CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES SIXTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 4577

BY REPRESENTATIVES ÝAP (S.), MERCADO-REVILLA, CO AND BATOCABE, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 297

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING A PRE-HOSPITAL EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE SYSTEM, PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT, SUPERVISION AND REGULATION OF THE PRE-HOSPITAL EMERGENCY CARE PROFESSION, PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS THEREOF AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled.

1 CHAPTER I
2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

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10 11 SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Pre-Hospital Emergency Care Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — It is hereby declared the policy of the State to protect and promote the right to health of the people. Pursuant to this policy, the government shall endeavor to cultivate and maintain an environment conducive to the practice of pre-hospital emergency care, maximize the capability and potential of Emergency Medical Technicians (EMTs) and other pre-hospital care professionals and institute a standard system of pre-hospital emergency medical services in the country.

1	SEC. 3. Objectives In support of State policy, this Act:
2	(a) Mandates the development and institutionalization of a pre-hospital
3	emergency medical service system at the national and local levels;
4	(b) Creates a National Pre-Hospital Care Council;
5	(c) Establishes a national standard for the provision of pre-hospita
6	emergency medical services by duly certified/registered pre-hospital care
7	professionals;
8	(d) Mandates the supervision and regulation of the practice of
9	pre-hospital care professionals;
10	(e) Mandates the standardization of the training of pre-hospital care
11	professionals;
12	(f) Prescribes certification, registration and recertification
13	requirements of pre-hospital care professionals;
14	(g) Establishes standards for the design, manufacture, accreditation and
15	regulation of emergency medical vehicles;
16	(h) Mandates the adoption and use of a National Universal Emergency
17	Telephone Number; and
18	(i) Establishes support services to pre-hospital emergency medical
19	services.
20	SEC. 4. Definition of Terms - As used in this Act:
21	(a) Accredited training institutions refer to organizations authorized to
22	offer training programs, courses and continuing education in emergency
23	medical services for pre-hospital care professionals that meet the standards
24	established by the National Pre-Hospital Care Council, hereinafter referred to
25	as the Council created under this Act, in coordination with the Technical
26	Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA), the Commission on

Higher Education (CHED) and the Department of Health (DOH), among

others, and are duly recognized by the TESDA or the CHED, as applicable, and duly registered in good standing with the Council;

- (b) Ambulance refers to an emergency medical vehicle for transporting sick or injured people to, from or between places of treatment for an illness or injury, and are equipped and manned to, in some instances, provide medical care to the patient;
- (c) Competency-based assessment refers to evidence gathering and judgment by an authorized assessor who evaluates the technical and practical skills, abilities and knowledge of a pre-hospital care professional in accordance with the standards and guidelines established by the Council, in coordination with the TESDA, in the case of one who holds a technical nondegree Certified Emergency Medical Technician course under the TESDA, or in coordination with the CHED and the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) in the case of one who holds a Registered Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (REMT-P) degree course requiring the issuance of a professional license;
- (d) Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Medical Director refers to a licensed physician with training in emergency medicine and with at least five (5) years experience in emergency medical care as certified by the Council or the local medical authority charged with the supervision of EMS, and adequate training and experience in the standard emergency medical treatment protocols set by the Council;
- (e) National Pre-Hospital Emergency Medical Treatment Protocols refer to emergency medical procedures outlining approved clinical practices and therapies to be observed by pre-hospital care professionals, as established by the Council created under Section 5 hereof;
 - (f) Pre-hospital care professionals refer to:
- (1) Emergency Medical Technician a pre-hospital emergency care provider who has fulfilled the requirements of and continues to hold the

qualifications established by the Council, in coordination with the TESDA, the CHED and the PRC, among others;

- (2) Registered Emergency Medical Technician-Paramedic (REMT-P) a pre-hospital emergency care provider who is capable of performing extensive pre-hospital care services such as administering medications orally and intravenously, interpreting electrocardiograms (ECGs) tracings, performing endotracheal intubations and using monitors and other complex equipment. A REMT-P is required to maintain the qualifications and fulfill the requirements set by the Council;
- (3) Ambulance Dispatch Officer a person duly trained and certified in the administration, management and operation of the ambulance dispatch and communication system and who has fulfilled the requirements and who continues to hold the qualifications established by the Council, in coordination with the TESDA, the CHED and the PRC, among others;
- (4) Ambulance Assistant a person who, having gained the minimum certification as a Medical First Responder (Advanced First Aider), is charged with the operation and general care of emergency medical vehicles (ambulance driver), in addition to providing basic medical care for patients under the direct supervision of an EMT or REMT-P; and
- (5) Other pre-hospital care professionals providing other support services for the provision of pre-hospital emergency medical care;
 - (g) Pre-hospital emergency medical services refer to:
- (1) Pre-hospital emergency care independent delivery of pre-hospital emergency medical services by appropriately trained and certified EMTs, usually in a mobile or community setting, in full accordance with the National Pre-Hospital Emergency Medical Treatment Protocols established by the Council; and

standards for the care of seriously ill or injured patient by appropriately trained

and certified EMTs, as established by the Council. These pre-hospital

(2) Pre-hospital advanced life support - advanced pre-hospital

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4	standards may include advanced pre-hospital trauma care, advanced
5	pre-hospital cardiac life support and the care of high dependency patients for
6	inter-hospital transfer, among others
7	CHAPTER II
8	NATIONAL PRE-HOSPITAL CARE COUNCIL
9	SEC. 5 Creation of the National Pre-Hospital Care Council The
10	National Pre-Hospital Care Council or the Council is hereby created under the
11	DOH.
12	SEC. 6. Objectives of the Council - The Council shall fulfill the
13	following objectives:
4	(a) To formulate policies governing the field of pre-hospital emergency
15	medical services and related institutions;
6	(b) To implement policies in coordination with affiliated medical and
17	educational institutions;
8	(c) To develop national standards for the provision of pre-hospital
9	emergency medical services to include the skills, abilities and knowledge
20	required of a pre-hospital care professional, and the development of mandatory
21	national medical treatment protocols to be observed by pre-hospital care
22	professionals and such other entities as it may consider appropriate;
23	(d) To promulgate a Code of Ethics for EMTs;
24	(e) To develop high standards of operation for pre-hospital emergency
25	care support service providers;
26	(f) To establish and maintain a roster of certified EMTs;
27	(g) To develop standards and protocols for the design, construction,
28	outfitting and operation of emergency medical vehicles; and

1	(h) To engage in research on pre-hospital care, technology, education
2	and training, the formulation of curricula and the evaluation of existing
3	courses, assessment and the examination procedures.
4	SEC. 7. Membership of the Council The members of the Council
5	shall be composed of the following:
6	(a) Ex officio members.
7	(1) The Secretary of the DOH as Chairperson of the Council;
8	(2) The Secretary of the Department of the Interior and Local
9	Government (DILG);
10	(3) The Director General of the TESDA; and
11	(4) The Chairperson of the CHED; and
12	(b) Members to be appointed by the Secretary of the DOH upon
13	nomination by their respective associations:
14	(1) One (1) nominee of a national organization duly registered with the
15	Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and recognized by the DOH as
16	being representative of the EMT profession within the Republic of the
17	Philippines: Provided, That upon the organization of the national accredited
18	professional organization of EMTs, mandated under Section 31 of this Act, its
19	nominee shall automatically hold this seat in the Council;
20	(2) Four (4) nominees of local health boards, one (1) each from the
21	National Capital Region, Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao areas;
22	(3) One (1) registered emergency medical practitioner representing a
23	recognized professional-based organization with interest on emergency
24	medicine;

(4) One (1) registered medical physician representing a recognized

professional-based organization on cardiology;

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(5) One (1) registered nurse with the requisite training or experience in

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2	emergency room nursing, representing a recognized professional-based
3	organization of emergency care nurses;
4	(6) One (1) representative from an educational or training institution
5	offering EMT programs, which has been duly accredited by the TESDA or the
6	CHED and recognized by the Council in accordance with its rules and
7	regulations;
8	(7) One (1) representative from a recognized national professional
9	association of medical practitioners;
10	(8) One (1) representative from the Philippine Medical Association;
11	(9) One (1) representative from a DOH hospital; and
12	(10) One (1) representative from the Philippine National Red Cross.
13	SEC. 8. Term of Office Each member of the Council shall not serve
14	for more than three (3) consecutive terms. A term shall be for a period of two
15	(2) years.
16	SEC. 9. Powers and Functions - To carry out its mandate, the
17	Council shall exercise the following powers and functions
18	(a) Encourage and facilitate the organization of a network of
19	pre-hospital care professionals to ensure the provision of EMS to the general
20	public on a national basis;
21	(b) Maintain a roster of qualified pre-hospital care professionals,
22	providers, and training institutions, and coordinate the licensing and
23	accreditation of pre-hospital care professionals with the PRC;
24	(c) Establish a secretariat under an executive director for the
25	administrative and day-to-day operations of the Council;
26	(d) Create committees and other mechanisms to help expedite the
27	implementation of plans and strategies;

(e) Set up a system of networking and coordination among all existing government health agencies, local government units (LGUs) and nongovernment medical institutions/agencies for the effective implementation of its programs and activities;

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- (f) Generate resources from local, national and international organizations/agencies, whether government or the private sector, for its operation;
- (g) Receive and accept donations and other conveyances including funds, materials and services by gratuitous title *Provided*, That not more than thirty percent (30%) of said funds shall be used for administrative expenses;
- (h) Prepare an annual budget of the Council and submit the same to the President for inclusion in the annual General Appropriations Act;
 - (i) Advise the President on matters pertaining to pre-hospital EMS;
- (j) Review membership of the Council in line with changes in the status of concerned national organizations duly recognized as involved in emergency medical care/pre-hospital emergency medical care, as required by this Act:
- (k) Investigate complaints against violators of this Act. its rules and regulations, and policies of the Council,
- (I) Request any department, instrumentality, office, bureau or agency of the government, including LGUs, to render such assistance as it may require in order to carry out, enforce or implement the provisions of this Act; and
- (m) Promulgate rules and regulations and policies of the Council, and enforce the provisions of this Act.
- SEC. 10. The Secretariat. The Council shall organize a Secretariat to be headed by an Executive Director from among the Undersecretaries or Assistant Secretaries of the DOH, and who shall act in a concurrent capacity. The Secretaries of the DOH and the DILG and the Chairpersons of the TESDA

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and the CHED shall designate their respective staff to serve as members of the 2 Secretariat. 3 In establishing the Secretariat, the Council shall consider the following 4 areas: (a) Education and standards development; 5 6 (b) National examination/assessment system for pre-hospital care 7 professionals: 8 (c) Research; 9 (d) Supervision and regulation; 10 (e) Policy, planning and research; 11 (f) Administration; 12 (g) Finance; and 13 (h) Programs on the following areas: 14 (1) Human resource development: (2) Emergency medical vehicles; and 15 16 (3) Emergency communications. 17 SEC. 11. Meetings - The Council shall meet at least once every 18 quarter. 19 SEC 12. Program Plans. - The Council shall, within six (6) months 20 after its constitution and organization, adopt and immediately cause to be 21 implemented, in coordination with medical and related agencies, a short-range 22 one (1)-year program in support of relevant existing projects and activities and 23 a long-range five (5)-year development program geared towards achieving the 24 objectives of this Act. This development program shall be developed and 25 subjected to annual review and revision by the Council, in coordination with 26 relevant public and private medical agencies and organizations. 27 SEC. 13. Accreditation. - The Council shall issue certifications and 28 licenses for the following:

1	(a) Accreditation of training institutions for EMTs and related
2	personnel; and
3	(b) Accreditation of emergency medical vehicle providers.
4	CHAPTER III
5	EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIANS
6	SEC. 14. Creation of Plantilla Positions for Emergency Medical
7	Technicians (EMTs) - There shall be created a minimum number of plantilla
8	positions for EMTs in the following government hospitals/health facilities
9	within five (5) years after the approval of this Act:
10	(a) Level 3 and 4 Hospitals - Five (5) EMTs and at least one (1)
11	Ambulance Assistant;
12	(b) Level 1 and 2 Hospitals - Three (3) EMTs and at least one (1)
13	Ambulance Assistant; and
14	(c) Other Health Facilities - As may be deemed necessary by the
15	Council.
16	The annual financial requirements for the salaries of EMTs shall be
17	included in the annual general appropriations of the respective hospitals, health
18	facilities and LGUs.
19	SEC. 15. Scope of the Practice of Emergency Medical Care The
20	emergency medical care practice involves services performed in responding to
21	the perceived needs of an individual for immediate medical care in order to
22	prevent loss of life or aggravation of physiological or psychological illness or
23	injury delivered in a pre-hospital, inter-hospital and hospital emergency care
24	setting. For this purpose, the Council, in coordination with the PRC, shall
25	develop the scope of work of EMTs based on internationally accepted
26	standards, as adapted to the Philippine setting.
27	SEC 16. Authorized Training Institution - Training programs,
28	courses and continuing education for an EMT shall be conducted by an

institution that has been granted a certificate of program registration (COPR)
by the TESDA, in case of technical nondegree courses under the supervision of
the TESDA, or a certificate of accreditation as a higher education institution
(HEI) as well as program accreditation by the CHED, in the case of degree

5 programs under the supervision of the CHED. The requirements prescribed by 6 the Council shall serve as the minimum requirement for program registration.

The DOH may provide training programs for EMTs: Provided, That these

8 shall be in accordance with the standards set by the Council.

SEC. 17. Certification, Registration and Recertification. – The certification, registration and recertification of EMTs for nondegree courses shall be administered by the TESDA and by the PRC for degree courses in accordance with the rules and regulations of the PRC and without prejudice to the enactment of a licensure law for EMTs. A certification shall be valid for a period of three (3) years. The TESDA and the PRC shall recertify EMTs upon submission of a competency-based assessment from a recognized EMS Medical Director.

SEC. 18. Qualifications — An applicant for registration as an EMT must be a citizen of the Philippines, at least twenty-one (21) years of age, of good moral character and must produce before the Council satisfactory evidence of good moral character and a certification that no charges against one's person involving moral turpitude have been filed or are pending in any court in the Philippines.

SEC. 19. Examination Required. – An applicant for registration as an EMT shall be required to undergo a nationally-based assessment test or licensure examination to be given in such places and dates as may be designated by the TESDA, for those who hold nondegree courses, and by the PRC, for those who hold degree courses.

SEC. 20. Schedule of Examination — National written examinations for EMTs in the Philippines shall be given by the TESDA and the PRC at least twice every year.

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SEC. 21. Release of the Results of Examination. – The results of the examination shall be released by the TESDA within twenty (20) working days and by the PRC within two (2) months from the date of the examination.

SEC 22. Issuance of the Certificate of Registration and EMT Identification Card. — A certificate of registration shall be issued to examinees who pass the national EMT examinations given by the TESDA or the PRC. The certificate of registration shall remain in full force and effect until revoked or suspended in accordance with this Act. An EMT identification card, bearing the registration number, date of issuance and expiry date, duly signed by the TESDA Director General or the PRC Chairperson, shall likewise be issued to every registrant upon payment of the required fees. The EMT identification card shall be renewed every three (3) years upon satisfactory compliance with the requirements of the TESDA or the PRC as prescribed by the Council.

SEC. 23. Disqualification — The TESDA, the PRC and the Council shall not accept the application for competency requirement nor issue a certificate of registration to any person who has been convicted by final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction of any criminal offense involving moral turpitude, or has been found guilty of immoral or dishonorable conduct after investigation and due process, or has been declared to be of unsound mind by competent authority, or for other grounds as may be determined by the Council. The applicant shall be informed in writing about the reason for the refusal of the application

SEC. 24. Revocation or Suspension of the Certificate of Registration,

EMT Identification Card or Cancellation of Temporary/Special Permit. —

The Council may, upon recommendation of the TESDA or the PRC, in

accordance with the prescribed procedures and due process, revoke or suspend

the certificate of registration or EMT identification card.

SEC. 25. Reinstatement, Reissuance or Replacement of Certificate of Registration and EMT Identification Card. – After two (2) years from the revocation of a certificate of registration, the TESDA or the PRC, upon the recommendation of the Council, may reinstate a revoked certificate of registration and reissue a suspended EMT identification card after compliance by the applicant with the requirements for reinstatement.

SEC 26. Continuing Education. — The Council shall develop a program for the continuing education of EMTs as a condition for EMTs to continue the practice of their profession and maintain the requisite accreditation by the TESDA or the PRC.

SEC. 27. Roster of Certified EMTs and REMTs-P — The Council, in coordination with the TESDA, the CHED, the PRC and the accredited professional organizations representing the profession of EMT within the country, shall prepare, update and maintain a roster of certified EMTs and REMTs-P.

SEC. 28. Issuance of Temporary/Special Permit. — Upon application and payment of the necessary fees, and subject to the requirements specified by the Council, the TESDA or the PRC, the Department of Justice (DOJ) and the Bureau of Immigration (BI) may issue temporary/special permits to EMS personnel from foreign countries whose services are urgently needed in the absence of local EMTs or when the supply of such certified technicians is inadequate.

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- SEC. 29. Registration Without Examination for EMTs. All practicing EMTs at the time this Act is passed shall be deemed qualified for registration as an EMT if, in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Council, they have performed work within the scope of the practices of an EMT as defined in this Act, for such period of time as may be required by the Council and have been certified by an EMS Medical Director to have performed full EMT functions in a pre-hospital and inter-hospital care setting.
 - SEC. 30. Registration With Examination for EMTs. All practicing EMTs who are not graduates of an EMT program from a TESDA or CHED-accredited public or private educational/training institution at the time of the effectivity of this Act shall be qualified for registration through examination using the following procedures:
 - (a) An applicant must provide a full record of initial training completed as an EMT. This record must include details of the training establishment, a full syllabus of training completed, a record of ongoing training and proof of the applicant's work experience as an EMT in any local or international organization for at least one (1) year and a certification by an EMS Medical Director to have performed full EMT functions in a pre-hospital and inter-hospital care setting; and
 - (b) Upon compliance with the abovestated requirements, the candidate shall be referred to an accredited TESDA, PRC or EMT assessment center.
- SEC. 31. Accredited Professional Organization. All certified EMTs shall belong to one national organization which shall be recognized by the Council as the one and only accredited EMT organization in the country. A certified EMT duly registered with the TESDA or the PRC shall automatically

- 1 become a member of the accredited professional organization of EMTs and 2 shall enjoy the corresponding benefits and privileges.
- 3 SEC. 32. Code of Ethics of EMTs. - The Council, in coordination with the accredited professional organization, shall adopt and promulgate the Code of Ethics and the Code of Technical Standards for EMTs to include, among others, the duties of EMTs to pre-hospital emergency care patients, to the community, to their colleagues in the profession, and to allied professionals.

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- Prohibited Acts and Penalties on the Practice of Emergency SEC. 33. Medical Service - The following shall constitute an offense punishable under this Act:
- (a) Practicing or offering to practice pre-hospital emergency care services in the Philippines or offering oneself as an EMT, or using the title, word, letter, figure or any sign tending to convey the impression that one is a registered and licensed EMT, or advertising or indicating in any manner whatsoever that one is qualified to practice pre-hospital emergency care, unless one has satisfactorily demonstrated the prescribed competency standards, in full accordance with the requirements of the Council and is a holder of a National Certificate in Emergency Medical Services or a temporary/special permit duly issued by the Council;
- (b) Providing pre-emergency hospital care within the meaning of this Act without a valid certificate of registration and a professional identification card or a valid temporary/special permit issued in accordance herewith;
- (c) Presenting or using a certificate of registration or a professional identification card belonging to another person.
- (d) Giving any false or forged evidence of any kind to the Council, the TESDA, the CHED or the PRC in obtaining any of the foregoing documents.

- (e) Falsely impersonating any registrant with similar or different name:
 - (f) Abetting or assisting by any registered and licensed emergency hospital technician the illegal practice of a person who is not lawfully qualified to provide pre-emergency hospital care within the meaning of this Act:
 - (g) Attempting to use a revoked or suspended certificate of registration or any invalid or expired EMT identification card or a cancelled temporary/special permit,
 - (h) Operating an EMS training institution without proper accreditation; and
 - (i) Using without appropriate authority, an ambulance/emergency medical vehicle such as transporting illegal drugs and transporting passengers and personnel who do not require emergency care.

Any person violating any of the prohibited acts under this section shall be penalized with imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than five (5) years or a fine of not less than fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than one hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court

20 CHAPTER IV

EMERGENCY MEDICAL VEHICLES

SEC. 34. Emergency Medical Vehicles. – The Council shall develop minimum requirements for the design, construction, performance, equipment, testing and appearance of emergency medical vehicles. As such, only emergency medical vehicles shall be allowed to display the word "Ambulance" and the universally accepted "Star of Life" symbol. It shall also provide for the operation protocols of said vehicles. It shall also design an accreditation system to provide the public with ambulances and other

emergency medical vehicles that are easily identifiable, nationally maintained 2 recognizable. properly constructed, easily and. when 3 appropriately equipped, will enable EMTs to safely and reliably perform their functions as basic and advanced pre-hospital life support 4 5 providers.

The ambulance shall be designed to provide the following features at the minimum:

(a) A driver's compartment:

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- (b) A patient compartment with sufficient space to safely and comfortably accommodate an EMT and a patient who can be given intensive life support during transit;
- (c) Equipment and supplies for emergency care at the scene as well as during transport;
- (d) A two-way radio, telephone or electronic communication with the Ambulance Dispatch Officer (ADO); and
- (e) When necessary, equipment for light rescue/extrication procedures. The emergency medical vehicle shall be so designed and constructed to provide the patient with safety and comfort, and to prevent aggravation of the patient's injury or illness.

The designated vehicle marking of "Ambulance" is hereby restricted for use by emergency medical vehicles only.

While failure of an emergency medical vehicle to conform to Council standards may be a ground for the removal of its certification, such failure shall not bar EMTs from:

(1) Responding and providing appropriate basic or advanced life support on site to persons reported experiencing acute injury or illness in a pre-hospital setting, and transporting them, while continuing such life support care, to an appropriate medical facility for definitive care;

(2) Providing inter-hospital critical transport care; or

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(3) Transporting essential personnel and equipment to and from the site of a multiple medical emergency or a triage site and transporting appropriately triaged patients to designated medical facilities.

CHAPTER V

EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

SEC. 35. Adoption of a National Universal Emergency Telephone Number. - There shall only be one national emergency number to enable the public to access emergency medical services. Towards this end, the National Telecommunications Commission (NTC) shall develop a program for the adoption of a national emergency number with the LGUs and officials responsible for emergency service and public safety; the telecommunications industry (specifically including the cellular and other wireless telecommunications service providers); the motor vehicle manufacturing industry; emergency medical service providers; emergency dispatch providers; transportation officials; public safety, fire service and law enforcement officials; consumer groups; and hospital emergency and trauma care personnel (including emergency physicians, trauma surgeons and nurses).

SEC. 36. Compliance — It shall be the duty of every voice service provider to provide its subscribers with access to the national universal emergency number in accordance with the implementing rules and regulations to be adopted pursuant to this Act.

SEC. 37. Prohibited Acts and Penalties on Emergency Communications. — (a) Any person who makes a telephone call to an emergency telephone number with intent to annoy, abuse, threaten or harass any person who answers the telephone call, subject to subsection (c) of this section, shall be given a warning for the first offense, and shall be compelled to

attend a seminar on the proper use of the national emergency telephone number on the second offense. Upon commission of the offense for the third time, the offender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a fine of not less than five hundred pesos (P500.00) but not more than one thousand pesos (P1,000.00). Upon commission of the offense for the fourth and succeeding times, the offender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a penalty of imprisonment of not less than one (1) month but not more than six (6) months or a fine of not less than two thousand pesos (P2,000.00) but not more than five thousand pesos (P5,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court.

- (b) Any person who makes a telephone call to an emergency telephone number and, upon the call being answered, makes or solicits any comment, request, suggestion, proposal or sound which is obscene, lewd, lascivious, filthy or indecent, shall be given a warning for the first offense, and shall be compelled to attend a seminar on the proper use of the national emergency telephone number on the second offense. Upon commission of the offense for the third time, the oftender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a fine of not less than five hundred pesos (P500.00) but not more than one thousand pesos (P1,000.00). Upon commission of the offense for the fourth and succeeding times, the offender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a penalty of imprisonment of not less than one (1) month but not more than six (6) months or a fine of not less than two thousand pesos (P2,000.00) but not more than five thousand pesos (P5,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court.
- (c) Any person who gives a false report of a medical emergency or gives false information in connection with a medical emergency, or makes a false alarm of a medical emergency, knowing the report or information or alarm to be false; or makes a false request for ambulance service to an ambulance service provider, knowing the request to be false, shall be given a

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warning for the first offense, and shall be compelled to attend a seminar on the proper use of the national emergency telephone number on the second offense. Upon commission of the offense for the third time, the offender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a fine of not less than two thousand pesos (P2,000.00) but not more than five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) and payment for damages. Upon commission of the offense for the fourth and succeeding times, the offender shall, upon conviction, be imposed with a penalty of imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than three (3) years or a fine of not less than five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) but not more than ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00) and payment for damages, or both, at the discretion of the court.

CHAPTER VI

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 38. Service Requirement. — The Council shall require mandatory service for all pre-hospital emergency care providers as a condition for maintaining their license and accreditation

SEC. 39. Role of the LGUs. — The LGUs are hereby mandated to develop and institutionalize a pre-hospital emergency care system within their area of jurisdiction. The Council shall develop and implement training programs and similar activities to enable the LGUs to accomplish this task.

SEC. 40. Appropriations. – The Secretaries of the Departments concerned shall include in their programs the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 41. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Except as otherwise provided, the Council, in coordination with the NTC, the TESDA, the CHED, the PRC and the DOH, shall issue and promulgate the rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act within one hundred twenty (120) days after its constitution.

٠	Sec. 42. Separating Chause. — If any clause, somenee, paragraph of
2	part of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment
3	shall not affect, invalidate or impact any other part of this Act.
4	SEC. 43. Repealing Clause Any provision of laws, orders,
5	agreements, rules or regulations contrary to and inconsistent with this Act is
6	hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
7	SEC. 44. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
8	its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
	Approved,