SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE	)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES	)
Third Regular Session	)

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## SENATE

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## Introduced by **SENATOR LEILA M. DE LIMA**

## RESOLUTION

URGING THE APPROPRIATE SENATE COMMITTEE TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE \$4.75-BILLION NET LOSS INCURRED BY THE PHILIPPINE HEALTH INSURANCE CORPORATION (PHILHEALTH) REVEALED IN THE 2017 COMMISSION ON AUDIT (COA) REPORT

WHEREAS, the 1987 Constitution, Article 13, Section 11, states that "[t]he State shall adopt an integrated and comprehensive approach to health development which shall endeavor to make essential goods, health and other social services available to all people at affordable cost. There shall be priority for the needs of the underprivileged sick, elderly, disabled, women, and children. The State shall endeavor to provide free medical care to paupers";

WHEREAS, the National Insurance Program is part of the Government's Social Protection framework and strategy under the component of Social Insurance where this program "seeks to mitigate income risks by pooling resources and spreading risks across time and classes. These are designed in such a way that beneficiaries pay a premium over a given period of time to cover or protect them from illness [and other enumerated risks]". PhilHealth is one of the 7 major social protection institutions of the country<sup>2</sup>;

WHEREAS, Republic Act 7875 or the National Health Insurance Act of 1995, Section 14, created the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth). Section 16 thereof outlines its powers and functions, one of which is to "administer the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Villar, F. (2013 October) *The Philippine Social Protection Framework and Strategy: An Overview* Department of Social Welfare and Development

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Orbeta Jr. A. (2011 February) *Social Protection in the Philippines: Current State and Challenge*. Philippine Institute for Development Studies

1 National Health Insurance Program" and "to formulate and promulgate policies for

2 the sound administration of the Program".

WHEREAS, Section 5 of the same provides that "[t]he Program shall include a sustainable system of funds constitution, collection, management and disbursement for financing the availment of a basic minimum package and other supplementary packages of health insurance benefits by a progressively expanding proportion of the population";

WHEREAS, according to the Commission on Audit (COA) 2017 Annual Audit Report, PhilHealth incurred a net loss of \$\mathbb{P}4.75\$ billion for FY 2017, negatively affecting the efficient implementation of its programs and projects<sup>3</sup>;

WHEREAS, the aforementioned report also disclosed that the annual increase in the Benefit Claims and Operating Expenses averaging 20 percent and 10 percent, respectively, "outpaced the increase in the Premium Contributions with 19 percent average increase from CYs 2013-2017." Thus, the premium contributions will not be sufficient to cover all current and future PhilHealth claims<sup>4</sup>;

WHEREAS, the report also revealed that "[a]dding to PhilHealth's woes was its inability to avail of the government['s] \$\mathbb{P}\_{37.06}\$ billion 2017 allocation for indigents premium contributions, which was targeted as the agency's third major source of income for CY 2017,"5. As a result, PhilHealth incurred foregone income of \$\mathbb{P}\_{3.2}\$ billion because the agency failed to enroll targeted "indigents/beneficiaries" who were included in the National Household Targeting System identified by the Department of Social Welfare and Development6;

WHEREAS, the report stated that "[t]he Premium Contributions under the current contribution rate will not be sufficient to cover all current PhilHealth claims and the future benefit availments, thus reduction in the actuarial life of the agency is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Commission on Audit (NA) Executive Summary; Annual Audit Reports pg 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Manila Bulletin (2018 July 28) Philhealth 'bleeding,' in bad financial health - COA. Retrieved from: https://news.mb.com.ph/2018/07/26/philhealth-bleeding-in-bad-financial-health-coa/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ibid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Ibid

imminent", raising a critical warning for the company's financial performance and its sustainability to provide its mandated services to the public in the coming years.

WHEREAS, it is imperative that government continues to deliver an effective health insurance program and social protection mitigating mechanisms helping individuals and their household reduce the impact of future risky events, such as illnesses, most especially for the marginalized and vulnerable members of society;

WHEREAS, the fiscal solvency of PhilHealth is paramount for the meaningful implementation of the National Health Insurance Program and the Government's objective of progressively providing a universal health program for all Filipinos. Hence, financial deficits and continued profit loss shall significantly affect the National Health Insurance Fund and reserve fund;

WHEREAS, there is need to determine the root cause of the incurred losses as well as the possible accountability of the PhilHealth leadership;

WHEREAS, there is also need to establish a roadmap towards financial stability to ensure that PhilHealth will be sufficiently solvent to address the needs of its members;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED to direct the Senate Committees on Health and Demography and Social Justice, Welfare and Rural Development to investigate, in aid of legislation, the ₱4.75-billion net loss incurred by the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) revealed in the 2017 Commission on Audit (COA) Report.

Adopted,

LEILA M. DE LIMA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> ABS-CBN News (2018 July 26) COA worried about PhilHealth sustainability over P4.75-billion net loss. Retrieved from: http://news.abs-cbn.com/news/07/26/18/coa-worried-about-philhealth-sustainability-over-p475-billion-net-loss