CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES ELEVENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 7612

INTRODUCED BY HONORABLE TEVES, BRIONES, SALCEDA, SARMIENTO (A.), PUNZALAN JR., SUAREZ, BACULIO, LOPEZ (E.), DURANO, GOLEZ, REYES JR., DUMPIT, SINGSON, CUA, REYES (R.), AQUINO III, BONDOC, DIAZ, ROMAN, SILVERIO, MALIKSI, NANTES, SAN LUIS, TAÑADA, ESPINOSA JR., GONZALES (R.), YOTOKO-VILLANUEVA, PARAS, LORETO-GO, LOCSIN, NACHURA, LOBREGAT, SARMIENTO (R.), BASCUG, LIBARIOS, ANGPING, HIZON, NIEVA, PONCE JR., ZARTIGA, TUAZON, FUENTEBELLA, VERCELES JR., KINTANAR, PANCHO, OROLA JR., BACANI, LIM, ANDAYA (R.) JR., FUA JR., LOZADA JR., MAGTUBO, PICHAY JR., ECHIVERRI, ARROYO, EBALLE, MORENO, BAUTISTA, LARA, LAPUS, SUPLICO, LOPEZ (R.), DEQUIÑA, DY JR., CANDAZO, PEREZ JR., GARCIA (E.) JR., NEPOMUCENO, BUESER, MADRONA, RECTO, YAPHA JR., LIBANAN, VICENCIO, ALVAREZ (P.), DILANGALEN, TAMMANG, COSALAN, CALALAY, LANOT, OCAMPO, OSABEL, PILAPIL, SARENAS, SYJUCO, JALA, LIBAN, MACARAMBON JR., AUMENTADO, ABAD, VELOSO, BANAAG, ABAYON, TULAGAN, JAAFAR, ACOSTA, CRUZ (T.), SALUDO JR., ADIONG, ALVAREZ (H.), APOSTOL, BUNYE, DATUMANONG, GUNIGUNDO I, SANDOVAL II, FORTUNO, JACOB, GARCIA (M.), LEVISTE, MONTEMAYOR, VILLAROSA, ROMUALDO, ROXAS II, ZUBIRI AND VERGARA, PER COMMITTEE REPORT No. 319

AN ACT PROVIDING THE RULES FOR THE IMPOSITION OF AN ANTI-DUMPING DUTY, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTION 301, PART 2, TITLE II, BOOK I OF THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7843, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. This Act shall be known as the "Anti-Dumping Act of
 1999."

3 SEC. 2. It is hereby declared the policy of the State to protect
4 domestic enterprises against unfair foreign competition and trade practices.
5 Towards this end, substantive and procedural remedies available to
6 domestic enterprises shall be strengthened and made responsive to recent
7 developments in world trade.

8 SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. - For purposes of this Act, the
9 following definitions shall apply to the terms:

10 (a) "Anti-dumping duty" refers to a special duty imposed on the 11 importation of a product, commodity or article of commerce into the 12 Philippines at less than its normal value when destined for domestic 13 consumption in the exporting country, which is the difference between the 14 export price and the normal value of such product, commodity or article.

15 (b) "Normal value" refers to a comparable price at the date of sale 16 of the like product, commodity or article in the ordinary course of trade 17 when destined for consumption in the country of export or on the export 18 price to an appropriate third country or with the cost of production in the 19 country of origin plus a reasonable amount for administrative, selling and 20 general costs and profits.

1 (c) "Domestic industry" refers to the domestic producers as a 2 whole of like products or to those whose collective output of the products 3 constitute a major proportion of the total domestic production of those 4 products, except when producers are related to the exporters or importers 5 or are themselves importers of the allegedly dumped product, the term 6 'domestic industry' may be interpreted as referring to the rest of the 7 producers.

8 (d) "Dumped import/product" refers to any product, commodity or 9 article of commerce introduced into the Philippines at less than its normal 10 value in the ordinary course of trade, for like product, commodity or article 11 destined for consumption in the exporting country, is causing or is 12 threatening to cause material injury to a domestic industry, or materially 13 retarding the establishment of a domestic industry producing like product.

(e) "Like product" refers to a product which is identical or alike in
all respect to the article under consideration, or one substantially of the
same material or although of a different composition or material serves the
same or similar purpose, as the articles produced in the Philippines.

(f) "Non-selected exporter" refers to an exporter or producer who
has not been initially chosen as among the selected exporters or producers
of the product under investigation, whose individual margin of dumping
has been determined by the authorities.

SEC. 4. Section 301, Part 2. Title II, Book I of the Tariff and Customs Code of the Philippines, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows: "PART 2. SPECIAL DUTIES "SEC. 301. Dumping Duty. -["A. Whenever the Secretary of Finance or the Secretary of Trade and Industry (hereinafter called the 'Secretary') receives an anti-dumping petition from the domestic industry or the Secretary has reason to believe, from any invoice or other document or newspaper, magazine or information or translation thereof by any reputable language translator made available by any government agency or interested party, that a specific kind or class of foreign article, is being imported into, or sold or is likely to be sold in the Philippines, at a price less than its normal value, the importation or sale of which might injure, or retard the establishment of, or is likely to injure an industry producing like articles in the Philippines, the Secretary shall, within twenty (20) days from receipt of such petition or information, determine a prima facie case of dumping. Within five (5) days from such receipt, he shall notify the protestee-importer and require him to submit within ten (10) days from such notice evidence from the

producer of the imported article duly authenticated by the Philippine

consular or trade office to support the normal value of such product. If no

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such evidence is submitted within the prescribed period, the Secretary shall
 base his decision on the available pertinent data.

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"Pending determination of a prima facie case of dumping, the 3 4 petitioner may petition that the release from the Bureau of Customs of the 5 alleged dumped product be withheld. If the Secretary determines that on 6 the face of the petition and documents presented, there exists an imminent 7 danger of injury to a particular industry as a result of the alleged dumping, he shall direct the Commissioner of Customs to hold the release of the 8 9 questioned importation, upon filing by the petitioner of a bond equal to the alleged margin of dumping. The bond shall answer for damages which the 10 11 importer may suffer as a result of the holding of the release of the questioned importation, in case the Secretary finds that there is no prima 12 facie case. However, the petitioner's liability for damages shall not exceed 13 14 the amount of his bond. This bond shall be cancelled once a prima facie case has been determined by the Secretary. The Secretary may, motu 15 proprio, hold the release of the questioned articles based on his 16 information that an imminent danger of injury exists to a particular 17 industry as a result of the alleged dumping. 18

19 ["The Secretary upon the determination of a *prima facie* case of 20 dumping shall so advise the Tariff Commission (hereinafter called the 21 'Commission') and shall instruct the Commissioner of Customs to hold the 22 release of the goods or articles in question, unless the protestee/importer

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shall have filed a cash bond not less than the provisionally estimated dumping duty plus the applicable regular duty based on the documentary evidence submitted with the dumping protest, to answer for the payment of such duties, fees and charges if a dumping case is established. If the protest is dismissed, the cash deposit shall be returned to the importer within ten (10) days from the finality of the order.

"The Secretary shall have the discretion to exclude related parties 7 from the domestic industry. A producer and an exporter or importer are 8 9 related if the producer directly or indirectly controls either the exporter or the importer: the exporter or the importer directly or indirectly controls the 10 producer: a third party directly or indirectly controls the producer and 11 exporter or importer; or the producer and the exporter or importer directly 12 or indirectly control a third party and there is reason to believe that the 13 relationship causes the producer to act differently that an unrelated 14 15 producer would act.

16 ["B. The Commission, upon receipt of the advice from the17 Secretary shall conduct an investigation to:

18 ["1. Verify if the kind or class of article in question is being
19 imported into, or sold or is likely to be sold in the Philippines at a price
20 less than its normal value;

["The normal value of an article shall be the comparable price in the
 ordinary course of trade for the like articles when destined for domestic
 consumption in the exporting country which for purposes of this section
 means the country of production or manufacture.

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["If the normal value of an article cannot be determined, the following rules shall apply:

7 "If like article is not being sold in the ordinary course of trade in the domestic market of the exporting country or if the sale does not allow a 8 fair comparison or if the normal value is not available or unreliable 9 because of association or a compensatory arrangement between the 10 exporter and the importer or a third party or the agency providing the 11 normal value is state-controlled or jointly owned by the state or the 12 13 exporting country, or where products are not imported directly from the country of production then, the normal value shall be based on the higher 14 of values determined from any of the following methods, such as but not 15 limited to, the normal value of like articles in a proxy country at the same 16 stage of development of the industry producing like products, or the cost 17 18 of production in the country of production or manufacture or on the estimated landed cost in the country of production or manufacture which is 19 based on C and F price of such articles including duties, surcharges, and 20 21 taxes when imported by an importer in the country of production.

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["2. Ascertain the difference, if any, between the export price and the normal value of the article.

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["3. Determine if, as a result thereof, a domestic industry 3 producing like articles in the Philippines suffers, or will be threatened 4 5 with, injury, or will suffer a material retardation of the establishment of a domestic industry in the Philippines: Provided, That in determining 6 7 whether the domestic industry has suffered or is being threatened with 8 injury, the Commission shall determine whether the wholesale prices at 9 which the domestic articles are sold are reasonable, taking into account the 10 cost of raw materials, labor, overhead, a fair return on investment and the overall efficiency of the industry, and/or whether a further importation of 11 such articles and/or like articles are clearly foreseen and imminent 12 13 considering such relevant factors as:

14 ["(a) Rate of increase of importation of such articles: *Provided*, 15 That in the determination of potential injury, there should be at least three 16 percent (3%) increase in the volume of importation of such articles being 17 dumped relative to the average monthly volume of importation of such 18 articles for the immediately preceding three (3) months; or

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("(b) Reasonable likelihood of increased importations; or

20 ["(c) Freely disposable or increase capacity of the exporter of such
21 imported articles; or

1 ["(d) Import prices which will have a significant depressing or 2 suppressing effect on domestic prices: *Provided, further,* That in 3 determining whether a domestic industry that will produce like articles is 4 being retarded in its establishment, there must be evidence of the 5 forthcoming commercial operation of the industry: *Provided, finally,* That 6 in determining injury, the following shall also be considered:

7 "i. Whether or not the imported articles under consideration are 8 identical or alike in all respect to articles produced by the domestic 9 industry or substantially of the same material or although of different 10 composition or material serves the same or similar purpose such as a substitute as the articles produced in the Philippines in quantities sufficient 11 12 to supply at least ten percent (10%) of local consumption (arrived at by 13 taking the sum of the average local production and average importation and subtracting therefrom average exportation) for the immediately 14 preceding three (3) months prior to the filing of the dumping protest; 15

16 ["ii. The volume of dumped imports and their effects on prices in 17 the domestic market for like articles: *Provided*, That the Commission shall 18 determine the consequent impact of these imports on domestic producers 19 by considering relevant economic factors and indices such as:

1 ("(a) Five percent (5%) decline in sales volume or decline in sales 2 prices of at least two percent (2%) as compared to the average monthly 3 sales for the immediately preceding three (3) months; or ("(b) Five percent (5%) decline in the volume of production as 4 compared to the average monthly volume of production for the 5 6 immediately preceding three (3) months; or ("(c) Actual and potential negative effects on employment and 7 inventories of the subject articles. 8 ("Within five (5) days from the receipt of the advice from the 9 10 Secretary of Finance, the Commission shall identify all parties concerned 11 and require them to submit their respective memoranda within fifteen (15) 12 days from notice. 13 "C. The Commission shall terminate its investigation within ninety 14 (90) days from receipt of the aforesaid advice and shall submit its findings to the Special Committee on Anti-Dumping (hereinafter referred to as 15 'Special Committee') within sixty (60) days from the termination of its 16 Provided. That the Commission shall give notice to 17 investigation: 18 interested parties of such findings submitted to the Special Committee. "In case any or all of the parties on record fail to submit their 19 20 respective memoranda within the period prescribed above, the 21 Commission shall base its findings on the best available evidence.

1 "The Commission shall motu proprio terminate its investigation if 2 the provisionally estimated margin of dumping is less than two percent 3 (2%) of export price or the volume of dumped imports is negligible. The 4 volume of dumped imports is considered negligible if the volume of 5 dumped imports from a particular country accounts for less than three 6 percent (3%) of the average monthly imports of the like articles in the 7 Philippines unless countries which individually account for less than three 8 percent (3%) of the average monthly imports of the like articles in the 9 Philippines collectively account for more than seven percent (7%) of total average monthly imports of that article. 10

11 ("D. The Special Committee shall, within fifteen (15) days after 12 receipt of the report of the Commission, decide whether the article in 13 question is being imported in violation of this section and shall give notice 14 of such decision. In case the decision of dumping is in the affirmative, the 15 Special Committee shall direct the Commissioner of Customs to cause the 16 dumping duty, to be levied, collected and paid, as prescribed in this 17 section, in addition to any other duties, taxes and charges imposed by law on such article, and on the articles of the same specific kind or class 18 19 subsequently imported under similar circumstances coming from the 20 specific country.

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["In the event that the Special Committee fails to decide within the
 period prescribed herein, the recommendation of the Commission shall be
 deemed approved and shall be final and executory.

4 "E. The 'dumping duty' as provided for in Subsection D hereof 5 shall be equal to the difference between the actual export price and the 6 normal value of the article as determined in the dumping decision. All importations of like articles within one hundred fifty (150) days 7 8 immediately preceding the filing of the protest are covered by the 9 investigation. However, in cases of subsequent importations of same kind 10 or class of article from the specific country named in the protest, the 11 dumping duty shall be equal to the difference between the actual export 12 price and the normal value actually existing at the time of importation as 13 determined by the Commission from the supporting documents submitted 14 or from other reliable sources.

15 ["F. Pending investigation and final decision of the case, the article 16 in question, and articles of the same specific kind or class subsequently 17 imported under similar circumstances, shall be released to the owner, 18 importer, consignee or agent upon the giving of a cash bond in an amount 19 not less than the provisionally estimated difference between the actual 20 export price and the normal value including the applicable regular duty as 21 prescribed in paragraph (a) above. 1 ["G. For purposes of this section, the parties concerned including 2 the protestant, domestic producers/manufacturers, importers and the 3 protestee shall be afforded consultations with the Commission and the 4 Secretary and shall avail of any technical information and data necessary 5 to sustain its case.

6 ["H. Any interested party of record who is dissatisfied with a 7 decision in a dumping protest may file a motion for reconsideration with 8 the Special Committee within thirty (30) days from notice of such 9 decision: *Provided*, That no motion for extension of time to file a motion 10 for reconsideration under this Subsection shall be allowed.

11 ["1. Any aggrieved party may appeal only the amount of the 12 dumping duty of the Court of Tax Appeals in the same manner and within 13 the same period as provided for by law in the case of appeal from decision 14 of the Commissioner of Customs. The findings of fact in a dumping case 15 shall be final and conclusive.

16 ["J. (1) The article, if it has not been previously released under cash 17 bonds as provided for in Subsection 'F' hereof, shall be released after 18 payment by the party concerned of the corresponding dumping duty in 19 addition to any ordinary duties, taxes, and charges, if any or reexported by 20 the owner, importer, consignee or agent, at his option and expense, upon 21 the filing of a cash bond in an amount not less than the provisionally

estimated difference between the actual export price and the normal value
 plus the applicable regular duty conditioned upon presentation of landing
 certificate issued by a consular officer of the Philippines as the country of
 destination; or

5 ["(2) If the article has been previously released under cash bond, as 6 provided in Subsection 'F' hereof, the party concerned shall be required to 7 pay the corresponding dumping duty in addition to any ordinary duties, 8 taxes, and charges, if any.

9 ["K. Any investigation to be conducted by the Commission under 10 this Section shall include a public hearing or hearings where the owner, 11 importer, consignee or agent, of the imported article, the local producers or 12 manufacturers of a like article, other parties directly affected, and such 13 other parties as in the judgment of the Commission are entitled to appear, 14 shall be given an opportunity to be heard and to present evidence hearing 15 on the subject matter.

16 ["L. The established dumping duty shall be subject to adjustment 17 based on whichever is higher of the prevailing normal values as defined in 18 paragraph (b)-1. The Commission shall conduct quarterly examination 19 and/or verification of the normal value to determine the necessity of 20 adjustment. Should the Special Committee upon receipt of the report of 21 the Commission, find that there is a need for an adjustment after a public

hearing it shall advice the Commissioner of Customs so that he may effect 1 the necessary adjustment in dumping duty. 2

["The Philippine Finance Attaché or, in the absence thereof, the 3 Commercial Attaché or, Trade Attaché or in the absence thereof the 4 diplomatic officer or consular officer abroad shall be advised by the 5 Special Committee of any article covered by dumping decision. The 6 concerned Attaché or Officer shall submit quarterly report on the normal 7 value of said article to the Special Committee. 8

Whenever the Commission, on its own motion or upon 9 **[**"M. application of any interested party, finds after a public hearing that any of 10 the conditions which necessitated the imposition of the dumping duty has 11 ceased to exist, it shall submit the necessary recommendation to the 12 Special Committee for the discontinuance or modification of such 13 dumping duty and shall so advice the Commissioner of Customs. Any 14 decision or order made under this section by the Special Committee shall 15 be published in the Official Gazette and/or in a newspaper of general 16 circulation. 17

["N. Any dumping decision promulgated by the Special Committee 18 shall be effective for a period of five (5) years from the time of its 19 promulgation except upon the representation of the interested party of the 20 necessity to continue the implementation of said decision in which case the 21 Special Committee shall advise the Commission to conduct an 22

investigation to determine whether any of the conditions in paragraphs 1 (b)-1 and (b)-3 still exists. The action for extension shall be brought 2 before the Special Committee at least six (6) months before the expiration 3 of the period. 4 ["The findings of the Commission shall be submitted to the Special 5 Committee at least three (3) months before the expiration of the period but 6 in no case shall it exceed one (1) month after receipt of the advice from the 7 Special Committee. 8 ("The period of extension shall, in no case, exceed twenty-four (24) 9 months or two (2) years. 10 ["O. For the purpose of this Section, the term: 11 'Comparable price' shall mean the domestic price in the 12 ["1. exporting country at the same level of trade which is sold or offered for 13 sale at wholesale on the date of exportation to the Philippines; 14 ["2. 'Cost of production' of an imported article shall be the sum of: 15 ("(a) The cost of materials of, and of fabrication, manipulation or 16 other process employed in manufacturing or producing, like articles, at a 17 time preceding the date of shipment of the particular article under 18 consideration which would ordinarily permit the manufacture or 19 production of the particular article under consideration in the usual course 20 21 of business;

["(b) The actual administrative, selling and general expenses at least 1 ten percent (10%) of production costs incurred by the exporter or producer 2 3 of articles and or like articles; ["(c) The cost of all containers and coverings, and all other costs, 4 charges and expenses incident to placing the particular article under 5 consideration in condition, packed ready for shipment to the Philippines 6 but not less than one percent (1%) of production costs; and 7 ["(d) A reasonable amount for profit not less than eight percent 8 (8%) of the sum of the amounts referred to in the preceding Subparagraph 9 (a), (b), and (c). 10 ["3. 'Domestic industry' shall refer to the domestic producers of 11 like articles as a whole or to those whose collective output of the products 12 constitute a significant share of the total domestic production of those 13 products in the industries concerned, except, when producers are related to 14 the exporters or importers, the term 'domestic industry' may be interpreted 15 as referring to the rest or the producers; 16 ["4. 'Export price' of an imported article shall be the price at which 17 such article has been purchased or agreed to the purchased, prior to the 18 time of exportation, by the person by whom or for whose account the 19

20 article is imported, plus, when not included in such price:

["(a) The cost of all containers and coverings and all other costs, 1 charges and expenses incident to placing the article in condition, packed 2 ready for shipment to the Philippines; 3 ("(b) The amount of any import duties imposed by the country of 4 exportation which have not been collected by reason of the exportation of 5 the article to the Philippines; and 6 ["(c) The amount of any taxes imposed in the country of exportation 7 upon the manufacturer, producer, or seller in respect to the manufacture, 8 production, or sale of the article which have been rebated, or which have 9 not been collected by reasons of the exportation of the articles to the 10 Philippines. 11 "Any additional costs, charges and expenses incident to bringing the 12 article from the place of shipment in the country of exportation to the place 13 of delivery in the Philippines, and Philippine customs duties imposed 14 thereon shall not be included. 15 ["5. 'Like article' shall mean a product which is identical or alike 16 in all respect to the article under consideration or one substantially of the 17 same material or although of different composition or material serves the 18 same or similar purpose, such as a substitute, as the articles produced in the 19 Philippines; 20

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1 "6. A Special Committee on anti-dumping is hereby created to 2 decide whether the article in question is being imported in violation of this 3 Act, and shall be composed of three (3) members: the Secretary of 4 Finance, as chairman; the Secretary of Trade and Industry; and either the 5 Secretary of Agriculture, if the article in question is an agricultural 6 product; or the Secretary of Labor and Employment, if the article is a non-7 agricultural product.

8 ["P. The Secretary of Finance in consultation with the Special 9 Committee on anti-dumping and the Commission shall promulgate all 10 rules and regulations necessary to carry out their respective functions 11 under this section."]

12 WHENEVER ANY PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE OF Α. 13 COMMERCE IMPORTED INTO THE PHILIPPINES AT LESS THAN ITS 14 NORMAL VALUE IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF TRADE FOR THE LIKE 15 PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE DESTINED FOR CONSUMPTION IN 16 THE EXPORTING COUNTRY IS CAUSING OR IS THREATENING TO CAUSE 17 MATERIAL INJURY TO A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY, OR MATERIALLY 18 RETARDING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY PRODUCING 19 LIKE PRODUCTS AS DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY OF TRADE AND 20 INDUSTRY IN THE CASE OF NON-AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT, COMMODITY 21 OR ARTICLE, OR THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE IN THE CASE OF 22 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE (BOTH OF WHOM 23 ARE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE SECRETARY, AS THE CASE MAY

1 BE), AFTER FORMAL INVESTIGATION AND AFFIRMATIVE FINDING OF THE 2 TARIFF COMMISSION (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE 3 COMMISSION), A DUMPING DUTY EQUAL TO THE MARGIN OF DUMPING 4 SHALL BE LEVIED AND COLLECTED ON SUCH PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR 5 ARTICLE AND ON LIKE PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE THEREAFTER IMPORTED TO THE PHILIPPINES UNDER SIMILAR CIRCUMSTANCES, IN 6 7 ADDITION TO ORDINARY DUTIES, TAXES AND CHARGES IMPOSED BY LAW 8 ON THE IMPORTED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE. HOWEVER, 9 THE DUMPING DUTY MAY BE LESS THAN THE MARGIN IF SUCH LESSER 10 DUTY WOULD BE ADEQUATE TO REMOVE THE INJURY TO THE DOMESTIC 11 INDUSTRY.

12 **B.** INITIATION OF ACTION

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13 AN ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION MAY BE INITIATED UPON 14 RECEIPT OF A WRITTEN APPLICATION FROM ANY PERSON WHETHER 15 NATURAL OR JURIDICAL, REPRESENTING A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY, WHICH 16 SHALL INCLUDE EVIDENCE OF: A) DUMPING, B) INJURY, AND C) CAUSAL 17 LINK BETWEEN THE DUMPED IMPORTS AND THE ALLEGED INJURY. 18 SIMPLE ASSERTION, UNSUBSTANTIATED BY RELEVANT EVIDENCE 19 CANNOT BE CONSIDERED SUFFICIENT TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 20 THIS PARAGRAPH. THE APPLICATION SHALL CONTAIN SUCH 21 INFORMATION AS IS REASONABLY AVAILABLE TO THE APPLICANT ON 22 THE FOLLOWING:

(1) THE IDENTITY OF THE APPLICANT AND A DESCRIPTION OF
 THE VOLUME AND THE VALUE OF THE DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF THE
 LIKE PRODUCT OF THE APPLICANT;

4 (2) A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF THE ALLEGED DUMPED
5 PRODUCT, THE NAMES OF THE COUNTRY OR COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OR
6 EXPORT IN QUESTION, THE IDENTITY OF EACH KNOWN EXPORTER OR
7 FOREIGN PRODUCER AND A LIST OF KNOWN PERSONS IMPORTING THE
8 PRODUCT IN QUESTION;

9 (3) INFORMATION ON THE NORMAL VALUE OR DOMESTIC
10 SELLING PRICE OF THE PRODUCT IN QUESTION IN THE COUNTRY OR
11 COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OR EXPORT;

12 (4) INFORMATION ON THE EVOLUTION OF THE VOLUME AND
13 EXPORT PRICES OF THE ALLEGED DUMPED IMPORTS, THE EFFECT OF
14 THESE IMPORTS ON PRICES OF LIKE PRODUCT IN THE DOMESTIC
15 MARKET AND THE CONSEQUENT IMPACT OF THE IMPORTS ON THE
16 DOMESTIC INDUSTRY.

17 PHILIPPINE TRADE, AGRICULTURE OR FINANCE ATTACHÉS AND 18 OTHER CONSULAR OFFICIALS OR ATTACHÉS IN THE CONCERNED 19 EXPORTING MEMBER COUNTRIES ARE MANDATED TO FURNISH THE 20 APPLICANT PERTINENT INFORMATION OR DOCUMENTS TO SUPPORT HIS 21 COMPLAINT WITHIN A PERIOD NOT EXCEEDING THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM 22 RECEIPT OF A REQUEST.

THE APPLICATION SHALL BE FILED WITH THE SECRETARY OF
 TRADE AND INDUSTRY IN THE CASE OF NON-AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT,

COMMODITY OR ARTICLE, OR WITH THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE
 IN THE CASE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE.

3 THE APPLICATION SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE BEEN MADE "BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY" IF IT IS SUPPORTED BY 4 5 THOSE DOMESTIC PRODUCERS WHOSE COLLECTIVE OUTPUT CONSTITUTE MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT (50%) OF THE TOTAL 6 7 PRODUCTION OF THE LIKE PRODUCT PRODUCED BY THAT PORTION OF 8 THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY EXPRESSING EITHER SUPPORT FOR OR 9 OPPOSITION TO THE APPLICATION. IN CASES INVOLVING AN EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE NUMBER OF PRODUCERS, DEGREE OF SUPPORT 10 11 AND OPPOSITION MAY BE DETERMINED BY USING STATISTICALLY VALID 12 SAMPLING TECHNIQUE OR BY CONSULTING THEIR REPRESENTATIVE 13 ORGANIZATIONS. HOWEVER, NO INVESTIGATION SHALL BE INITIATED 14 WHEN DOMESTIC PRODUCERS EXPRESSLY SUPPORTING THE 15 APPLICATION ACCOUNT FOR LESS THAN TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT (25%) 16 OF TOTAL PRODUCTION OF THE LIKE PRODUCT PRODUCED BY THE 17 DOMESTIC INDUSTRY.

IN SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES, THE SECRETARY SHALL MOTU *PROPRIO* INITIATE AN INVESTIGATION IF THERE IS SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE
OF DUMPING. INJURY, AND CAUSAL LINK, TO JUSTIFY THE INITIATION OF
AN INVESTIGATION.

WITHIN FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS FROM RECEIPT OF A PROPERLY
 DOCUMENTED APPLICATION, THE SECRETARY SHALL EXAMINE THE
 ACCURACY AND ADEQUACY OF THE PETITION TO DETERMINE WHETHER

1 THERE IS SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO JUSTIFY THE INITIATION OF INVESTIGATION. IF THERE IS NO SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO JUSTIFY 2 3 INITIATION, THE SECRETARY SHALL DISMISS THE PETITION AND 4 **PROPERLY NOTIFY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, THE COMMISSIONER** 5 OF CUSTOMS AND OTHER PARTIES CONCERNED REGARDING SUCH 6 DISMISSAL. THE SECRETARY SHALL EXTEND LEGAL, TECHNICAL AND 7 OTHER ASSISTANCE TO THE CONCERNED DOMESTIC PRODUCERS AND 8 THEIR ORGANIZATIONS AT ALL STAGES OF THE ANTI-DUMPING ACTION.

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C. NOTICE TO THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE

10 UPON RECEIPT OF THE APPLICATION, THE SECRETARY SHALL, 11 WITHOUT DELAY, NOTIFY THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE AND FURNISH 12 HIM WITH A COMPLETE COPY OF THE APPLICATION, OR INFORMATION IN CASE THE INITIATION IS MADE ON HIS OWN MOTION INCLUDING ITS 13 14 ANNEXES, IF ANY. THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE SHALL IMMEDIATELY 15 INFORM THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS REGARDING THE FILING AND 16 PENDENCY OF THE APPLICATION OR INFORMATION AND INSTRUCT HIM 17 TO GATHER AND TO FURNISH THE SECRETARY WITHIN FIVE (5) DAYS 18 FROM RECEIPT OF THE INSTRUCTIONS OF THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE 19 COPIES OF ALL IMPORT ENTRIES AND RELEVANT DOCUMENTS COVERING 20 SUCH ALLEGEDLY DUMPED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE WHICH ENTERED THE PHILIPPINES DURING THE LAST TWELVE (12) MONTHS 21 PRECEDING THE DATE OF PROTEST. THE COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS 22 23 SHALL ALSO MAKE SUCH SIMILAR ADDITIONAL REPORTS ON THE

NUMBER, VOLUME AND VALUE OF THE IMPORTATION OF ALLEGEDLY
 DUMPED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE TO THE SECRETARY
 EVERY TEN (10) DAYS THEREAFTER.

4 **D.** NOTICE TO EXPORTING MEMBER-COUNTRY

5 UPON RECEIPT OF A PROPERLY DOCUMENTED APPLICATION AND 6 BEFORE PROCEEDING TO INITIATE AN INVESTIGATION, THE SECRETARY 7 SHALL NOTIFY THE GOVERNMENT OF THE EXPORTING COUNTRY ABOUT 8 THE IMPENDING ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION. HOWEVER, THE 9 SECRETARY SHALL REFRAIN FROM PUBLISHING THE APPLICATION FOR 10 THE INITIATION OF THE INVESTIGATION BEFORE A DECISION HAS BEEN 11 MADE TO INITIATE AN INVESTIGATION.

12 E. NOTICE TO CONCERNED PARTIES AND SUBMISSION OF 13 EVIDENCES

14 WITHIN TWO (2) DAYS FROM INITIATION OF THE INVESTIGATION 15 AND AFTER HAVING NOTIFIED THE EXPORTING COUNTRY, THE SHALL IDENTIFY ALL INTERESTED PARTIES 16 SECRETARY LE. 17 PROTESTEES-IMPORTER AND EXPORTER, NOTIFY AND REQUIRE THEM TO 18 SUBMIT WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM RECEIPT OF SUCH NOTICE, 19 EVIDENCES AND INFORMATION OR REPLY TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE TO DISPUTE OR CONTRADICT THE ALLEGATIONS CONTAINED IN THE 20 APPLICATION. AT THIS POINT, THE IMPORTER IS GIVEN THE 21 OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT EVIDENCES TO PROVE THAT HE IS NOT 22 23 INVOLVED IN DUMPING. HE SHALL FURNISH THEM WITH A COPY OF THE

1 APPLICATION AND ITS ANNEXES SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENT TO 2 PROTECT CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION EITHER BY PERSONAL DELIVERY 3 OR BY REGISTERED MAIL, WHICHEVER IS MORE CONVENIENT AND EXPEDITIOUS. NOTICE SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN RECEIVED 4 5 FIVE (5) DAYS FROM THE DATE ON WHICH IT WAS SENT TO THE 6 RESPONDENT OR TRANSMITTED TO THE APPROPRIATE DIPLOMATIC 7 REPRESENTATIVE OF THE EXPORTING MEMBER, OR AN OFFICIAL 8 REPRESENTATIVE OF THE EXPORTING TERRITORY. IF NO SUCH 9 EVIDENCE IS SUBMITTED OR ANY PARTY REFUSES OR DOES NOT PROVIDE 10 INFORMATION OR REPLY TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE WITHIN THE 11 PRESCRIBED PERIOD, THE SECRETARY SHALL MAKE SUCH PRELIMINARY 12 DETERMINATION OF THE CASE ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION 13 AVAILABLE, AMONG OTHERS, THE FACTS ALLEGED IN THE PETITION AND 14 THE SUPPORTING INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTS SUPPLIED BY THE 15 PETITIONER.

16

F. PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION

17 NOT LATER THAN THIRTY (30) WORKING DAYS FROM RECEIPT OF 18 THE ANSWER OF THE RESPONDENT IMPORTER, EXPORTER, EXPORTING 19 MEMBER-COUNTRY, AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES, THE SECRETARY 20 SHALL, ON THE BASIS OF THE APPLICATION OF THE AGGRIEVED PARTY 21 AND THE ANSWER OF THE RESPONDENT/S AND THEIR RESPECTIVE 22 SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS OR INFORMATION, MAKE A PRELIMINARY 23 DETERMINATION OF THE APPLICATION FOR THE IMPOSITION OF ANTI-24 **DUMPING DUTY**.

IN THE PRELIMINARY DETERMINATION, THE SECRETARY SHALL
 ESSENTIALLY DETERMINE THE FOLLOWING:

3 (1) PRICE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EXPORT PRICE AND THE
4 NORMAL VALUE OF THE ARTICLE IN QUESTION IN THE COUNTRY OF
5 EXPORT ORIGIN;

6 (2) THE PRESENCE AND EXTENT OF MATERIAL INJURY OR
7 THREAT OF INJURY TO THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY PRODUCING LIKE
8 PRODUCT OR THE MATERIAL RETARDATION OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
9 A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY; AND

10 (3) THE CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE ALLEGEDLY
11 DUMPED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE AND THE MATERIAL
12 INJURY OR THREAT OF MATERIAL INJURY TO THE AFFECTED DOMESTIC
13 INDUSTRY OR MATERIAL RETARDATION OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF
14 DOMESTIC INDUSTRY.

15 THE PRELIMINARY FINDING OF THE SECRETARY, TOGETHER WITH THE RECORDS OF THE CASE SHALL, WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS, BE 16 17 TRANSMITTED BY THE SECRETARY TO THE COMMISSION FOR ITS 18 IMMEDIATE FORMAL INVESTIGATION. IN CASE HIS PRELIMINARY 19 FINDING IS AFFIRMATIVE, THE BURDEN OF PROOF IS SHIFTED TO THE 20 RESPONDENT IMPORTER TO REBUT THE PRELIMINARY FINDING. THE 21 SECRETARY SHALL IMMEDIATELY ISSUE, THROUGH THE SECRETARY OF 22 FINANCE, WRITTEN INSTRUCTIONS TO THE COMMISSIONER OF 23 CUSTOMS TO IMPOSE WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS FROM RECEIPT OF

1 INSTRUCTIONS A CASH BOND EQUAL TO BUT NOT GREATER THAN THE 2 PROVISIONALLY ESTIMATED MARGIN OF DUMPING IN ADDITION TO ANY 3 OTHER DUTIES, TAXES AND CHARGES IMPOSED BY LAW ON LIKE THE CASH BOND SHALL BE DEPOSITED WITH THE 4 ARTICLES. 5 GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY BANK AND SHALL BE HELD IN TRUST FOR THE RESPONDENT IMPORTER. MOREOVER, THE POSTING OF CASH BOND 6 7 SHALL ONLY BE REQUIRED NO SOONER THAN SIXTY (60) DAYS FROM THE DATE OF INITIATION OF THE INVESTIGATION. THE DATE OF INITIATION 8 9 OF THE INVESTIGATION IS DEEMED TO BE THE DATE THE SECRETARY 10 PUBLISHED SUCH NOTICE IN TWO (2) NEWSPAPERS OF GENERAL 11 CIRCULATION. THE PROVISIONAL ANTI-DUMPING DUTY MAY ONLY BE 12 IMPOSED FOR A FOUR (4) - MONTH PERIOD WHICH MAY BE EXTENDED TO 13 SIX (6) MONTHS UPON REQUEST BY THE EXPORTER/S REPRESENTING A SIGNIFICANT PERCENTAGE OF THE TRADE INVOLVED. HOWEVER, A 14 15 PROVISIONAL ANTI-DUMPING DUTY LOWER THAN THE PROVISIONALLY 16 ESTIMATED MARGIN OF DUMPING CAN BE IMPOSED FOR A PERIOD OF SIX 17 (6) TO NINE (9) MONTHS IF, IT IS DEEMED SUFFICIENT TO REMOVE OR 18 PREVENT THE MATERIAL INJURY.

19

G. TERMINATION OF INVESTIGATION

THE SECRETARY OR THE COMMISSION, AS THE CASE MAY BE, SHALL *MOTU PROPRIO* TERMINATE THE INVESTIGATION AT ANY STAGE OF THE PROCEEDINGS IF THE PROVISIONALLY ESTIMATED MARGIN OF DUMPING IS LESS THAN TWO PERCENT (2%) OF EXPORT PRICE OR THE VOLUME OF DUMPED IMPORTS IS NEGLIGIBLE. THE VOLUME OF

1 DUMPED IMPORTS FROM A PARTICULAR COUNTRY SHALL NORMALLY BE 2 REGARDED AS NEGLIGIBLE IF IT ACCOUNTS FOR LESS THAN THREE 3 PERCENT (3%) OF THE IMPORTS OF THE LIKE ARTICLE IN THE 4 PHILIPPINES UNLESS COUNTRIES WHICH INDIVIDUALLY ACCOUNT FOR 5 LESS THAN THREE PERCENT (3%) OF THE IMPORTS OF THE LIKE 6 ARTICLE IN THE PHILIPPINES COLLECTIVELY ACCOUNT FOR MORE 7 THAN SEVEN PERCENT (7%) OF THE TOTAL IMPORTS OF THAT ARTICLE.

8 **H.** INVESTIGATION OF THE COMMISSION

WITHIN THREE (3) WORKING DAYS UPON ITS RECEIPT OF THE 9 RECORDS OF THE CASE FROM THE SECRETARY, THE COMMISSION 10 SHALL FORTHWITH SET THE CASE FOR FORMAL INVESTIGATION AND 11 SHALL ACCORDINGLY NOTIFY IN WRITING ALL PARTIES ON RECORD AND, 12 13 IN ADDITION, GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE OF THE EXACT INITIAL DATE, TIME AND PLACE OF THE FORMAL INVESTIGATION THROUGH THE 14 PUBLICATION OF SUCH PARTICULARS AND A CONCISE SUMMARY OF THE 15 16 **PETITION IN TWO (2) NEWSPAPERS OF GENERAL CIRCULATION.**

17 IN THE FORMAL INVESTIGATION, THE COMMISSION SHALL
18 ESSENTIALLY DETERMINE THE FOLLOWING:

(1) IF THE ARTICLE IN QUESTION IS BEING IMPORTED INTO, OR
SOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES AT A PRICE LESS THAN ITS NORMAL VALUE;
AND THE DIFFERENCE, IF ANY, BETWEEN THE EXPORT PRICE AND THE
NORMAL VALUE OF THE ARTICLE.

(2) THE PRESENCE AND EXTENT OF MATERIAL INJURY OR THE
 THREAT THEREOF TO DOMESTIC INDUSTRY, OR THE MATERIAL
 RETARDATION OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY;

4 (3) THE EXISTENCE OF A CAUSAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE 5 ALLEGEDLY DUMPED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE AND THE 6 MATERIAL INJURY OR THREAT OF MATERIAL INJURY TO THE AFFECTED 7 DOMESTIC INDUSTRY, OR MATERIAL RETARDATION OF THE 8 ESTABLISHMENT OF A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY;

9

(4) THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY TO BE IMPOSED; AND

10 (5) THE DURATION OF THE IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-DUMPING11 DUTY.

12 THE COMMISSION IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO REQUIRE ANY 13 INTERESTED PARTY TO ALLOW ITS ACCESS TO OR OTHERWISE PROVIDE 14 NECESSARY INFORMATION TO ENABLE THE COMMISSION TO EXPEDITE 15 THE INVESTIGATION.

16 THE FORMAL INVESTIGATION SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN A 17 SUMMARY MANNER. NO DILATORY TACTICS NOR UNNECESSARY OR 18 UNJUSTIFIED DELAYS SHALL BE ALLOWED AND THE TECHNICAL RULES 19 OF EVIDENCE USED IN REGULAR COURT PROCEEDINGS SHALL NOT BE 20 APPLIED.

21 IN CASE ANY OR ALL OF THE PARTIES ON RECORD FAIL TO SUBMIT 22 THEIR ANSWERS TO QUESTIONNAIRES/POSITION PAPERS WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED PERIOD, THE COMMISSION SHALL BASE ITS FINDINGS ON
 THE BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION.

3 Тне COMMISSION SHALL COMPLETE THE FORMAL 4. INVESTIGATION AND SUBMIT A REPORT OF ITS FINDINGS, WHETHER FAVORABLE OR NOT, TO THE SECRETARY WITHIN ONE HUNDRED 5 6 TWENTY (120) DAYS FROM RECEIPT OF THE RECORD OF THE CASE. 7 **PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE COMMISSION SHALL, BEFORE A FINAL** 8 DETERMINATION IS MADE, INFORM ALL THE INTERESTED PARTIES IN 9 WRITING OF THE ESSENTIAL FACTS UNDER CONSIDERATION WHICH 10 FORM THE BASIS FOR THE DECISION TO APPLY DEFINITIVE MEASURES. 11 SUCH DISCLOSURE SHOULD TAKE PLACE IN SUFFICIENT TIME FOR THE 12 PARTIES TO DEFEND THEIR INTERESTS.

I. DETERMINATION OF MATERIAL INJURY OR THREAT THEREOF
THE PRESENCE AND EXTENT OF MATERIAL INJURY TO THE
DOMESTIC INDUSTRY, AS A RESULT OF THE DUMPED IMPORTS SHALL BE
DETERMINED ON THE BASIS OF POSITIVE EVIDENCE AND SHALL REQUIRE
AN OBJECTIVE EXAMINATION BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO THE
FOLLOWING: ...

19 (1) THE RATE AND AMOUNT OF IMPORTS, EITHER IN ABSOLUTE
20 TERMS OR RELATIVE TO PRODUCTION OR CONSUMPTION IN THE
21 DOMESTIC MARKET;

22 (2) THE EFFECT OF THE DUMPED IMPORTS ON PRICES IN THE 23 DOMESTIC MARKET FOR LIKE PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE,

1 THAT IS, WHETHER THERE HAS BEEN A SIGNIFICANT PRICE 2 UNDERCUTTING BY THE DUMPED IMPORTS AS COMPARED WITH THE 3 PRICE OF LIKE PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE IN THE DOMESTIC 4 MARKET, OR WHETHER THE EFFECTS OF SUCH IMPORTS IS OTHERWISE 5 TO DEPRESS PRICES TO A SIGNIFICANT DEGREE OR PREVENT PRICE 6 INCREASES, WHICH OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE OCCURRED, TO A 7 SIGNIFICANT DEGREE; AND

(3) THE RESULTING EFFECT OF THE DUMPED IMPORTS ON THE 8 9 DOMESTIC PRODUCERS OR THE RESULTING RETARDATION OF THE 10 ESTABLISHMENT OF A DOMESTIC INDUSTRY MANUFACTURING LIKE PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE, INCLUDING AN EVALUATION OF 11 ALL RELEVANT ECONOMIC FACTORS AND INDICES HAVING A BEARING ON 12 13 THE STATE OF THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY CONCERNED, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL DECLINE IN OUTPUT, SALES, 14 15 MARKET SHARE, PROFITS, PRODUCTIVITY, RETURN ON INVESTMENTS, OR UTILIZATION OF CAPACITY, FACTORS AFFECTING DOMESTIC PRICES; 16 17 THE MAGNITUDE OF DUMPING; ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL NEGATIVE 18 EFFECTS ON CASH FLOW, INVENTORIES, EMPLOYMENT, WAGES, 19 GROWTH, AND ABILITY TO RAISE CAPITAL OR INVESTMENTS.

20 THE EXTENT OF INJURY OF THE DUMPED IMPORTS TO THE 21 DOMESTIC INDUSTRY SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE SECRETARY AND 22 THE COMMISSION UPON EXAMINATION OF ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE. 23 ANY KNOWN FACTORS OTHER THAN THE DUMPED IMPORTS WHICH AT

1 THE SAME TIME ARE INJURING THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY SHALL ALSO BE 2 EXAMINED AND THE INJURIES CAUSED BY THESE FACTORS MUST NOT BE 3 ATTRIBUTED TO THE DUMPED IMPORTS. THE RELEVANT EVIDENCE MAY 4 INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 5 (1) THE VOLUME AND VALUE OF IMPORTS NOT SOLD AT DUMPING 6 PRICES: 7 (2) CONTRACTION IN DEMAND OR CHANGES IN CONSUMPTION 8 PATTERN; 9 (3) TRADE RESTRICTIVE PRACTICES AND **COMPETITION** BETWEEN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC PRODUCERS; 10 11 (4) DEVELOPMENTS IN TECHNOLOGY; AND (5) EXPORT PERFORMANCE AND PRODUCTIVITY OF DOMESTIC 12 13 INDUSTRY. 14 A DETERMINATION OF A THREAT OF MATERIAL INJURY SHALL BE BASED ON FACTS AND NOT MERELY ON ALLEGATION, CONJECTURE OR 15 16 REMOTE POSSIBILITY. THE CHANGE IN CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH WOULD CREATE A SITUATION IN WHICH THE DUMPING WOULD CAUSE INJURY 17 MUST BE CLEARLY FORESEEN AND IMMINENT. IN MAKING A 18 DETERMINATION REGARDING THE EXISTENCE OF A THREAT OF 19 MATERIAL INJURY, THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE CONSIDERED, INTER 20 21 ALIA, COLLECTIVELY:

(1) A SIGNIFICANT RATE OF INCREASE OF DUMPED IMPORTS INTO
 THE DOMESTIC MARKET INDICATING THE LIKELIHOOD OF
 SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASED IMPORTATION;

4 (2) SUFFICIENTLY FREELY DISPOSABLE, OR AN IMMINENT,
5 SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN, CAPACITY OF THE EXPORTER INDICATING
6 THE LIKELIHOOD OF SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASED DUMPED EXPORTS TO
7 THE DOMESTIC MARKET, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE AVAILABILITY OF
8 OTHER EXPORT MARKETS TO ABSORB ANY ADDITIONAL EXPORTS;

9 (3) WHETHER IMPORTS ARE ENTERING AT PRICES THAT WILL 10 HAVE A SIGNIFICANT DEPRESSING OR SUPPRESSING EFFECT ON 11 DOMESTIC PRICES, AND WOULD LIKELY INCREASE DEMAND FOR 12 FURTHER IMPORTS; AND

13 (4) INVENTORIES OF THE PRODUCT BEING INVESTIGATED.

14 J. VOLUNTARY PRICE UNDERTAKING

1

15 ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION MAY BE SUSPENDED OR 16 TERMINATED WITHOUT THE IMPOSITION OF PROVISIONAL MEASURES OR 17 ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES UPON RECEIPT OF THE COMMISSION OF A 18 SATISFACTORY VOLUNTARY PRICE UNDERTAKING EXECUTED BY THE 19 EXPORTER UNDER OATH AND ACCEPTED BY THE AFFECTED INDUSTRY 20 THAT HE HAS REVISED OR INCREASED HIS PRICES; OR HAS CEASED 21 EXPORTS TO THE PHILIPPINES AT DUMPED PRICES, THEREBY 22 ELIMINATING THE MATERIAL INJURY TO THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY 23 PRODUCING LIKE PRODUCT. PRICE INCREASES UNDER SUCH

UNDERTAKINGS SHALL NOT BE HIGHER THAN NECESSARY TO ELIMINATE
 THE MARGIN OF DUMPING.

3 PRICE UNDERTAKING SHALL BE ACCEPTED ONLY AFTER A 4 PRELIMINARY AFFIRMATIVE DETERMINATION OF DUMPING AND INJURY 5 CAUSED BY SUCH DUMPING HAS BEEN MADE. NO PRICE UNDERTAKING 6 SHALL TAKE EFFECT UNLESS IT IS APPROVED BY THE SECRETARY AFTER 7 A RECOMMENDATION BY THE COMMISSION.

8 EVEN WITH THE PRESENCE AND/OR ACCEPTANCE BY THE AFFECTED DOMESTIC INDUSTRY OF SUCH AN UNDERTAKING, THE 9 10 INVESTIGATION OF DUMPING AND INJURY SHALL NEVERTHELESS BE 11 CONTINUED AND COMPLETED BY THE COMMISSION IF THE EXPORTER SO DESIRES OR UPON ADVISE BY THE SECRETARY. THE UNDERTAKING 12 13 SHALL AUTOMATICALLY LAPSE IN CASE OF A NEGATIVE FINDING. IN 14 CASE OF ANY AFFIRMATIVE FINDING, THE UNDERTAKING SHALL 15 CONTINUE CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE VI OF THE 16 GATT 1994.

17 K. CUMULATION OF IMPORTS

18 WHEN IMPORTS OF PRODUCTS, COMMODITIES OR ARTICLES FROM 19 MORE THAN ONE COUNTRY ARE SIMULTANEOUSLY THE SUBJECT OF AN 20 ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION, THE SECRETARY OR THE COMMISSION 21 MAY CUMULATIVELY ASSESS THE EFFECTS OF SUCH IMPORTS ONLY IF 22 THE SECRETARY AND THE COMMISSION ARE CONVINCED THAT:

34

95.

(1) THE MARGIN OF DUMPING ESTABLISHED IN RELATION TO THE
 IMPORTS FROM EACH COUNTRY IS MORE THAN *DE MINIMIS* AS DEFINED
 IN SUBSECTION G;

4 (2) THE VOLUME OF SUCH IMPORTS FROM EACH COUNTRY IS NOT
5 NEGLIGIBLE, ALSO AS DEFINED IN SUBSECTION G; AND

6 (3) A CUMULATIVE ASSESSMENT OF THE EFFECTS OF SUCH 7 IMPORTS IS WARRANTED IN THE LIGHT OF THE CONDITIONS OF 8 COMPETITION BETWEEN THE IMPORTED PRODUCTS, COMMODITIES OR 9 ARTICLES AND THE CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION BETWEEN THE 10 IMPORTED PRODUCTS AND THE LIKE DOMESTIC PRODUCTS, 11 COMMODITIES AND ARTICLES.

12 L. IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY

13 THE SECRETARY WITHIN TEN (10) WORKING DAYS FROM HIS 14 RECEIPT OF THE FAVORABLE REPORT OF THE COMMISSION, SHALL 15 ISSUE A DEPARTMENT ORDER DIRECTING THE COMMISSIONER OF 16 CUSTOMS THROUGH THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE TO IMPOSE WITHIN 17 THREE (3) DAYS FROM THE RECEIPT OF INSTRUCTIONS THE DEFINITIVE 18 DUMPING DUTY TO BE LEVIED, COLLECTED AND PAID AS PRESCRIBED 19 HEREIN, IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER DUTIES, TAXES AND CHARGES 20 IMPOSED BY LAW ON SUCH ARTICLE.

IN CASE CASH BOND HAS BEEN FILED, THE SAME SHALL BE
APPLIED TO THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ASSESSED. IF THE CASH BOND IS
IN EXCESS OF THE DUMPING DUTY ASSESSED, THE REMAINDER SHALL BE

RETURNED TO THE IMPORTER IMMEDIATELY INCLUDING INTEREST
 EARNED, IF ANY: *PROVIDED*, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAYABLE BY
 THE GOVERNMENT ON THE AMOUNT TO BE RETURNED. IF THE ASSESSED
 ANTI-DUMPING DUTY IS HIGHER THAN THE CASH BOND FILED, THE
 DIFFERENCE SHALL NOT BE COLLECTED.

6 UPON DETERMINATION OF ANTI-DUMPING DUTY, THE 7 COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS SHALL SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY, 8 THROUGH THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, A REPORT ON THE DISPOSITION 9 OF CASH BONDS AND A CERTIFIED COMPUTATION OF EACH CASE OF 10 ANTI-DUMPING DUTY.

11 IN CASE OF A NEGATIVE FINDING BY THE COMMISSION, THE 12 SECRETARY SHALL, AFTER THE LAPSE OF THE PERIOD FOR THE 13 PETITIONER TO APPEAL TO THE COURT OF TAX APPEALS, ISSUE, 14 THROUGH THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE, AN ORDER FOR THE 15 COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS FOR THE IMMEDIATE RELEASE OF THE 16 CASH BOND TO THE IMPORTER. IN ADDITION, ALL THE PARTIES 17 CONCERNED SHALL ALSO BE PROPERLY NOTIFIED OF THE DISMISSAL OF 18 THE CASE.

19 M. PERIOD SUBJECT TO DUMPING DUTY

20 ANTI-DUMPING DUTY MAY BE LEVIED RETROACTIVELY FROM THE 21 DATE THE CASH BOND HAS BEEN IMPOSED AND ONWARDS. HOWEVER, 22 AN ANTI-DUMPING DUTY MAY BE LEVIED ON PRODUCTS WHICH WERE 23 IMPORTED INTO THE COUNTRY NOT MORE THAN NINETY (90) DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF APPLICATION OF CASH BOND, WHEN THE
 AUTHORITIES DETERMINE FOR THE DUMPED PRODUCT IN QUESTION
 THAT:

4 (1) THERE IS A HISTORY OF DUMPING WHICH CAUSED INJURY OR 5 THAT THE IMPORTER WAS, OR SHOULD HAVE BEEN, AWARE THAT THE 6 EXPORTER PRACTICES DUMPING AND THAT SUCH DUMPING WOULD 7 CAUSE INJURY; AND

8 (2) THE INJURY IS CAUSED BY MASSIVE DUMPED IMPORTS OF A 9 PRODUCT IN A RELATIVELY SHORT TIME WHICH IN LIGHT OF THE 10 TIMING AND THE VOLUME OF THE DUMPED IMPORTS AND OTHER 11 CIRCUMSTANCES (SUCH AS RAPID BUILD-UP OF INVENTORIES OF THE 12 IMPORTED PRODUCT) IS LIKELY TO SERIOUSLY UNDERMINE THE 13 REMEDIAL EFFECT OF THE DEFINITIVE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY TO BE APPLIED: **PROVIDED**, THAT THE IMPORTERS CONCERNED HAVE BEEN 14 15 GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO COMMENT.

16 NO DUTIES SHALL BE LEVIED RETROACTIVELY PURSUANT TO
17 HEREIN SUBSECTION ON PRODUCTS ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION PRIOR
18 TO THE DATE OF INITIATION OF THE INVESTIGATION.

19

N. COMPUTATION OF ANTI-DUMPING DUTY

20 IF THE NORMAL VALUE OF AN ARTICLE CANNOT BE DETERMINED,
21 THE PROVISIONS FOR CHOOSING ALTERNATIVE NORMAL VALUE UNDER
22 ARTICLE VI OF GATT 1994 SHALL APPLY.

IF POSSIBLE AN INDIVIDUAL MARGIN OF DUMPING SHALL BE
 DETERMINED FOR EACH KNOWN EXPORTER OR PRODUCER OF THE

1 ARTICLE UNDER INVESTIGATION. IN CASES, WHERE THE NUMBER OF 2 EXPORTERS, PRODUCERS, IMPORTERS OR TYPES OF PRODUCTS 3 INVOLVED IS SO LARGE AS TO MAKE SUCH DETERMINATION 4 IMPRACTICABLE, THE AUTHORITIES MAY LIMIT THEIR EXAMINATION 5 EITHER TO A REASONABLE NUMBER OF INTERESTED PARTIES OR 6 PRODUCTS BY USING SAMPLES WHICH ARE STATISTICALLY VALID ON 7 THE BASIS OF INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE AUTHORITIES AT THE 8 TIME OF THE SELECTION, OR TO THE LARGEST PERCENTAGE OF VOLUME 9 OF THE EXPORTS FROM THE COUNTRY IN QUESTION WHICH CAN 10 REASONABLY BE INVESTIGATED.

HOWEVER, IF A NON-SELECTED EXPORTER SUBMITS
 INFORMATION, THE INVESTIGATION MUST EXTEND TO THAT EXPORTER
 UNLESS THIS WOULD PREVENT THE INVESTIGATION'S TIMELY
 COMPLETION.

15 NEW EXPORTERS OR PRODUCERS WHO HAVE NOT EXPORTED TO 16 THE PHILIPPINES DURING THE PERIOD OF INVESTIGATION WILL BE 17 SUBJECT TO AN ACCELERATED REVIEW. NO ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES 18 SHALL BE IMPOSED DURING THE REVIEW. CASH BOND MAY BE 19 REQUESTED TO ENSURE THAT IN CASE OF AFFIRMATIVE FINDINGS, ANTI-20 DUMPING DUTIES CAN BE LEVIED RETROACTIVELY TO THE DATE OF 21 INITIATION OF THE REVIEW.

O. DURATION AND REVIEW OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY
AS A GENERAL RULE, THE IMPOSITION OF AN ANTI-DUMPING DUTY
SHALL REMAIN IN FORCE ONLY AS LONG AND TO THE EXTENT

NECESSARY TO COUNTERACT DUMPING WHICH IS CAUSING OR
 THREATENING TO CAUSE MATERIAL INJURY TO DOMESTIC INDUSTRY OR
 MATERIAL RETARDATION OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SUCH INDUSTRY.

4 HOWEVER, THE NEED FOR THE CONTINUED IMPOSITION OF THE 5 ANTI-DUMPING DUTY MAY BE REVIEWED BY THE COMMISSION WHEN 6 WARRANTED *MOTU PROPRIO* OR UPON THE DIRECTION OF THE 7 SECRETARY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE NEED TO PROTECT 8 EXISTING OR ESTABLISHED DOMESTIC INDUSTRY AGAINST DUMPING.

9 ANY INTERESTED PARTY WITH SUBSTANTIAL POSITIVE 10 INFORMATION MAY ALSO PETITION THE SECRETARY FOR A REVIEW OF 11 THE CONTINUED IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY: *PROVIDED*, 12 THAT A REASONABLE PERIOD OF TIME HAS ELAPSED SINCE THE 13 IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY AND UPON THE NEED FOR A 14 REVIEW. INTERESTED PARTIES SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO REQUEST 15 THE SECRETARY TO EXAMINE:

16 (1) WHETHER THE CONTINUED IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-17 DUMPING DUTY IS NECESSARY TO OFFSET DUMPING; AND/OR

18 (2) WHETHER THE INJURY OR THREAT OF INJURY WOULD
19 LIKELY CONTINUE OR RECUR IF THE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY WERE
20 REMOVED OR MODIFIED.

21 IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT THE ANTI-DUMPING 22 DUTY IS NO LONGER NECESSARY OR WARRANTED, THE SECRETARY 23 SHALL, UPON ITS RECOMMENDATION, ISSUE A DEPARTMENT ORDER · · · .)

IMMEDIATELY TERMINATING THE IMPOSITION OF THE ANTI-DUMPING
 DUTY. ALL PARTIES CONCERNED SHALL BE NOTIFIED ACCORDINGLY OF
 SUCH TERMINATION, INCLUDING THE SECRETARY OF FINANCE AND THE
 COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.

5 THE DURATION OF THE DEFINITIVE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY SHALL 6 NOT EXCEED FIVE (5) YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ITS IMPOSITION (OR FROM THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT REVIEW IF THAT REVIEW HAS 7 8 COVERED BOTH DUMPING AND INJURY) UNLESS THE COMMISSION HAS 9 DETERMINED IN A REVIEW INITIATED BEFORE THAT DATE ON THEIR OWN INITIATIVE OR UPON A DULY SUBSTANTIATED REQUEST MADE BY 10 11 OR ON BEHALF OF THE DOMESTIC INDUSTRY WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME PERIOD PRIOR TO THE TERMINATION DATE THAT THE 12 TERMINATION OF THE DUMPING DUTY WILL LIKELY LEAD TO THE 13 CONTINUATION OR RECURRENCE OF DUMPING AND INJURY. 14

15 THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION REGARDING EVIDENCE AND 16 PROCEDURES SHALL APPLY TO ANY REVIEW CARRIED OUT UNDER THIS 17 SUBSECTION AND ANY SUCH REVIEW SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT 18 EXPEDITIOUSLY AND SHOULD BE CONDUCTED NOT LATER THAN ONE 19 HUNDRED FIFTY (150) DAYS FROM THE DATE OF INITIATION OF SUCH 20 REVIEW.

21 P. J

P. JUDICIAL REVIEW

22 ANY INTERESTED PARTY IN AN ANTI-DUMPING INVESTIGATION 23 WHO IS ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY A FINAL RULING IN CONNECTION WITH 24 THE IMPOSITION OF A DUMPING DUTY MAY FILE WITH THE COURT OF -

TAX APPEALS, A PETITION FOR THE REVIEW OF SUCH RULING WITHIN 1 2 THIRTY (30) DAYS FROM HIS RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF THE FINAL RULING: **PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE FILING OF SUCH PETITION FOR REVIEW** 3 4 SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY STOP, SUSPEND OR OTHERWISE HOLD THE IMPOSITION OR COLLECTION, AS THE CASE MAY BE, OF THE ANTI-5 DUMPING DUTY ON THE IMPORTED PRODUCT, COMMODITY OR ARTICLE. 6 THE RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE COURT ON THE PETITION FOR 7 REVIEW FILED WITH THE COURT OF TAX APPEALS SHALL BE APPLIED. 8 **O. FORMAL AND PUBLIC NOTICES** 9 THE SECRETARY OR THE COMMISSION SHALL INFORM IN 10 WRITING ALL INTERESTED PARTIES ON RECORD AND, IN ADDITION, GIVE 11 PUBLIC NOTICES BY PUBLISHING IN TWO (2) NEWSPAPERS OF GENERAL 12 13 **CIRCULATION WHEN:** (1) INITIATING AN INVESTIGATION; 14 (2) CONCLUDING OR SUSPENDING INVESTIGATION; 15 (3) MAKING ANY PRELIMINARY OR FINAL DETERMINATION 16 17 WHETHER AFFIRMATIVE OR NEGATIVE; (4) MAKING DECISION TO ACCEPT AN UNDERTAKING OR THE 18 TERMINATION OF AN UNDERTAKING; AND 19

20 (5) TERMINATING A DEFINITIVE ANTI-DUMPING DUTY.

R. REPORT TO BE SUBMITTED BY THE BUREAU OF CUSTOMS
 THE SECRETARY SHALL SUBMIT TO THE COMMISSIONER OF
 CUSTOMS FROM TIME TO TIME A LIST OF IMPORTED PRODUCTS
 SUSCEPTIBLE TO UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES. THE COMMISSIONER OF
 CUSTOMS IS HEREBY MANDATED TO SUBMIT TO THE SECRETARY
 MONTHLY REPORTS COVERING IMPORTATIONS OF SAID PRODUCTS,
 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:

- 8 (1) COMMERCIAL INVOICE;
- 9 (2) BILL OF LADING;
- 10 (3) IMPORT ENTRIES; AND
- 11 (4) PRE-SHIPMENT REPORTS.

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE SUBMISSION OF SUCH REPORT AS
PROVIDED HEREIN SHALL HOLD THE CONCERNED OFFICIALS LIABLE AND
SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH A FINE NOT EXCEEDING THE EQUIVALENT OF
SIX (6) MONTHS SALARY OR SUSPENSION NOT EXCEEDING ONE (1) YEAR.

16 S. ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEM SUPPORT

17 UPON THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT, THE DEPARTMENTS OF 18 TRADE AND INDUSTRY AND AGRICULTURE, AND THE TARIFF 19 COMMISSION, SHALL ENSURE THE EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE 20 IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ACT. ALL ANTI-DUMPING DUTIES 21 COLLECTED SHALL BE EARMARKED FOR THE STRENGTHENING OF THE 22 CAPABILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENTS OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY AND 1

AGRICULTURE, AND THE TARIFF COMMISSION TO UNDERTAKE THEIR 2 **RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THIS ACT.**

3 SEC. 5. Penalty Clause. - Failure of the government officials 4 herein mentioned to prosecute, investigate and initiate necessary action against the exporter as provided in this Act and of the rules and regulations 5 issued pursuant hereto shall be a ground for dismissal from office, in 6 addition to the sanctions provided in the Revised Penal Code and the Anti-7 8 Graft and Corrupt Practices Act.

9 Failure of the concerned officials of the Bureau of Customs to collect the cash bond or definitive dumping duty pursuant to the 10 department order of the Secretary shall constitute prima facie evidence of 11 dereliction of duty which shall be punishable by removal from the office. 12

The importer's license or charter to do business shall be revoked for 13 those found guilty of dumping. Further, its officers shall be disqualified 14 from holding official positions in corporations of other business entities in 15 the Philippines. A fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos 16 (P500,000.00) shall be imposed. 17

SEC. 6. Annual Report. - The use of funds under this Act shall be 18 subject to regular audit by the Commission on Audit which shall render an 19 annual report of its findings to Congress. Likewise, the Secretary shall 20 submit an annual report of its operation under this Act to Congress. 21

1 SEC. 7. Oversight. – There shall be a Congressional Oversight 2 Committee composed of the Chairmen of the Committee on Trade and 3 Industry of both the Senate and the House of Representatives, and 4 Members from the Committee on Ways and Means as designated in both 5 chambers.

6 SEC. 8. *Rules and Regulations.* – An inter-agency committee to be 7 composed of the Secretaries of the Departments of Trade and Industry, 8 Agriculture, and Finance, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Customs and 9 the Chairman of the Tariff Commission shall promulgate all rules and 10 regulations necessary to carry out their respective functions under this Act.

11 SEC. 9. *Repealing Clause*. – Section 301, Part 2, Title II, Book I of 12 the Tariff and Customs Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 7843 and 13 all other laws, decrees, rules and regulations, ordinances, executive or 14 administrative orders, and such other presidential issuances related to 15 dumping which are inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act are 16 hereby repealed, amended or otherwise modified accordingly.

SEC. 10. Separability Clause. - If any of the provisions of this Act
is declared invalid by a competent court, the remainder of this Act or any
provisions not affected by such declaration of invalidity shall remain in
full force and effect.

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SEC. 11. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect after fifteen
 (15) days following its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of
 general circulation.

Approved.