

## CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES ) First Regular Session )

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#### HOUSE OF PERSONNATIVES

H. No. 400

## INTRODUCED BY THE COMMITTEE ON AGRARIAN SEFORM

AM ACT INSTITUTING A COMPRESENTE AGRARIAN REFORM
PROGRAM AND PROVIDING TWO MECHANISM FOR ITS
IMPLEMENTATION

# Be it enected by the Senste and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Title. - This Act shall be known SECTION 1. as the "Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Law of 1988". Declaration of Principles and Policies. The State shall, by law, undertake on agrarian reform program founded on the right of farmers and regular farmworkers, who are landless, to own directly or collectively the lands they till or, in the case of other farmworkers, to receive a just share of the fruits thereof. To this end, the State shall encourage and undertake the just distribution of all agricultural lands, subject to such priorities and reasonable retention limits as the Congress may prescribe, taking into account ecological, developmental, or equity considerations, and subject to the payment of just compensation. In determining retention limits, the State shall respect the right

- 1 of small landowners. The State shall further provide
- 2 incentives for voluntary land-sharing.
- The State shall recognize the right of farmers,
- 4 farmworkers and landowners, as well as cooperatives
- 5 and other independent farmers' organizations, to partici-
- 6 pate in the planning, organization, and management
- 7 of the program, and shall provide support to agricul-
- 8 ture through appropriate technology and research,
- 9 and adequate financial, production, markéting; and
- 10 other support services.
- 11 The State shall apply the principles of agrarian
- 12 reform, or stewardship, whenever applicable, in accor-
- 13 dence with law, in the disposition or utilization
- 14 of other natural resources, including lands of the
- 15 public domain, under lease or concession, suitable
- 16 to agriculture, subject to prior rights, homestead
- 1) rights of small settlers, and the rights of indigenous
- 18 communities to their ancestral lands,
- The State may resettle landless farmers and farm-
- 20 workers in its own agricultural estates which shall
- 21 be distributed to them in the manner provided by law.
- 22 By means of appropriate incentives, the State
- 23 shall encourage the formation and maintenance of eco-
- 24 nomic-size family farms to be constituted by individual
- 25 beneficiaries and small landowners.
- 26 The State shall protect the rights of subsistence
- 27 fishermen, especially of local communities, to the
- 28 preferential use of communal marine and fishing resources.
- 29 both inland and offshore. It shall provide support
- 30 to such fishermen through appropriate technology and

and research, edequato financial, production and 1 marketing assistance, and other services. The State 2 shall also protect, develop and conserve such re-. 3 The protection shall extend to offshore fishing grounds of subsistence fishermen against foreign intrusion. Fishworkers shall receive a just 6 share from their labor in the utilization of marine and fishing resources. The State shall be guided by the principle that land, has a social function and landownership has 10 a spcial responsibility. Owners of agricultural 11 land have the obligation to cultivate directly or 12 through labor administration the lands they own and 13 thereby make the land productive. 14 The State shall provide incentives to landowners 15 to invest the proceeds of the agrarian reform program 16 to promote industrialization, employment creation, 17 and privatization of public sector enterprises. 18 Financial instruments used as payment for their lands 19 shall contain easy marketability features and be 20 honored as equity in enterprises of their choice. . 21 The State shall make available uncultivated lands .22 on a lease basis to interested and qualified parties 23 for the development of capital-intensive, traditional 24 and pioneering crops, subject to the prior rights 25 of the beneficiaries under this Act. 26

CHAPTER I

28 COVERAGE

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29 SEC. 3. Scope. - The Comprehensive Agararica 30 Reform Law of 1988 shall cover, regardless of temurial 1 arrangement and commodity produced, all public and

2 private agricultural lands as provided in Proclamation

3 No. 131 and Executive Order No. 229, including other

lands of the public domain suitable for agriculture.

5 SEC. 4. Schedule of Implementation. - The dis-

6 tribution of all lands covered by this Act shall

be implemented immediately and completed within ten

(10) years from the effectivity hereof.

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9 SEC. 5. Retention Limit. - Except for land coopsratives, corporations or associations which qualify 10 under Section 17 of this Act, no person may own/retain, 11 directly or indirectly, any agricultural land except 12 that which he or she shall cultivate directly or 13 14 through labor administration. The land retained by such person or family shall vary according to 15 factors governing a viable family-size farm, such 16 as commodity produced, terrain, infrastructure, soil 17 fertility, and others as determined by the Presidential 18 Agrarian Reform Council (PARC), but in no case shall 19 retention by the landowner exceed seven (7) hectares. 20 However, an additional three (3) hectares will apply 21 22 to each direct legal heir, subject to the afore-23 mentioned factors. In both cases, the right to own land by the existing occupants shall not be prejudiced. 24 25 Upon the effectivity of this Act, any sale, dis-26 position, lease, management contract or transfer 27 of possession of private lands executed by the original 28 landowner, covered by this Act, shall be null and 29 void.

30 Any sale, disposition, lesse, management contract

or transfer of possession of private lands empouted by the original leadermer three (3) months prior 2 to the effectivity of this Act shall be null and 3 void: <u>Provided</u>, <u>however</u>, That those executed prior to such paried shall be valid only when registered with the Register of Deeds within a period of three (3) months efter the effectivity of this Act. All 7 Registers of Deeds shall inform the Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR) within thirty (30) days of any transaction involving agricultural lands in excess 10 of seven (7) hectares. 11 SEC. 6. <u>Distribution Limit</u>. - No qualified bene-12 ficiery may own more than three (3) hectares of agri-13 14 cultural land: <u>Provided</u>, <u>however</u>, That the beneficiaries may organize themselves into a cooperative 15 pursuant to Section 18 of this Act. 16 SEC. 7. Priorities. - The guiding principle in 17 the implementation of the program shall be the readi-18 ness of the beneficiaries to work the land and make 19 such land productive. Consequently, the following 20 lands shall be distributed to the beneficiaries in 21 22 the following order: Phase One: Alienable and disposable public lands, 23 24 and all private lands abandoned or 25 which have remained idle for at least 26 three (3) years before the effectivity 27 of this Act; private landholdings 28 voluntarily offered by the owners 29 for agrarian reform; sequestered 30

properties as determined by the courts

foreclosed properties where ownership is already consolidated; all arable public lands under agro-3 forest, pasture and agricultural leases already cultivated and planted to crops, in accordance with Section 6. Article XIII of the Constitution. 7 Public lands shown suitable for Phase Two: opening to new cultivation, with 9 consideration to maintaining 10 areas reserved for water and envi-11 ronmental protection; and private 12 agricultural . lands in 13 insofar es fifty (50) hectares, 14 the excess hectarage is concerned. 15 All other private landholdings, 16 Phase Three: starting from large estates and 17 proceeding to the medium and small 18 landholdings. 19 The schedule of acquisition and redistribution 20 of all agricultural lands covered by this program 21 shall be made in accordance with the above order 22 of priorities which shall be provided in the imple-23 menting rules to be prepared by the Presidential 24 Agrarian Reform Council (PARC), taking into consi-25 the need to distribute deration the following: 26 lands to the tillers at the most practicable time 27 possible, the need to enhance agricultural productivity, 28. and the availability of funds and resources to imple-29 ment and support the program. 30

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Beneficiaries. - The lands occured 1 SEC. 8. by the agrarian reform program shall be distributed 3 to the beneficiaries in the following order of pricity: Provided, That no one shall qualify to be a beneficiary unless he is landless, and: Provided, further, 5 That the beneficiaries shall, as much as possible, 7 be residents of the same barangay or municipality of subject lands: 9 (1) agricultural share tenants; 10 (2) agricultural lesses; 11 (3) regular farmworkers: 12 (4) seasonal farmworkers: 13 (5) other farmworkers: 14 (6) actual tillers of abandoned lands; 15 (7) actual tillers or occupants of public lands; 16 (8) collectives or cooperatives of the above 17 beneficiaries: and 18 (9) other direct workers who are deprived 19 of access and control over agricultural lands. 20 This provision shall not benefit those bene-21 ficiaries who, after due judiciel determination, 22 have been found to have previously abandoned or 23 waived the rights that they might have otherwise 24 acquired through this Act. 25 The occupation of agricultural land, whether 26 private or public, prior to the effectivity of this 27 Act shall not be a bar to being a beneficiary of 28 this program, unless such occupation has been declared 29 illegal by final judgment: Provided, further, That 30 beneficiaries under Presidential Decree No. 27 who

- 1 have culpably sold or abandoned their land are
- 2 disqualified to become beneficiaries under this
- 3 program.
- 4 For purposes of this Act, a landless beneficiary
- 5 is one who owns less than three (3) hectares of
- 6 agricultural land which is not sufficient for a
- 7 family-size farm.
- 8 SEC. 9. Areas Exempted from Land Distribution.
- 9 Lands actually and exclusively used and found
- 10 to be necessary for national defense, school sites
- 11 and campuses, church sites and convents appurtenent
- 12 thereto, mosque sites and Islamic centers appurte-
- 13 nant thereto, penal colonies, government and pri-
- 14 vate research and quarantine centers and all lands
- 15 with eighteen percent (184) slope and over, shall
- 16 be exempt from the coverage of this Act. Upon
- 17 proper application the DAR shall also exempt, from
- 18 the land distribution requirements of this Act,
- 19 lands devoted to:
- 20 (1) Vegetable farming and cut-flower farming;
- 21 (2) Aquaculture and non-tenanted orchards:
- 22 Provided, That they are capital-intensive
- 23 or of long gestation period, and: Frovided,
- 24 further, That in the case of corporate
- 25 exemptees they must undertake to share
- 26 technology with their regular workers
- 27 and assist in their training and in the
- 28 formation of cooperatives:
- 29 (3) Poultry, piggery and livestock projects;
- 30 (4) Residential, housing, commercial and indus-
- 31 trial sites classified as such by the

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municipal and city development councils 2 as already approved by the Housing and Land Use Regulatory Board in their res-3 4 pactive zoning development plans; 5 (5) Lands devoted to athletic and recreational facilities; and (6) Sites of duly registered foundations for 7 the poor and the underprivileged, and rehabilitation centers and livelihood 9 10 centers for drug addicts. 11 Provided, That i f the purpose for which the exemptions were granted no longer exists, such 12 areas shall automatically be subject to land dis-13 14 tribution. 15 Homestead Grants and Free Patents. SEC. 10. - For equity considerations upon proof satisfactory 16 to the DAR, lands granted under homestead or free 17 patents whose title is in the name of the original 18 19 grantee or his direct descendants shall be exempt from the retention limit up to twenty-four (14) 20 21 hectares. 22 SEC. 11. Compulsory Registration. - Within ninety (90) days from the effectivity of this Act. 23 24 all natural and juridical persons, including government entities, owning, leasing, or managing agri-25 cultural lands in the Philippines, except those 26 2.7 who have already registered pursuant to Executive 28 Order No. 229, shall file a sworn statement in 29 the assessor's office of the municipality or city 30 where each parcel is located, in a form prescribed 31 by the DAR, which shall, much as 45 possible

- l be similar to those filed under Executive Order No.
- 2 229. This shall be without prejudice to filing a
- 3 single consolidated sworn statement with the office
- 4 of the provincial assessor in the case of a person
- 5 holding several parcels of land in different munici-
- 6 parities in a province.
- It shall likewise be the duty of all tenants.
- regular and seasonal farmworkers, and other benefi-
- 9 ciaries, within the date prescribed above, to register
- 10 with the DAR, their names, and the names of their
- 11 immediate farm household, name of the landowner or
- 12 administrator, area cultivated, location, crops planted,
- 13 production, tenurial status, previous land rental
- 14 or compensation received, and other relevant data
- 15 as may be required. Any conflict between the land-
- 16 owner's registration and that of the tenant, leasure
- 17 or farmworker, shall be resolved initially with the
- 18 assistance of the PARC.

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### CHAPTER II

#### 20 PRIVATE LAND ACQUISITION

- 21 SEC. 12. Procedure for Acquisition. After having
- 22 identified the land, the landowners and the benefit
- 23 ciaries, the DAR shall publish its decision to acquire
- 24 the land and notify the owners thereof, together
- 25 with the offer of the DAR to pay a corresponding
- 26 value in accordance with the valuation set forth
- 27 in Section 13 hereof.
  - 28 Within fifteen (15) days from publication and

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notice, the landowner shall signify to the DAR his acceptance or rejection of the offer. 2

If the landowner accepts the offer of the DAR, 3 the Land Bank of the Philippines shall pay the landowner the purchase price of the land within fifteen (15) days after he surrenders the Certificate of Title or other muniments of title and other relevant documents required by the DAR and the Land Bank of the Philippines.

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In case of rejection or failure to reply, the DAR shall conduct summary administrative proceedings to determine the compensation for the land by requiring the landowner, the Land Bank of the Philippines and other interested parties to submit evidence as to the just compensation for the land, within fifteen (15) days from the receipt of the notice. After the expiration of the above period, the matter is deemed submitted for decision. The DAR shall decide the case within thirty (30) days after it is submitted for decision.

Within fifteen (15) days from the receipt of the decision on just compensation, the Land Bank of the Philippines shall establish a trust fund for the landowner concerned in the amount decided, and notify the landowner and the Department of Agrarian Reform of its establishment.

27 After the establishment of the trust fund or receipt by the DAR of the landowner's acceptance 28 of the offer, it shall take immediate possession of the land. 29 Upon formal notification by the Department of Agrarian 30

1	Reform, the Register of Deeds shall issue a Transfer
2	of Certificate of Title in the name of the Republic
3	of the Philippines. Thereupon, the DAR shall start
4	with the redistribution of the land to the qualified
5	beneficiaries.
6	Any party who disagrees with the decision may
7	bring the matter to the court of proper jurisdiction
8	for final determination of just compensation.
9	The rights and responsibilities of ownership
10	by the beneficiary shall commence at the time the
11	DAR takes possession of the land. Ownership shall
12	be evidenced by a Certificate of Ownership Award.
13	SEC. 13. Land Valuation and Mode of Compensation.
14	- The Land Bank of the Philippines shall compensate
15	the landowner in such amount as may be agreed upon
16	by the landowner and the DAR, or as may be finally
17	determined by the court as the just compensation
18	for the land, which shall be exempt from payment
19	of capital gains tax.
20	The compensation shall be paid in one of the
21	following modes, at the option of the landowner:
22	(1) Cash payment, under the following terms
23	and conditions:
24 25 26 27	For land seven (7) - Pifty percent (50%) downpayment, the balance to be paid in government financial instruments negotiable at any time.
28 29 10 31	For lands above - Forty percent (401) downpayment, seven (7) hectares the belance to be paid in go- und up to twenty- versument financial instruments negutiable at any time.

For lands above - Thirty-five (354) dovapayment, twesty-four (24) bectares and up to be paid in government fin fifty (50) bectares instruments negotiable any time. For lands above - Thirty percent (30%) downpay-ment, the belience to be paid fifty (50) hectares in government financial instruments negotiable at any times 10 (2) Exchange for shares of stocks in governmentowned corporations, Land Bank of the Philippines 11 preferred shares, physical assets or other qualified 12 13 investments in accordance with guidelines set by the PARC: 14 (3) Direct payment in cash or in kind by bene-15 ficiaries, with terms mutually agreed upon by the 16 beneficiaries and landowners subject to confirmation 17 by the DAR; .8 (4) Payment in the form of tax credits which 10 can be used against any government tax liebility; (5) Payment in the form of financial instruments !1 which can be negotiated at any time as: 12 !3 Collateral for loans at full value with 14 government banks; 15 Substitutes for bail and other : b. bonds required by courts and quasi-judicial 16 17 bodies, and surety bonds required by govern-18 ment institutions: 19 C. Payment for various taxes, import duties and other payments to government: 10 Provided. 11 That the use of these bonds for these pur-

poses will be limited to a certain percentage

of the outstanding balance of the financial

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I		instruments: Provided, further, That only
2		a percentage of the tax due shall be payable
3	•	in financial instruments: Provided, further-
4	· .	more, that a discount will be applied to
•5		the bonds used as payment if the payment
6		results in accelerated liquidation of the
7		bonds, and: Provided, finally, That the
8		PARC shall determine the percentages and
9	•	discounts mentioned above;
10	d.	Substitute for bank legal reserves required
11		by law: Provided, That such reserves as
12		may become loanable funds because of subs-
13		titution by these financial instruments shall
14		be used for loans to agrarian reform benefi-
15	•	ciaries, agricultural projects in general,
16		and such other projects as may be approved
17 .		by the Board of Investments;
18	•	Payment for equity in government-controlled
19		assets and listed corporations and other
20	•	publicly listed companies for as long as
21	•	these corporations agree:
22	£.	Payment for tuition fees in all government
23	·	universities, colleges, trade schools, and
24	·	other institutions:
25	9.	Payment for fees in government hospitals;
26	h.	Exchange for government-owned shares in corpo
27	•	rations under privatization.
28	The	government shall take appropriate measures
29	to ensur	e, the market value and negotiability of such
30	financia	l instruments.

1	SEC. 14. Lands Unpaid Under Presidential Decre
2	No. 27 The mode of payment for lands whose value
3	have already been determined under the Operation
4	Land Transfer of Presidential Decree No. 27, where
5	at least partial payment has been made, shall be
6	maintained. Otherwise, the provisions on valuation
7	and mode of payment of this Act shall apply.
8	SEC. 15. Assistance to Landowners Landowners
9	affected by this Act shall be assisted and provided
10	with the following services by the Land Bank of
11	the Philippines:
12	(1) Investment and management information
13	and counselling assistance;
14	(2) Conversion or exchange of bonds to govern-
15	ment stocks or government assets;
16	(3) Marketing of Land Bank bonds;
17	(4) Other services to utilize productively
18	the proceeds of sale of lands to the government.
19	SEC. 16. Incentives to Economic-Size Farms.
20	- Economic-size Farm cooperatives constituted by
21	individual beneficiaries and small landowners shall
22	be given priority in the delivery of assistance
23	and support services such as concessional loans,
24	technology, management and marketing services.
25	CHAPTER' III
26 27	VOLUNTARY LAND TRANSFER, OWNERSHIP PATTERNS AND PROFIT
28	SEC. 17. Corporate Landowners Corporate
29	landowners may voluntarily transfer ownership over

their agricultural landholdings to the Republic 1 of the Philippines pursuant to Section 12 hereof 2 or to qualified beneficiaries under such terms and 3 conditions, consistent with this Act, that they 4 may agree upon, subject to confirmation by the DAR. 5 Upon certification by the DAR, corporations owning agricultural lands may give their qualified beneficiaries the right to purchase such proportion 8 of the capital stock of the corporation that the agricultural land, actually devoted to agricultural 10 activities, bears in relation to the company's total 11 assets, under such terms and conditions as may be 12 agreed upon by them. In no case shall the compen-1.3 sation received by the workers at the time the shares 14 of stocks are distributed be reduced. 15 principle shall be applied to associations, with 16 respect to their equity or participation. 17 Corporations or associations which voluntarily 13 . divest a proportion of their capital stock; equity 19 or participation to their workers or other qualified 20 beneficiaries under this section shall be deemed 21 to have complied with the provisions of this Act. 22 Provided, That the following conditions are complied 23 with: 24 In order to assure the right of benefi-25 ciaries who own shares of stocks to dividends and 26 other financial benefits, the books of the corpo-27 ration or association shall be subject to periodic 28 audit by certified public accountants authorized 29 by the beneficiaries: 30

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- b) Irrespective of their equity in the corporation or association, the beneficiaries shall be
  assured of at least one (1) representative in the
  board of directors of the corporation or association;
  and
  - c) Any transfer of shares of stocks by the original beneficiaries shall be void ab initio unless east-transaction is in favor of a qualified and registered beneficiary.

Shares of stocks acquired by such workers and beneficiaries shall have the same rights and features as all the other shares.

If within two (2) years from the approval of this Act, the land or stock transfer envisioned above is not made or realized, the agricultural land of the corporate landowners or corporation shall be subject to the compulsory coverage of this Act. Collective or Individual Ownership. 18. - While tenanted lands shall be transferred to the beneficiaries, individually or collectively, at the option of the beneficiaries, the government shall encourage the beneficiaries to form cooperatives. The beneficiaries in lands under labor administration shall also be encouraged to form cooperatives or corporations, which can then own the lands collectively, even beyond the retention limit of seven (7) hectares, whe individual members of such cooperatives or corporations shall be provided with homelots and small farmlots for family use taken out from the land of the cooperatives.

SEC. 19. Production and Income-Sharing. - Pending 1" final land transfer, individuals or entities owning, 2 or operating under lease or management contract, agri-3 cultural lands are hereby mandated to execute a pro-4 duction-sharing plan with their farmworkers or farm-5 workers' organization, if any, whereby at least two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the gross sales from 7 production of such 8 lands are distributed as compensation to regular and seasonal farmworkers over and above the compensation they currently 10 receive: Provided, That these individuals or entities 11 realize gross sales in excess of Five million pesos 12 13 per annum: Provided, further, That such individuals or entities are not obligated to pay more than one hundred 14 15 percent (100%) over the regular and annual compensation of the farmworkers. 16 To forestall disruption in the normal operation 17 18 of lands to be turned over to regular farmworkers, a transitory period, the length of which may be deter-19 mined by the DAR, will be established. 20 During the transitory period, at least two and one-half percent 21 . (2.5%) of the gross sales trong the production and 22 23 cultivation of the land will be distributed to the original management group as compensation for tran-24 25 sitory management functions performed.

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#### CHAPTER IV

#### UTILIZATION AND CONSERVATION

28 SEC. 20. Leases, Mortgages, Usufructs and Other

29 Claims. - Valid Jeases, mortgages, usufructs and

other claims on lands covered by the program and registered with the Register of Deeds prior to the

approval of this Act may continue under their original

4 terms and conditions, but in no case beyond five

5 (5) years from its approval. Where the existing

6 lease rentals are not acceptable to the qualified

beneficiaries, such rentals shall be renegotiated

8 with the assistance of the PARC. If the parties

9 fail to agree, the PARC shall determine the rental.

10 Valid leases, mortgages, maufructs and other claims

11 registered with the Register of Deeds prior to the

12 approval of this Act will be assumed by the government

13 up to the extent of the Landowner's compensation

14 value as provided for in Section 13 hereof.

15 SEC. 21. Land Consolidation. - The DAR shall 16 carry out land consolidation projects to promote 17 equal distribution of landholdings, to provide the 18 needed infrastructures in agriculture, and to conserve

19 soil fertility and prevent erosion.

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20 SEC. 22. Payment of the Land. - Lands acquired' and redistributed by the government shall be sold 21. 22 to the beneficiaries in accordance with its acquisition 23 cost. All previous land rentals and uncompensated labor shall be deducted from the resale price of 24 the land to the beneficiary. Uncompensated labor 25 is the difference between actual farm wages and the 26 government mandated minimum wage including other 27 28 benefits provided by law. In the event of sale, 29 the beneficiary shall pay in seventoen (17) equal

annual amortizations without interest.

The first

payment shall be due two (2) years after resale.

2 In no case shall the annual amortization exceed ten

3 percent (10%) of the net value of current production.

acquired under this program shall not be transferable for a period of ten (10) years except by hereditary succession, or to the government who shall hold it in trust for qualified beneficiaries. Thereafter, such land shall be transferable to a registered qualified beneficiary through the intercession and prior consent of the FARC: Provided, however. That the children including the spouse of the transferor shall have a right to redeem the land within a period of two (2) years.

SEC. 24. Support Services. - The government shall give highest priority in providing the following support services for the success of the agrarian reform program. For this purpose, the Office of the Executive Officer for Support Services of the program is hereby created, to coordinate and implement with the DAR and the PARC in the support services component of this program, as well as to implement the following policies formulated and the rules and regulations promulgated under this Act:

- (1) Irrigation facilities especially second crop or dry season irrigation facilities;
- 27 (2) Infrastructure development and public works
  28 projects in areas and settlements that
  29 come under agrarian reform, and for this
  30 purpose, to prepare the physical development

*		plan or such estilements providing suitable
2		village and barrio sites, potable water
3		and power resources, irrigation systems
4		and other facilities for a sound agricultural
5		development plan;
6	(3.)	Government subsidies for the use of irrigation
7	•	facilities;
8	(4)	Price support and guarantee for all agri-
9	•	cultural produce;
10	(5)	Extending the necessary credit like conces-
11		sional and collateral-free loans for agro-
12		industrialization to small landowners and
13	•	farmer-groups based on social collaterals
14		like the guarantee of farmers' organizations;
15	(6)	Assigning sufficient numbers of agricultural
16		extension workers to farmers' organizations;
17	(7)	Investing in the research, development and
18		dissemination of low-cost and ecologically
19	,	sound ferm inputs and technologies to mini-
20		mise reliance on expensive and imported
21.		agricultural inputs;
22	(8)	Development of cooperative management skills
23		through intensive training; and
2.4	. (9)	Assistance in the identification of ready
25	•	markets for agricultural produce and training
6	•	in other various aspects of marketing.
7	In	order to cover the expenses and cost or appoint
8	services,	at least twenty-five percent (25%) of all
9, -	appropria	tions for agrarian reform shall be immediately
0	set aside	and made available for this purpose.

Land Rent Limits. - Pending final 25. 1 land transfer, land rent shall be determined by the 2 DAR in accordance with existing laws on land rentals. 3 SEC. 26. Special Areas of Conc. n. - As an integral part of the comprehensive agrarian reform 5 program, the following principles in these special areas of concern shall be observed: 7 Lands Leased to the Multinationals - All 8 lands currently under the control of multinational 9 corporations must revert back to Filipinos and their 10 ownership and management transferred collectively 11 to the direct producers; 12 (2) Subsistence Fishing - Small fisherfolk inclu-13 seaweed farmers should be assured of greatur 14 access to management over water resources; 15 Lands of Indigenous Communities - The right 16 of indigenous cultural communities to their ancestral 17 lands shall be protected to ensure their economic, 18 social and cultural well-being. In line with the 19 concept of self-determination and autonomy, the systems 20 of land ownership, land use, and the modes of settling 21 land disputes of all indigenous communities must be 22 recognized and respected; 23 Logging and Mining Concessions - Subject 24 to the requirement of a balance ocology and conser-25 vation of water resources, suitable areas, as deter-26 mined by the Department of Environment and Natural Resources 27 in logging, mining and pasture areas must 28

be opened up for agrarian settlements whose benefi-

ciaries will be required to undertake reforestation

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- 1 and conservation production methods. Subject to exist-
- 2 ing laws, rules and regulations, settlers and members
- 3 of tribal communities must be allowed to enjoy and
- 4 exploit the products of the forests other than timber
- 5 within the logging concessions;
- 6 (5) Sparsely Occupied Public Agricultural Lands
- 7 Sparsely occupied agricultural lands of the public
- 8 domain will be surveyed, proclaimed and developed
- 9 as farm settlements for qualified landless people
- 10 based on an organized program to ensure their orderly
- 11 and early development.
- 12 Agricultural land allocations will be made for
- 13 ideal family-size farms as determined by the PARC.
- 14 Pioneers and other settlers will be treated equally
- in every respect.
- The MAR will prepare the physical development
- 1) plan of the settlement to include suitable village
- 18. and barrio sites, potable water sources, lighting
- 19 facilities, irrigation eystems and an zyricultural
- 20 development plan.
- 21 Subject to the prior rights of qualified benefit
- 22 ciaries, uncultivated lands of the public domain will
- 23 be made available on a lease basis to interested and
- 24 qualified parties. Parties who will engage in the
- 25 development of capital-intensive, traditional or
- 26 pioneering crops will be given priority.
- The lease period, which shall not be more than
- 28 fifty (50) years shall be proportional to the amount
- 29 of investment and production goals of the lesses.
- 30 A system of evaluation and aidit will be instituted.

Lands - Idle, abandoned, foreclosed and Sequestered
Lands - Idle, abandoned, foreclosed and sequestered
lands will be physically planned for distribution
as homelots and family-size farmlots to actual occupants. If land area permits, other landless families
will be accommodated in these lands.

erals by the beneficiaries for all loans granted by any banking institution. All lands foreclosed by banks from beneficiaries of this Act may be redeemed by the government upon presentation of the corresponding instruments of ownership to the proper government agencies concerned, subject to the General Banking Act. Lands foreclosed before or after the effectivity of this Act shall be owned by the bank until such time that these lands are acquired by the government.

- of the agricultural labor force must be guaranteed and assured equal rights to ownership of the land, equal shares of the farm's produce, and representation in advisory or appropriate decision making bodies.
- Section 7 of Article XVI of the Constitution, landless war veterans and veterans of military campaigns, their surviving spouses and orphans, retirees of the Armed Forces of the Philippines and the Integrated National Police, returnees, surrenderess, and similar beneficiaries shall be given due consideration in the disposition of agricultural lands of the public domain.

1 (9) Agriculture Graduates - Graduates of agricultural schools who are landless shall be assisted
3 by the government, through the DAR, in their desire
4 to own and till agricultural lands.
5 SEC. 27. The Presidential Agrarian Reform Council
6 (PARC). - Unless otherwise provided in this Act, the
7 provisions of Executive Order No. 229 regarding the

organization and the administrative jurisdiction of the Presidential Agrarian Reform Council (PARC) shall

10 remain in effect.

SEC. 28. Quasi-Judicial Powers of the Department of Agrarian Reform (DAR). - The DAR is hereby vested with primary jurisdiction to determine and adjudicate agrarian reform matters, and shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all matters involving the implementation of agrarian reform, except those falling under the exclusive jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture and Food (DAF) and the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR).

The DAR shall issue subpoena, subpoena duces tecum and writs to enforce its orders and decisions.

Responsible farmer leaders shall be allowed to represent themselves, their fellow farmers, or their organizations in any proceedings before the DAR: Provided, however, That when there are two or more representatives for any individual or group, the representatives should choose only one among themselves to represent such party or group before any DAR proceedings.

Unless appealed to the court, the decision of the DAR shall be immediately final and executory.

1	CHAPTER \
2	FINANCING
3	SEC. 29. Funding Source The initial amoun
4	needed to implement this Act for the period of te
5	(10) years upon approval hereof shall be funded from
6	the Agrarian Reform Fund created under Sections 2
.7	and 21 of Executive Order No. 229.
8	In addition, a portion of amounts accruing to
9	the Philippines from all sources of official foreign
10	aid grants and concessional financing from all countries
11	including peso proceeds from the U.S. Public Law 48
12	Program, the amount to be determined by the President
13	shall be used to augment the fund for the specific
14	purposes of financing production credits, infrastructures
15	and support services required by the program.
16	SEC. 30. Land Bank of the Philippines The
17	Land Bank of the Philippines shall be the financing
18	arm of agrarian reform. As such, it shall be an attached
19	agency to the Department of Agrarian Reform. The Sec-
20	retary of Agrarian Reform shall be its chairman.
21	CHAPTER VI
22	GENERAL PROVISIONS
23	SEC. 31. Prohibited Acts and Penalties Any
24	person who knowingly and willfully violates the provi-
25	sions of this Act shall be punished by imprisonment
26	of not less than one (1) munth to not more than two
27	(2) years or a fine of not less than One thousand pesos
8	(\$1,000.00) and not more than Five thousand peace (\$5,000.00)
9	or both, at the discretion of the court.

1 SEC. 32. Immunity of Government Agencies from 2 Undue Interference. - No injunction, restraining order, prohibition or mandamus shall be issued by the 3 4 courts against the Department of Agriculture and Food (DAF), the Department of Environment and Natural Re-5 6 sources (DENR), and the Department of Justice in their implementation of the program. 7 8 33. Preferential Attention in Courts. 9 All courts in the Philippines, both trial and appellate, 10 are hereby enjoined to give preferential attention 11 to all cases arising from or in connection with the 12 implementation of the provisions of this Act. SEC. 34. Final Adjudication. - All cases pending 13 in court arising from or in connection with the imple-14 15 mentation of this Act shall continue to be heard, tried and decided into its finality, notwithstanding 16 17 the expiration of the ten-year period mentioned in Section 4 hereof. After the final decision has been 18 rendered and implemented, the remaining proceedings, 19 if any, for the implementation of the provisions of 20 this Act, shall continue until they are finally com-21 22 pleted in accordance with this Act. 23 SEC. 35. Assistance of Other Government Entities. 24 - The PARC in the exercise of its functions is hereby authorized to call upon the assistance and support 25 of other government agencies, bureaus and offices, 26 27 including government-owned or controlled corporations. 28 SEC. 36. Payment of Beneficiaries. - Payments 29 made by the beneficiaries of lands acquired under 30 this Act shall be governed by Executive Order No. 229, series of 1987. 31

Farmers' Cooperatives. - The DAR shall SEC. 37. promote and help organize cooperatives of agrarian 2 reform beneficiaries and also of small landowners, when 3 so requested by latter, with priority to the beneficiaries. · 5 Training in Livelihood Projects. 38. 6 The DAR is tasked with the training of beneficiaries, 7 particularly family dependents, in all types of live-8 lihood projects such as raising of vegetables, poultry, 9 piggery, and livestock projects, and the production 10 of organic fertilizers for home gardening and the 11 market. 12 Credit Facilities. - To enable benefi-SEC. 39. 13 ciaries to have ready and adequate credit facility 14 and market for their produce, the DAR will formulate 15 the policies and establish the organizations required 16 to accomplish these objectives and the funding to 17 support it. 18 Ancestral Lands. - The rights of indi-SEC. 40. 19 genous cultural communities to their ancestral lands 20 are hereby protected to ensure their economic, social, 21 and cultural well-being. 22 SEC. 41. Free Registration of Patents and Titles. 23 - All Registers of Deeds are hereby directed to register. 24 free from payment of all fees, patents, titles, and 25 documents required for the implementation of the CARP. 26 SEC. 42. Separability Clause. -If, for any 27 reason, any section or provision of this Act shall 28 be held unconstitutional, the other provisions hereof 29

shall not be affected and shall remain in full force

30

31

and effect.

SEC. 43. Suppletory Application of Existing Legis-1 lations. - The provisions of Republic Act No. 3844, 2 as amended; Presidential Decree Nos. 27 and 266, as 3 amended; Proclamation No. 131, series of 1987; Executive Order No. 229, series of 1987; and other laws not inconsistent with this Act shall have suppletory effect. SEC. 44. Repealing Clause. - All laws, issuances, 7 decrees or parts thereof inconsistent with the provi-8 9 sions of this Act are hereby repealed or amended accord-10 ingly. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall SEC. 45. 11 take effect upon its approval. .12