NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
First Regular Session



'22 JUL 11 P6:30

SENATE

)

s. No. 279

RECEIVED BY.

Introduced by SENATOR JINGGOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

AN ACT

EXPANDING THE COVERAGE OF THE TERTIARY EDUCATION SUBSIDY, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10931, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO QUALITY TERTIARY EDUCATION ACT"

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Quality, accessible, and inclusive education has always been among the priorities of the government pursuant to the Constitutional mandate that the State shall "establish and maintain a system of scholarship grants, student loan programs, subsidies, and other incentives which shall be available to deserving students in both public and private schools, especially to the underprivileged."

In 2017, Republic Act No. 10931, otherwise known as the "Universal Access to Quality Education Act," was enacted to make education, particularly higher and technical-vocational education, accessible to all through adequate funding and partnership with private educational institutions. By virtue of the said law, Tertiary Education Subsidy (TES) was established in all state universities and colleges (SUCs), local universities and colleges (LUCs), private higher education institutions (HEIs) and all technical-vocational institutions (TVIs).

In light of making education more inclusive, this proposed measure seeks to amend R.A. 10931 by also giving proportional budgetary allocation to poor and academically competent students who opt to study in private institutions even if there

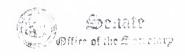
are existing public institutions in their areas. Further, TES beneficiaries with good scholastic records and who comply with residency requirements of HEIs and TVIs will continue to receive the benefits under the law until they complete post-secondary technical-vocational course or higher education degree program.

This measure was approved on by the House of Representatives on Third Reading during the $18^{\rm th}$ Congress.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this bill is highly recommended.

INGGOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)



'22 JUL 11 P6:30

SENATE S. No. 279 RECEIVA DIST

Introduced by SENATOR JINGGOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

AN ACT

EXPANDING THE COVERAGE OF THE TERTIARY EDUCATION SUBSIDY, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10931, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "UNIVERSAL ACCESS TO QUALITY TERTIARY EDUCATION ACT"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Section 7 of Republic Act No. 10931 or the "Universal Access to Quality Tertiary Education Act" is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. TERTIARY EDUCATION SUBSIDY (TES) for Filipino Students. — To support the cost of tertiary education or any part or portion thereof, a TES is hereby established IN ALL SUCs, LUCs, PRIVATE HEIS AND TVIs for all Filipino students who [shall] enroll in the FIRST undergraduate, post-secondary TERTIARY EDUCATION program[s] [of SUCs, LUCs, private HEIs and all TVIs] of their choice. The TES shall be administered by the UniFAST Board and the amount necessary to fund the TES shall be included in the RESPECTIVE budgets of the CHED and the TESDA: Provided, That prioritization shall be given to students in the following order: (a) students who are part of households included in the UPDATED Listahanan 2.0, ranked according to the estimated per capita household income; and (b) students not part of the

Listahanan 2.0, ranked according to estimated per capita household income based on submitted documentation of proof of income to be determined by the UniFAST Board: *Provided further,* That such prioritization shall not apply to Filipino students in cities and municipalities with no existing SUC or LUC campus **AND PUBLIC TVI.**

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

"THERE SHALL BE Α **PROPORTIONAL** BUDGETARY ALLOCATION IN THE FORM OF A **VOUCHER SYSTEM FOR POOR AND ACADEMICALLY** COMPETENT STUDENTS WHO OPT TO STUDY IN PRIVATE HEIS AND PRIVATE TVIS IN CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES WHERE THERE ARE EXISTING SUCs, **PUBLIC** TVIs. **STUDENTS** LUCs AND LISTAHANAN HOUSEHOLDS SHALL BE PRIORITIZED AS BENEFICIARIES OF THE TES IN AREAS WHERE THERE ARE NO EXISTING SUCS, LUCS AND PUBLIC TVIs.

"ALL VOUCHERS ISSUED UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF ASSISTING POOR AND ACADEMICALLY COMPETENT STUDENTS WHO OPT TO STUDY IN PRIVATE HEIS AND PRIVATE TVIS IN CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES WHERE THERE ARE EXISTING SUCS, LUCS AND PUBLIC TVIS.

"TO SUPPORT THE COST OF TERTIARY EDUCATION OR ANY PART OR PORTION THEREOF,

[#]the TES may among others, [and to support the cost of tertiary education or any part or portion thereof,] cover the following:

Tuition and other school fees in private HEIs, and private or
 LGU-operated TVIs which shall be equivalent to the tuition

- and other school fees of the nearest SUC or state-run TVI in their respective areas;
 - to and from school, and [miscellaneous personal expenses, including a] reasonable allowance for the documented rental or purchase of a [personal computer or laptop] DESKTOP OR PORTABLE COMPUTER WHEN APPLICABLE [and other education related expenses];
 - c) An allowance for room and board costs incurred by the student **WHEN APPLICABLE**;
 - d) xxx

e) xxx

ALL TES BENEFICIARIES SHALL CONTINUE TO RECEIVE SUCH BENEFITS OR SUBSIDY UNTIL THEY COMPLETE THEIR POST-SECONDARY TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL COURSE OR HIGHER EDUCATION DEGREE PROGRAM: *PROVIDED*, THAT THEY DO NOT FAIL IN ANY SUBJECT ENROLLED IN AND COMPLY WITH RESIDENCY REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE HEIS AND TVIS.

- Sec. 2. *Separability Clause.* If any provision or part hereof is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision or part not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.
- Sec. 3. *Repealing Clause.* Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule, or regulation contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.
- Sec. 4. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,