## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## H. No. 5663

BY REPRESENTATIVES DE JESUS, ILAGAN, HICAP, ZARATE, COLMENARES, RIDON. TINIO, ANDAYA, DB VENECIA, CALIXTO-RUBIANO. CRUZ-GONZALES, TAMBUNTING, ARAGONES, REYES, NOEL, ATIENZA, LAGDAMEO (M.), SANTIAGO, VELASCO, BAG-AO, GERONA-ROBREDO, TURABIN-HATAMAN. LEE. SUANSING. GUTIERREZ. ABAD. ACOSTA-ALBA, LACSON-NOEL, GARIN (S.), ARENAS, PAQUIZ AND VILLARICA, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 672

AN ACT EXPANDING THE DEFINITION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT, STRENGTHENING THE MECHANISMS TO MONITOR COMPLIANCE WITH POLICIES AGAINST SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN THE WORKPLACE AND IN EDUCATIONAL AND TRAINING INSTITUTIONS. AND PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS THEREOF, REPEALING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7877, ALSO REFERRED TO AS THE "ANTI-SEXUAL HARASSMENT ACT OF 1995"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 SECTION 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Expanded 2 Anti-Sexual Harassment Act".
- SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. The State shall value the dignity of
  every individual, enhance the development of its human resources, guarantee
- 5 full respect for human rights, and uphold the dignity of workers, employees,
- 6 applicants for employment, students or those undergoing training, instruction

or education. Towards this end, all forms of sexual harassment are hereby declared unlawful.

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- SEC. 3. Sexual Harassment Defined. Sexual harassment is an act or a series of acts which may be committed physically, verbally, or visually with the use of information and communications technology or any other means or technology, within or outside of the place of employment, training, or education by:
- (a) An employer, manager, supervisor, agent of the employer, teacher, instructor, professor, coach, trainor, or any other person, who having authority, influence or moral ascendancy over another's work, training, education or apprenticeship, commits or makes any unwanted, unwelcome or inappropriate sexual advance, request or demand for sexual favor, or makes any offensive remark about the victim's sexual orientation.

This provision also covers those who have authority or influence with regard to:

- (1) Hiring, approving or granting appointments, re-employment or continued employment, granting favorable compensation, terms and conditions of employment, promotions or privileges, with respect to committing said acts against their employees and applicants for employment or promotion; or
- (2) Admission to an educational or training institution, granting scholarships, payment of stipends, allowances or other benefits, privileges or considerations, with respect to committing said acts against their students and applicants for admission or scholarship.
- (b) Any person who commits or engages in any unwanted, unwelcome or inappropriate sexual act, advance or sexually-based behavior against another person, or makes any offensive remark about a person's sexual orientation, where both victim and perpetrator are connected to or belonging in the same place of employment, training or education.

Any person who directs or induces another to commit any act of sexual harassment as herein defined, or who cooperates in the commission thereof by another, without which it would not have been committed, shall also be held liable under this Act.

SEC. 4. Duty of the Employer or Head of Office in a Work-Related, Education, or Training Environment. — The employer or head of office in a work-related, education, or training environment or institution is hereby mandated to adopt a comprehensive, detailed and written policy on sexual harassment, outlining the detailed procedure for the investigation of sexual harassment cases and the administrative sanctions therefor. It shall be the duty of the employer or head of office in a work-related, education, or training environment or institution, to prevent or deter the commission of acts of sexual harassment. Towards this end, the employer or head of office shall:

(a) Promulgate appropriate rules and regulations in consultation with and jointly approved by the employees or students or trainees, through their duly designated representatives, prescribing the guidelines or proper decorum within and outside the workplace, educational, or training institutions, the procedure for the investigation of sexual harassment cases, and the administrative sanctions therefor.

The said rules and regulations issued pursuant to this subsection (a) shall include, among others, guidelines on proper decorum within and outside the workplace and educational or training institutions;

- (b) Create a Committee on Decorum and Investigation (CODI) for cases of sexual harassment within one (1) year of the agency's existence/initial operations; and
- (c) Resolve sexual harassment cases within a period of fifteen (15) days from the submission by the CODI of its report to the disciplining authority.

SEC. 5. Committee on Decorum and Investigation or CODI. — The CODI shall have the following functions:

- (a) Receive complaints of sexual harassment which must be treated with utmost confidentiality to protect all parties involved and maintain a harmonious relationship in the work area, and act on the same within a period of two (2) working days upon the filing of the complaint;
- (b) Investigate sexual harassment complaints in accordance with the prescribed procedure;
- (c) Constitute a hearing committee for every sexual harassment case or in case of sexual harassment committed within the premises by a person not connected by reason of employment, training, or education; assist the victim in filing the appropriate charges with the police with the end in view of keeping the environment sexual harassment-free:
- (d) Within a nonextendible period of thirty (30) days from the last hearing or filing of the last pleading or paper, submit a report of its findings with a corresponding recommendation to the disciplining authority for decision;
- (e) Lead in the conduct of discussions about sexual harassment within the agency or institution to increase understanding and prevention of incidents of sexual harassment;
- (f) Undertake information and educational activities in the education and training environment to the end that the school policy, rules, regulations, and procedures to address sexual harassment are disseminated to become part of the academic culture in all public and private educational institutions nationwide;
- (g) Adopt procedures of such nature as to develop trust and confidence on the part of interested parties in addressing problems arising from cases or

incidents of sexual harassment, including counselling and grievance management;

- (h) Provide security and support measures to aggrieved parties or victims in sexual harassment cases, especially when there are threats of retaliation; and
- (i) Disseminate or post a copy of this Act and the rules and regulations mentioned in subsection (a) above for the information of all concerned.

Places of work, training, or education that employ less than twenty (20) people are exempted from the creation of a CODI: *Provided*, That a particular employee is designated to perform the above functions of the CODI.

In the case of a work-related environment, the CODI shall be composed of at least one (1) representative each from the management of the company or organization, the employee's union, if any, the employees from the supervisory rank, and from the rank and file employees.

In the case of the educational or training institution, the CODI shall be composed of at least one (1) representative each from the administration, the trainors, teachers, instructors, professors or coaches and students or trainees, as the case may be.

When a member of the CODI is the complainant or the person complained of in a sexual harassment ease, the member shall be disqualified from participating as a member of the CODI only with regard to the case the person is involved in.

SEC. 6. Confidentiality. — The right to privacy of the victim shall be ensured at any stage of the investigation, prosecution, and trial of an offense under this Act, unless disclosure is explicitly authorized by the victim. Violation of this provision shall be penalized as provided for under Section 9 of this Act.

1	SEC. 7. Liability of the Employer, Head of Office, Educational, or
2	Training Institution The employer or head of office, educational, or
3	training institution shall be solidarily liable for damages arising from the acts
4	of sexual harassment committed within or outside the employment, education,
5	or training environment if the employer or head of office, educational, or
6	training institution has knowledge or is presumed to have knowledge of such
7	act or acts constituting sexual harassment and no immediate action is taken
8	thereon.

The employer or head of office is presumed to have knowledge of such act or acts constituting sexual harassment under any of the following instances:

- (a) If the management failed to comply with the provisions of Section4 of this Act;
- (b) If a complaint was made before the CODI or authority designated to receive complaints and investigate cases of sexual harassment as provided in the rules and regulations it is mandated to prescribe; and
- (c) If the harassment is openly practiced or well-known among employees, students, or trainees.

In the case of employment-related sexual harassment that results to the constructive dismissal of the employee, the employer who is found liable under the provisions of this Act shall also be liable for damages.

SEC. 8. Independent Action for Damages. - Nothing in this Act shall preclude the victim of work, education, or training-related sexual harassment from instituting a separate and independent action for damages and other affirmative relief.

Administrative sanctions shall not be a bar to prosecution in the proper courts for unlawful acts of sexual harassment.

SEC. 9. *Penalties.* - Any person who violates the provisions of this Act shall, upon conviction, be penaltized by imprisonment of not less than

one (1) month nor more than six (6) months, or a fine of not less than fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00), or both such fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court. If the perpetrator is the employer, manager, supervisor, agent of the employer, teacher, instructor, professor, coach, trainor, or any other person who has authority, influence, or moral ascendancy over another's work, training, or education, the maximum penalties shall be imposed.

Any breach of confidentiality as prohibited under Section 6 of this Act shall be punishable with a fine of not less than twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00) but not more than fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00).

Any action arising from the violation of the provisions of this Act shall prescribe in three (3) years except for administrative cases which shall be imprescriptible.

SEC. 10. Monitoring Mechanism. – The Civil Service Commission (CSC), the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), the Department of Education (DepED), the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA) are mandated to monitor public and private offices, educational and training institutions, with regard to their compliance with the provisions of this Act. In particular, said agencies shall:

- (a) Mobilize their respective regional offices to regularly monitor the implementation of this Act;
- (b) Issue the appropriate memorandum or order to their regional offices, directing them to monitor the compliance of employers, agencies, and educational and training institutions to the provisions of this Act and where necessary, immediately act on any and all requests for assistance or complaint of nonaction of employers, agencies, educational and training institutions, on harassment complaints; and

1	(c) Submit an annual report to the Philippine Commission on Women
2	(PCW) on the implementation of this Act.
3	SEC. 11. Implementing Rules and Regulations The CSC, in the
4	case of the public sector, and the DOLE, in the case of the private sector, shall
5	formulate the implementing rules and regulations (IRR) of this Act within one
6	hundred eighty (180) days after its effectivity together with the PCW, the
7	DepED, the CHED, the TESDA and all concerned government departments
8	and agencies including, as observers, both Houses of Congress through the
9	Senate Committee on Women, Family Relations and Gender Equality and the
10	House of Representatives Committee on Women and Gender Equality, and
11	with the participation of representatives from nongovernment organizations
12	(NGOs) and civil society groups with proven track record in the promotion of
13	the rights and welfare of Filipino women.
14	SEC. 12. Separability Clause If any provision of this Act is
15	declared unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act or any provision not
16	affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.
17	SEC. 13. Repealing Clause Republic Act No. 7877, also referred to
18	as the "Anti-Sexual Harassment Act of 1995", is hereby repealed. All other
19	laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof
20	inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified
21	accordingly.
22	SEC. 14. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
23	its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,