pesos
2	(P5,000), Forty pesos (P40.00).]
3	[(b) On each Five thousand pesos (P5,000), or fractional part thereof
4	in excess of Five thousand pesos (P5,000), an additional tax of Twenty pesos
5	(P20.00).]
6	"x x x."
7	SEC. 48. Section 198 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
8	hereby amended to read as follows:
9	"SEC. 198. Stamp Tax on [Assignments and] Renewals of Certain
10	Instruments Upon each and every [assignment or transfer of any mortgage,
11	lease or policy of insurance, or the] renewal or continuance of any agreement,
12	contract, charter, or any evidence of obligation or indebtedness SUBJECT TO
13	DOCUMENTARY STAMP TAX UNDER THIS TITLE by THE EXTENSION OF THE
14	TERM OR MATURITY [altering or otherwise,] OR ALTERATION OF SUCH
15	AGREEMENT, CONTRACT OR CHARTER, there shall be levied, collected and
16	paid a documentary stamp tax, at the same rate as that imposed on the original
17	instrument."
18	SEC. 49. Section 199 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
19	hereby amended to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 199. Documents and Papers Not Subject to Stamp Tax The
21	provisions of Section 173 to the contrary notwithstanding, the following
22	instruments, documents and papers shall be exempt from the documentary
23	stamp tax:
24	"(a) x x x
25	"x x x
26	"(e) Sale, barter, [or] exchange, REDEMPTION OR OTHER DISPOSITION
27	of shares of stock, OR UNITS OF PARTICIPATION IN A COLLECTIVE
28	INVESTMENT SCHEME OR OTHER CIS SECURITIES, listed and traded through
29	the local stock exchange. THE ORIGINAL ISSUANCE OF SHARES OR UNITS OF
30	PARTICIPATION IN A CIS SHALL NOT BE COVERED BY THIS EXEMPTION.
31	"x x x

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1	"(n) Interbank call loans with maturity of not more than [seven (7)] FIVE
2	(5) days to cover deficiency in reserves against deposit liabilities, including
3	those between or among banks and quasi-banks."
4	SEC. 50. Section 204 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
5	hereby amended to read as follows:
6	"SEC. 204. Authority of the Commissioner to Compromise, Abate and
7	Refund or Credit Taxes The Commissioner may -
8	"(A) Compromise the payment of any internal revenue tax, when:
9	"x x x
10	"Where the basic tax involved exceeds [One million pesos (P1,000,000)]
11	FIFTEEN MILLION PESOS (P15,000,000) or where the settlement offered is less
12	than the prescribed minimum rates, the compromise shall be subject to the
13	approval of the Evaluation Board which shall be composed of the
14	Commissioner and the four (4) Deputy Commissioners.
15	"x x x."
16	SEC. 51. Section 222 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
17	hereby amended to read as follows:
18	"SEC. 222. Exceptions as to Period of Limitation of Assessment and
19	Collection of Taxes. –
20	"(a) x x x
21	"(b) If before the expiration of the time prescribed in Section 203 for the
22	assessment of the tax, [both the Commissioner and] the taxpayer [have agreed]
23	APPLIES WITH THE COMMISSIONER in writing [to its] FOR assessment [after
24	such time], the tax may be assessed within the period [agreed upon] SPECIFIED
25	IN THE APPLICATION WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED SIX (6) MONTHS AT ANY
26	GIVEN TIME. [The] SUCH period [so agreed upon] may be extended by
27	subsequent written [agreement] APPLICATION made before the expiration of
28	the period previously [agreed upon] APPLIED FOR.
29	"x x x."
30	SEC. 52. Section 237 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is
31	hereby further amended to read as follows:
32	"SEC. 237. Issuance of Receipts or Sales or Commercial Invoices. —
33	"(A) Issuance. $-x \times x$

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"Within five (5) years from the effectivity of this Act and upon the establishment of a system capable of storing and processing the required data the Bureau shall require taxpayers engaged in the export of goods and services. taxpayers engaged in e-commerce, and taxpayers under the jurisdiction of the Large Taxpayers Service to issue AND TRANSMIT electronic receipts or sales or commercial invoices [in lieu of manual receipts or sales or commercial invoices] THROUGH DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNELS WITH A PUBLIC CERTIFICATION SYSTEM ACCREDITED BY THE BUREAU, subject to rules and regulations to be issued by the Secretary of Finance upon recommendation of the Commissioner [and after a] FOLLOWING A public hearing [shall have been] held for this purpose: Provided, That taxpayers not covered by the mandate of this provision may issue electronic receipts or, sales or commercial invoices, in lieu of manual receipts, and sales and commercial invoices[.]: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT SUBJECT TO THE RULES AND REGULATIONS TO BE ISSUED BY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, UPON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER, THE BUREAU MAY REQUIRE ANY TAXPAYER TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

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"A PUBLIC CERTIFICATION SYSTEM SHALL REFER TO A DIGITAL PERSONAL AUTHENTICATION PROGRAM WITH ABILITY TO VERIFY THE IDENTITY OF THE ISSUING TAXPAYER AND ATTEST TO THE AUTHENTICITY OF THE INFORMATION IN THE ELECTRONIC RECEIPTS OR SALES OR COMMERCIAL INVOICES. THIS MAY INCLUDE THE USE OF DIGITAL SIGNATURE ISSUED BY CERTIFICATION AUTHORITY AS ACCREDITED BY THE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

"A DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNEL SHALL REFER TO ANY MEDIUM OR PORTAL IDENTIFIED BY THE BUREAU WITH AN ABILITY TO RECEIVE THE TRANSACTION DATA OF THE ELECTRONIC RECEIPTS OR SALES OR COMMERCIAL INVOICES FOR ASSIGNMENT OF AN APPROVED ELECTRONIC TAX TRANSACTION NUMBER.

"AN APPROVED TAX TRANSACTION NUMBER SHALL REFER TO THE UNIQUE ASSIGNED SERVICE NUMBERS AND/OR LETTERS LINKED TO A VALIDATED SALES TRANSACTION REPORTED THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNEL.

"The original of each receipt or invoice shall be issued to the purchaser, customer or client at the time the transaction is effected, who, if engaged in

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business or in the exercise of profession, shall keep and preserve the same in his place of business for a period of three (3) years from the close of the taxable year in which such invoice or receipt was issued, while the duplicate shall be kept and preserved by the issuer, also in his place of business, for a like period: *Provided*, That in case of electronic receipts or sales or commercial invoices, the digital records of the same [shall be kept by the purchaser, customer or client and the issuer for the same period above stated] **BEARING THE APPROVED ELECTRONIC TAX TRANSACTION NUMBER SHALL BE SUFFICIENT COMPLIANCE.**

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33 34 "The Commissioner may, in meritorious cases, exempt any person subject to internal revenue tax from compliance with the provisions of this Section."

SEC. 53. Section 237-A of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 237-A. Electronic Sales Reporting System. - Within five (5) years from the effectivity of this Act and upon the establishment of a system capable of storing and processing the required data, the Bureau shall require taxpayers engaged in the export of goods and services, AND TAXPAYERS ENGAGED IN E-COMMERCE and taxpayers under the jurisdiction of the Large Taxpayers Service to [electronically report their sales data to the Bureau through the use of electronic point of sales systems, USE A SYSTEM CAPABLE OF ISSUING ELECTRONIC RECEIPTS OR SALES OR COMMERCIAL INVOICES, COLLECT TRANSACTION RECORDS, AND TRANSMIT THE SAME THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNELS OF THE BUREAU IN THE STANDARD FORMAT REQUIRED subject to rules and regulations to be issued by the Secretary of Finance as recommended by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue: Provided, That the POINT OF SALE machines, VALUE-ADDED NETWORK TERMINALS, fiscal devices, and fiscal memory devices WITH CAPACITY TO MAKE SUCH TRANSMISSION shall be at the expense of the taxpayers[.]: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT SUBJECT TO THE RULES AND REGULATIONS TO BE ISSUED BY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, THE COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE ANY TAXPAYER TO COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.

"IN YEAR ONE (1) TO YEAR FOUR (4) OF THE IMPLEMENTATION PERIOD OF THIS ACT, A TAXPAYER WHO ADOPTS THE REQUIRED SYSTEM

SHALL BE GRANTED A TAX CREDIT OF TEN PERCENT OF ONE PERCENT (0.1%) OF THE PURCHASE VALUE, NET OF VALUE-ADDED TAX, FOR EVERY ELECTRONIC RECEIPT OR SALE OR COMMERCIAL INVOICE TRANSMITTED THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNELS OF THE BUREAU AND ISSUED AN ELECTRONIC TAX TRANSACTION NUMBER.

"IN SUPPORT OF THE ELECTRONIC SALES REPORTING SYSTEM, THE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE MAY GRANT TAX INCENTIVES FOR ELECTRONICALLY TRACEABLE PAYMENTS IN THE FORM OF ALLOWABLE DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSE OF UP TO TEN PERCENT (10%) OF THE ELECTRONICALLY TRACEABLE PAYMENTS MADE BY THE TAXPAYER. AN ANNUAL LIMIT ON THE ALLOWED ELECTRONICALLY TRACEABLE PAYMENTS DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSE PER TAXPAYER MAY BE SET BY THE COMMISSIONER WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE.

"ELECTRONICALLY TRACEABLE PAYMENTS REFER TO CREDIT CARD, DEBIT CARD, OR OTHER METHODS OF PAYMENT THAT CAN VERIFY THE IDENTITY OF PAYOR.

"THE BUREAU MAY LIKEWISE ESTABLISH A RECEIPT AND INVOICE LOTTERY PROGRAM FOR ELECTRONIC RECEIPTS OR SALES OR COMMERCIAL INVOICES TRANSMITTED THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ELECTRONIC CHANNELS OF THE BUREAU AND ISSUE A CORRESPONDING ELECTRONIC TAX TRANSACTION NUMBER.

"The data processing of sales and purchase data shall comply with the provisions of Republic Act No. 10173, otherwise known as the 'Data Privacy Act' and Section 270 of the NIRC, as amended, on unlawful divulgence of taxpayer information and such other laws relating to the confidentiality of information.

"x x x."

SEC. 54. Section 255 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 255. Failure to File Return, Supply Correct and Accurate Information, Pay Tax, Withhold and Remit Tax and Refund Excess Taxes Withheld on Compensation. – Any person required under this Code or by rules and regulations promulgated thereunder to pay any tax, make a return, keep any record, or supply correct and accurate information, who willfully fails to pay such tax, make such return, keep such record, or supply such correct and

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accurate information, or withhold or remit taxes withheld, or refund excess taxes withheld on compensation, at the time or times required by law or rules and regulations shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than [Ten thousand pesos (P10,000)] FORTY THOUSAND PESOS (P40,000) and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than ten (10) years.

"Any person who attempts to make it appear for any reason that [he] THE TAX PAYER or another has in fact filed a return or statement, or actually files a return or statement and subsequently withdraws the same return or statement after securing the official receiving seal or stamp of receipt of an internal revenue office wherein the same was actually filed shall, upon conviction therefor, be punished by a fine of not less than [Ten thousand pesos (P10,000) but not more than Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000)] FORTY THOUSAND PESOS (P40,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN EIGHTY THOUSAND PESOS (P80,000) and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than three (3) years."

SEC. 55. Section 256 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 256. Penal Liability of Corporations. – Any corporation, association or general co-partnership liable for any of the acts or omissions penalized under this Code, in addition to the penalties imposed herein upon the responsible corporate officers, partners, or employees shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000)] TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P200,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P2,800,000)."

SEC. 56. Section 257 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 257. Penal Liability for Making False Entries, Records or Reports, or Using Falsified or Fake Accountable Forms. —

"(A) Any financial officer or independent Certified Public Accountant engaged to examine and audit books of accounts of taxpayers under Section 232(A) and any person under his direction who:

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"(B) Any p	erson w	ho:
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"(1) Not being an independent Certified Public Accountant according to Section 232(B) or a financial officer, examines and audits books of accounts of taxpayers; or

"X X X

"(8) Willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed under this Code, or knowingly uses fake or falsified revenue official receipts, Letters of Authority, certificates authorizing registration, Tax Credit Certificates, Tax Debit Memoranda and other accountable forms shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not less than [Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000)] ONE HUNDRED THIRTY THOUSAND PESOS (P130,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED SEVENTY THOUSAND PESOS (P270,000) and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than two (2) years but not more than six (6) years.

"If the offender is a Certified Public Accountant, [his] THE OFFENDER'S [certificate as a Certified Public Accountant] LICENSE TO PRACTICE THE ACCOUNTING PROFESSION AND CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION shall be automatically revoked or cancelled upon conviction.

"In the case of foreigners, conviction under this Code shall result in [his] THEIR immediate deportation after serving sentence, without further proceedings for deportation."

SEC. 57. Section 258 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 258. Unlawful Pursuit of Business. — Any person who carries on any business for which an annual registration fee is imposed without paying the tax as required by law shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not less than [Five thousand pesos (P5,000) but not more than Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000)] FIFTY THOUSAND PESOS (P50,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P300,000) and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than two (2) years: Provided, That in the case of a person engaged in the business of distilling, rectifying, repacking, compounding or manufacturing any article subject to excise tax, [he] shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be

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punished by a fine of not less than [Thirty thousand pesos (P30,000) but not more than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000)] THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P300,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P700,000) and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than two (2) years but not more than four (4) years."

SEC. 58. Section 261 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 261. Unlawful Use of Denatured Alcohol. – Any person who for the purpose of manufacturing any beverage, uses denatured alcohol or alcohol specially denatured to be used for motive power or withdrawn under bond for industrial uses or alcohol knowingly misrepresented to be denatured to be unfit for oral intake or who knowingly sells or offers for sale any beverage made in whole or in part from such alcohol or who uses such alcohol for the manufacture of liquid medicinal preparations taken internally, or knowingly sells or offers for sale such preparations containing as an ingredient such alcohol, shall, upon conviction for each act or omission be punished by a fine of not less than [Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000)] FIVE HUNDRED SIXTY THOUSAND PESOS (P560,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO MILLION EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P2,800,000) and [suffer] imprisonment for a term of not less than six (6) years and one (1) day but not more than twelve (12) years.

"x x x."

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SEC. 59. Section 263 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 263. Unlawful Possession or Removal of Articles Subject to Excise Tax without Payment of the Tax. – Any person who owns and/or is found in possession of imported articles subject to excise tax, the tax on which has not been paid in accordance with law, or any person who owns and/or is found in possession of imported tax-exempt articles other than those to whom they are legally issued shall be punished by:

"(a) x x x

"x x x

"(E) A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P1,500,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN FIFTEEN MILLION

PESOS (P15,000,000), AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) 1 2 YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS, IF THE 3 APPRAISED VALUE, TO BE DETERMINED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED IN 4 THE CUSTOMS MODERNIZATION AND TARIFF ACT, INCLUDING DUTIES AND TAXES, OF THE ARTICLES IS MORE THAN FIVE MILLION PESOS 5 6 (P5,000,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN FIFTY MILLION PESOS (P50,000,000); 7 "(F) A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIFTEEN MILLION PESOS 8 (P15,000,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN FIFTY MILLION PESOS (P50,000,000), 9 AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY (20) YEARS, IF THE APPRAISED VALUE, 10 11 TO BE DETERMINED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED IN THE CUSTOMS 12 MODERNIZATION AND TARIFF ACT, INCLUDING DUTIES AND TAXES, OF 13 THE ARTICLES IS MORE THAN FIFTY MILLION PESOS (P50,000,000) BUT 14 NOT MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED MILLION PESOS (P200,000,000); OR 15 "(G) A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIFTY MILLION PESOS (P50,000,000) 16 AND IMPRISONMENT OF TWENTY (20) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT 17 MORE THAN THIRTY (30) YEARS, IF THE APPRAISED VALUE OF THE GOODS 18 UNLAWFULLY IMPORTED TO BE DETERMINED IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED IN THE CUSTOMS MODERNIZATION AND TARIFF ACT, 19 INCLUDING DUTIES AND TAXES, EXCEEDS TWO HUNDRED MILLION PESOS 20 21 (P200,000,000) OR IF THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF THE APPRAISED VALUE OF THE GOODS WHICH ARE THE SUBJECT OF UNLAWFUL IMPORTATION 27 23 COMMITTED IN MORE THAN ONE INSTANCE, INCLUDING DUTIES AND 24 TAXES, EXCEEDS TWO HUNDRED MILLION PESOS (P200,000,000). 25 "x x x " 26 SEC. 60. Section 264 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 27 hereby amended to read as follows: 28 "SEC. 264. Failure or Refusal to Issue Receipts or Sales or Commercial Invoices, Violations Related to the Printing of such Receipts or Invoices and 29 30 Other Violations. -"(a) Any person who, being required under Section 237 to issue receipts 31

or sales or commercial invoices, fails or refuses to issue such receipts or invoices, issues receipts or invoices that do not truly reflect and/or contain all

the information required to be shown therein, or uses multiple or double receipts

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or invoices, shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a 1 fine of not less than [One thousand pesos (P1,000) but not more than Fifty 2 thousand pesos (P50,000)] THIRTY THOUSAND PESOS (P30,000) BUT NOT 3 MORE THAN ONE MILLION FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P1,400,000) 4 and [suffer] imprisonment of not less than two (2) years but not more than four 5 (4) years. 6 "x x x." 7 SEC. 61. Section 266 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is 8 hereby amended to read as follows: 9 "SEC. 266. Failure to Obey Summons. - Any person who, AFTER 10 HAVING BEEN [being] duly summoned to appear to testify, or to appear and 11 produce books of accounts, records, memoranda or other papers, or to furnish 12 information as required under the pertinent provisions of this Code, neglects to 13 appear or to produce such books of accounts, records, memoranda or other 14 papers, or to furnish such information, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a 15 fine of not less than [Five thousand pesos (P5,000)] ONE HUNDRED 16 THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000) but not more than [Ten thousand pesos 17 (P10,000)] THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P300,000) and [suffer] 18 imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than two (2) years." 19 SEC. 62. A new section, Section 270-A is hereby inserted in the National Internal 20 Revenue Code, as amended, and shall read as follows: 21 "SEC. 270-A. OFFENSES RELATING TO EXCHANGES OF INFORMATION. 22 - VIOLATIONS OF THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 6(F)(3) SHALL BE 23 PUNISHABLE AS FOLLOWS: 24 "(A) ANY OFFICER, OWNER, AGENT, MANAGER, DIRECTOR OR 25 OFFICER-IN-CHARGE OF ANY REPORTING FINANCIAL INSTITUTION WHO 26 FAILS TO SUPPLY FINANCIAL ACCOUNT INFORMATION WHEN REQUIRED 27 OR REQUESTED UNDER THIS ACT AND ITS RULES AND REGULATIONS 28 SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED 29 THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000), BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED

THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000), OR SUFFER IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS

THAN SIX (6) MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN FOUR (4) YEARS, OR BOTH;

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"(B) NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 253(D) OF THIS CODE, ANY 1 FINANCIAL INSTITUTION COVERED UNDER THE RULES AND REGULATIONS 2 3 MADE UNDER THIS ACT WHICH FAILS TO: "(1) REPORT THE INFORMATION AS AND WHEN REQUIRED UNDER 4 THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE UNDER THIS ACT; 5 "(2) COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE DUE DILIGENCE OBLIGATIONS AS 6 7 PRESCRIBED UNDER THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE UNDER THIS 8 ACT: AND 9 "(3) FILE AND KEEP THE RECORDS REQUIRED WITHIN THE PURVIEW OF THIS ACT OR THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE UNDER THIS ACT 10 SHALL BE PUNISHED, PER OMISSION, BY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIFTY 11 12 THOUSAND PESOS (P50,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED 13 THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000). 14 "(A) ANY OFFICER, OWNER, AGENT, MANAGER, DIRECTOR OR OFFICER-IN-CHARGE OF A REPORTING FINANCIAL INSTITUTION WHO 15 FAILS TO FILE AND KEEP THE RECORDS REQUIRED WITHIN THE PURVIEW 16 17 OF THIS ACT, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000), BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED 18 19 THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000), OR SUFFER IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS 20 THAN SIX (6) MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR, OR BOTH; 21 "(B) ANY OFFICER, OWNER, AGENT, MANAGER, DIRECTOR OR OFFICER-IN-CHARGE OF A REPORTING FINANCIAL INSTITUTION WHO 22 SHALL BE NON-COMPLIANT WITH ANY OF THE DUE DILIGENCE 23 24 OBLIGATIONS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT LESS THAN ONE 25 HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000), BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE 26 HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000), OR SUFFER IMPRISONMENT OF 27 NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) MONTHS BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR, OR 28 BOTH: AND "(C) ANY PERSON WHO MAKES A FALSE STATEMENT OR OMISSION IN 29 30 RESPECT OF ANY INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED OR 31 FURNISHED TO A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE DUE 32 DILIGENCE PROCEDURES UNDER THE RULES AND REGULATIONS MADE

UNDER THIS ACT, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN ONE

HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000) BUT NOT MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PHILIPPINE PESOS (P500,000) FOR EACH SUCH

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FAILURE, OR SUFFER IMPRISONMENT OF SIX (6) MONTHS TO FOUR (4)
YEARS IMPRISONMENT, OR BOTH.

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 "IF A PERSON OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTION ENTERS INTO ANY ARRANGEMENT OR TAKES ANY ACTION, THE MAIN PURPOSE, OR ONE OF THE MAIN PURPOSES OF WHICH IS TO AVOID ANY OBLIGATION UNDER, OR TO CIRCUMVENT THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 6(F)(3), THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOTIFY SUCH PERSON OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTION THAT THE ACCOUNTS COVERED BY SUCH ARRANGEMENT OR ACTION FALLS UNDER SECTION 6(F)(3) AS IF THE ARRANGEMENTS HAD NOT BEEN ENTERED INTO OR THE ACTION HAD NOT BEEN TAKEN, AND DIRECT THE REPORTING THEREOF."

SEC. 63. Section 275 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 275. Violation of Other Provisions of this Code or Rules and Regulations in General. – Any person who violates any provision of this Code or any rule or regulation promulgated by the Department of Finance, for which no specific penalty is provided by law, shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not more than [One thousand pesos (P1,000)] THIRTY THOUSAND PESOS (P30,000) or [suffer] imprisonment of not more than [six (6) months,] TWO (2) YEARS, or both."

SEC. 64. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The Department of Finance, in consultation with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, Insurance Commission, the Bureau of the Treasury, and the Bureau of Internal Revenue, shall issue rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.

SEC. 65. Separability Clause. – If, for any reason any article or provision of this Act, or any portion thereof, or application of such article, provision, or portion thereof to any person, group, or circumstance is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act shall not be affected by such decision or declaration.

SEC. 66. Repealing Clause. – The following laws or provisions of laws are hereby repealed or modified accordingly and the persons and/or transactions affected herein are hereby made subject to applicable taxes on interest income, dividends, and capital gains, gross receipts tax, premium tax, and documentary stamp tax under the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended:

- (a) Section 9, insofar as the tax exemption on the issuance of bonds and 1 2 securities is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 1648, known as "Reorganizing the National Development Company and Establishing a Revised 3 Charter Therefor"; 4 (b) Sections 6, 7, and 8, insofar as the tax exemptions on interest income. 5 6 capital gains, and documentary stamp tax and on the issuance of bonds are 7 concerned, of Executive Order No. 603, entitled "Creating a Light Rail Transit 8 Authority, Vesting the Same with Authority to Construct and Operate the Light Rail Transit (LRT) Project and Providing Funds Therefor"; 9 10 (c) Section 14, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains. 11 and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 7354, entitled "An Act Creating the Philippine Postal Corporation, Defining Its Powers, 12 13 Functions and Responsibilities, Providing for Regulation of the Industry and for Other Purposes Connected Therewith": 14 (d) Section 12, insofar as the tax exemptions on interest income, capital 15 gains, and documentary stamp tax and on the issuance of bonds are concerned. 16 17 of Republic Act No. 4850, entitled "An Act Creating the Laguna Lake Development Authority, Prescribing its Powers, Functions and Duties, 18 19 Providing Funds Therefor, and for Other Purposes";
 - (e) Number 8, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 37, entitled "Creating the Nayong Pilipino Foundation";

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- (f) Section 12, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 205, entitled "Creating and Establishing the Development Academy of the Philippines, Defining its Powers, Functions, and Responsibilities, and for Other Purposes";
- (g) Article 202, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, documentary stamp tax, and premium tax is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 442 as amended by Presidential Decree No. 626, entitled "Labor Code of the Philippines";
- (h) Sections 10 and 11, insofar as the tax exemptions on interest income, capital gains, and documentary stamp tax of subsidiaries of Philippine Aerospace Development Corporation and on the issuance of bonds are

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1 concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 696, entitled "Revising Presidential 2 Decree No. 286, dated September 5, 1973, as amended, otherwise known as 3 The Charter of The Philippine Aerospace Development Corporation and for 4 Other Purposes": 5 (i) Section 2(g), insofar as the tax exemptions on interest income and on 6 the issuance of bonds are concerned, of Republic Act No. 85, as amended by 7 Republic Act No. 2081, entitled "An Act Creating the Rehabilitation Finance 8 Corporation"; 9 (j) Sections 76, 77 and 98, insofar as tax exemption on interest income. 10 dividends, capital gains, and documentary stamp tax on bonds is concerned, of 11 Republic Act No. 3844 otherwise known as "The Agricultural Land Reform Code": 12 13 (k) Section 37, insofar as the tax exemption on interest income, capital 14 gains, gross receipts tax, and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Republic 15 Act No. 6848 or The Charter of The Al-Amanah Islamic Investment Bank of 16 the Philippines"; (1) Sections 19, insofar as the tax exemptions on interest income and 17 18 issuance of bonds are concerned, of Republic Act No. 3591, as amended by 19 Republic Act No. 9576 or entitled as "An Act Increasing the Maximum Deposit Insurance Coverage, and in Connection Therewith, to Strengthen the 20 21 Regulatory and Administrative Authority, and Financial Capability of the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC), Amending for this Purpose 22 23 Republic Act Numbered Three Thousand Five Hundred Ninety-One, as 24 amended, otherwise known as The PDIC Charter, and for Other Purposes"; 25 (m) Section 12, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, 26 and documentary stamp tax and the issuance of bonds are concerned, of 27 Executive Order No. 1037, entitled "An Act Creating the Philippine Retirement 28 Park System, Providing Funds Therefor and for Other Purposes"; 29 (n) Sections 5 and 19, insofar as the tax exemptions on the issuance of bonds, interest income and documentary stamp tax are concerned, of Republic 30 31 Act No. 8763 or Home Guaranty Corporation Act of 2000; (o) Sections 19 and 25, insofar as tax exemption on documentary stamp

Development and Housing Act of 1992";

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33 34 tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 7279 otherwise known as "The Urban

(p) Section 8(a), insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, 1 2 and documentary stamp tax of bonds is concerned, as provided under Section 1 of Republic Act No. 6395 or An Act Revising the Charter of the National Power 3 Corporation; 4 (g) Sections 9 and 15, insofar as the tax exemptions on the issuance of 5 6 bonds, interest income, capital gains, and documentary stamp tax are concerned, 7 of PD No. 334, entitled "Creating the Philippine National Oil Company, Defining its Powers and Functions, Providing Funds Therefore, and for Other 8 Purposes": 9 10 (r) Section 16, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains. 11 and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 1467, entitled "Creating the Philippine Crop Insurance Corporation, Prescribing Its 12 Powers and Activities, Providing or Its Capitalization and for the Required 13 Government Premium Subsidy, and for Other Purposes"; 14 (s) Section 3, insofar as the tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, 15 16 and documentary stamp tax of bonds is concerned, of Republic Act No. 3601, 17 entitled "An Act Granting the National Irrigation Administration"; (t) Section 6 (a, xviii (2)), in so far as tax exemption on interest income 18 19 and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Presidential Decree No.1485, as 20 amended by Presidential Decree No. 1770, entitled "Reconstituting the National Grains Authority to the National Food Authority, Broadening its 21 22 Functions and Powers and for Other Purposes"; 23 (u) Section 5 (e), insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, 24 and documentary stamp tax on bonds is concerned, of Republic Act No. 6260. 25 entitled "An Act Instituting a Coconut Investment Fund and Creating a Coconut Investment Company for the Administration Thereof"; 26 27 (v) Section 7, insofar as tax exemption on documentary stamp tax and premium tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 7111, entitled "An Act 28 29 Establishing The Overseas Workers' Investment Fund to Provide Incentives to 30 Overseas Workers, Reduce the Foreign Debt Burden and for Other Purposes"; 31 (w) Section 56, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, capital gains, 32 and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 10801, entitled

"An Act Governing the Operations and Administration of the Overseas

Workers Welfare Administration";

1 (x) Section 5, insofar as tax exemption on interest income is concerned, of Republic Act No. 8367, entitled "An Act Providing for the Regulation of the 2 3 Organization and Operation of Non-Stock Savings and Loan Associations"; (y) Section 28, insofar as tax exemption on capital gains on shares of stock 4 5 and documentary stamp tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 9267 or The Securitization Act of 2004": 6 7 (z) Section 15, insofar as tax exemption on capital gains and documentary 8 stamp tax is concerned, of Republic Act No. 9182, as amended by Republic Act No. 9343, entitled "An Act Granting Tax Exemptions and Fee Privileges to 9 10 Special Purpose Vehicles which Acquire or Invest in Non-Performing Assets, Setting the Regulatory Framework Therefor, and for Other Purposes"; 11 (aa) Section 23, insofar as no deduction from gross income shall be 12 13 allowed in respect of any interest if the indebtedness is incurred to finance 14 petroleum exploration is concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 87, entitled 15 "Amending Presidential Decree No. 8 issued on October 2, 1972, and Promulgating an Amended Act to Promote the Discovery and Production of 16 Indigenous Petroleum and Appropriate Funds Therefor": 17 18 (bb) Section 32, insofar as the tax exemptions on capital gains, interest 19 income and DST and issuance of bonds are concerned, of Republic Act No. 20 6424 or the Philippine Export Credit Insurance and Guarantee Corporation Act; (cc) Section 6, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends and 21 22 capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 6426 or the Foreign Currency Deposit Act of the Philippines, as amended; 23 Section 16 (b), insofar as tax exemption on interest income, 24 25 dividends and capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 9497, entitled 26 "An Act Creating the Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines, Authorizing the Appropriation of Funds Therefor, and For Other Purposes"; 27 28 (ee) Section 21, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends 29 and capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 7356, entitled "An Act Creating the National Commission for Culture and the Arts, Establishing a 30 31 National Endowment Fund for Culture and the Arts, and For Other Purposes"; (ff) Section 23 (a), insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends

and capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 10086, entitled "An Act

Strengthening Peoples' Nationalism through Philippine History by Changing

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the Nomenclature of the National Historical Institute into the National 1 2 Historical Commission of the Philippines, Strengthening Its Powers and Functions, and For Other Purposes"; 3 (gg) Section 11, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends 4 and capital gains are concerned, of Presidential Decree No. 1201, series of 1977, 5 entitled "Creating the Philippine Institute for Development Studies"; 6 7 (hh) Section 11, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends and capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 2640, as amended by 8 9 Batas Pambansa Bilang 35, entitled "An Act to Create A Public Corporation to be Known as the Veterans Federation of the Philippines, Defining its Powers, 10 and for Other Purposes"; and 11 (ii) Section 12, insofar as tax exemption on interest income, dividends 12 13 and capital gains are concerned, of Republic Act No. 4156, as amended by Republic Act No. 6366, entitled "An Act Creating the Philippine National 14 Railways, Prescribing Its Powers, Functions and Duties, and Providing for the 15 Necessary Funds for Its Operation". 16 17 SEC. 67. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2023, following its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in at least one (1) newspaper of general 18

Approved,

circulation.