CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES TENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 6436

INTRODUCED BY HONORABLE SATOR, LEDESMA IV, JOAQUIN, SARMIENTO (A.), AUMENTADO, MARAÑON, Almario, Nograles, Rama, Sr., Tajon, Villarosa. SANDOVAL, ERMITA, ADIONG, CLAUDIO, PAREDES, JR., VILLAREAL, LOBREGAT, CRUZ-DUCUT, ANGARA-CASTILLO, DIAZ (R.), RUIZ, TEVES, PALMA GIL, LIBAN, BARBERS, ROMERO, RESPICIO, GUANZON (R.G.), ACUÑA, CARLOTO, BONDOC, SINGSON, CEZAR, APOSTOL, CABILAO, PANCHO, ANDOLANA, PARAS, ESCUDERO III, JAAFAR, PUNZALAN (J.). TIRADOR, BAUTISTA, SR., TILANDUCA, AQUINO (F.), ABINES, SHAHANI, FALCON, ALMENDRAS, JR., MONTILLA, MAMBA, COSALAN, BENGSON III, BALINDONG, OLEGARIO, SR., UNAS, OUIMPO, BAGATSING, JR., ACOSTA, ABAD, PADILLA, ALVAREZ. JR. SALALIMA, GARCIA (E.), FUENTES, CAPPLEMAN, PIMENTEL, LARA, TAGLE, MONTEMAYOR, JAVIER (E.), GILLEGO, FIGUEROA, DEL MAR, DURANO III, TINGA, RAMIREZ, SILVERIO, ZUBIRI, JR., VELOSO, TUAZON, FAJARDO, CHAVES. BORJA-AGANA. FUA. MANGOTARA, SARMIENTO (R.), VALDEZ, OSMEÑA, AQUINO (H.), GONZALES II, MUARIP, PAYUMO, CANDAZO, CERILLES, ARROYO, ABAYA (A.), SERAPIO, ASISTIO, DEQUIÑA, ALFELOR, LOPEZ (A.), AND TY, PER COMMITTEE REPORT No. 247

AN ACT REPLACING **OUANTITATIVE IMPORT** RESTRICTIONS **AGRICULTURAL** (QRs) ON PRODUCTS, EXCEPT RICE. WITH TARIFFS. CREATING THE AGRICULTURAL COMPETITIVENESS TARIFFICATION FUND. AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Declaration of Policy. – It is the policy of the State to make the country's agricultural sector viable, efficient and globally competitive. The State adopts the use of tariffs in lieu of non-tariff restrictions to protect local producers of agricultural products, except rice, which will continue to have quantitative import restrictions.

Consistent with the constitutional mandate of protecting Filipino firms against unfair trade, it is furthermore the policy of the State to apply special safeguards, anti-dumping and countervailing measures to protect local producers from unfair trade practices.

To prepare the agricultural sector for global competition, the State shall improve productivity by providing the necessary support services such as irrigation, farm-to-market roads, post-harvest equipment and facilities, credit, crop insurance, research and development, extension, other marketing infrastructure, information, and other support services.

- SEC. 2. Definition of Terms. The following definitions apply to the terms used in this Act:
- (a) "Agricultural products" shall have the same meaning as agricultural products under Presidential Decree No. 1464, otherwise known as the Tariff and Customs Code of the Philippines, as amended.

- (b) "Quantitative import restrictions" refers to non-tariff restrictions used to prevent the entry of imported commodities, including but not limited to import prohibitions, discretionary import licensing, and import quotas, whether qualified or absolute.
- (c) "Tariff" refers to a tax levied on a commodity imported from another country. It earns revenues for the government and is regarded as an instrument to promote local industries by taxing their competitors. The benefit is accorded to the local producers by the maintenance of a domestic price at a level equal to the world price plus the tariff.
- (d) "Minimum access volume" refers to the volume of a specific agricultural product that is allowed to be imported with a lower rate of duty as specified in the Tariff and Customs Code of the Philippines, as amended.
- (f) "Base bound rate" refers to the maximum limits on tariffs on products committed by the Philippines to the World Trade Organization (WTO) under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) Uruguay Round Agreement on its initial year of implementation.
- SEC. 3. Repeal. The following laws prescribing quantitative import restrictions on agricultural products, except rice, are hereby repealed:

1	(a) Republic Act No. 1296, entitled: "An Act to Prohibit the
2	Importation of Onions, Potatoes, Garlic, and Cabbages, Except for
3	Seedling Purposes, and to Provide Penalties for the Violation
4	Thereof";
5	(b) Republic Act No. 2712, entitled: "An Act to Prohibit the
6	Importation of Coffee";
7	(c) Presidential Decree No. 1297, as amended, entitled:
8	"Centralizing the Importation of Ruminants for Breeding, Slaughter
9	and Beef";
10	(d) Presidential Decree no. 1483, entitled: "Authorizing the
11	Importation of Foreign Cigar Leaf Tobacco for Blending Purposes."
12	Likewise, the following provisions of law prescribing
13	quantitative import restrictions or granting government agencies the
14	power to impose such restrictions on agricultural products, except
15	rice, are also hereby repealed:
16	(1) Paragraph 10 of Section 23 of Republic Act No. 7607,
17	entitled: "An Act Providing a Magna Carta for Small Farmers";
18	(2) Paragraph (a) of Section 15 of Republic Act No. 7308,
19	entitled: "Seed Industry Development Act"; and
20	(3) Section 4 of Republic Act No. 4155, as amended,
21	entitled: "An Act to Promote and Strengthen the Virginia Tobacco
22	Industry."

SEC. 4. Amendment. - Subparagraph (xii), Paragraph (a),
Section 6 of Presidential Decree No. 4 (National Grains Authority
Act), as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 6.(a) Powers. -

"(xii) To establish rules and regulations governing the importation of rice[, corn and other grains and their substitutes and/or by-products/end-products] and to license, impose and collect fees and charges for said importation for the purpose of equalizing the selling price of such imported [grains and their substitutes and/or their by-products/end-products] RICE with the normal prevailing domestic prices.

"In the exercise of this power, the Council after consultation with the Office of the President shall first certify to a shortage of Igrains and/or their substitutes] RICE that may occur as a result of a short-fall in production, a critical demand-supply gap, a state of calamity or other verified reasons that may warrant the need for importation. The Authority shall undertake direct importation of Igrains and/or their substitutes] RICE or it may allocate import quotas among certified and licensed importers, and the distribution thereof through cooperatives and other marketing channels, at prices to be determined by the Council regardless of existing floor

prices and the subsidy thereof, if any, shall be borne by the National
 Government."

SEC. 5. Tariff Rates. - The base (maximum) bound rates committed under the Uruguay Round shall be imposed on the agricultural products whose quantitative restrictions are repealed by this Act.

SEC. 6. Agricultural Competitiveness Tariffication Fund. – To implement the policy enunciated in this Act, there is hereby created the Agricultural Competitiveness Tariffication Fund, which are public funds, hereinafter referred to as the Fund. The Fund shall be sourced from the proceeds of importation of the Minimum Access Volumes (MAV) of agricultural products, the same being the difference between the landed cost of the commodity and the market price.

The Fund shall be appropriated by Congress annually in the General Appropriations Act to improve farm productivity and competitiveness by providing the necessary support services such as irrigation, farm-to-market roads, post-harvest equipment and facilities, credit, research and development, extension, and other marketing infrastructure and information.

1	The allocation of the Fund shall be made proportionately to
2	the sectors/industries adversely affected by the repeal based on the
3	specific needs of the agricultural sector concerned.
4	The Committee on Agriculture of both the Senate and the
5	House of Representatives of Congress shall conduct an annual
6	oversight on the use of the Fund. The Fund shall have a term of ten
7	(10) years.
8	SEC. 7. Repealing Clause All laws, decrees, executive
9	issuances, rules and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby
10	repealed or modified accordingly.
11	SEC. 8. Separability Clause The provisions of this Act are
12	hereby declared to be separable and in the event one or more of
13	such provisions are held unconstitutional, the validity of the other
14	provisions shall not be affected thereby.
15	SEC. 9. Effectivity This Act shall take effect thirty (30) days
16	from the date of its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least
17	two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
	Approved,